166 Er(16 O, 15 O γ),(12 C, 11 C) **1981Bo16**

History					
Туре	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date		
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen	NDS 191,1 (2023)	22-Aug-2023		

1981Bo16: $E(^{16}O)=120$ MeV, $E(^{12}C)=95$ MeV from Brookhaven National Laboratory tandem facility. Targets were enriched ^{166}Er , 50-200 μ g/cm² thick evaporated on thin C backings. Measured ^{15}O and ^{11}C spectra at 42°, $(^{15}O)\gamma$ -coin using Q3D magnetic spectrometer with position sensitive E- ΔE gas proportional counter, with γ rays measured at 130° using a Ge(Li) detector. Typical FWHM=100-150 keV for ^{15}O , and 80-120 keV for ^{11}C ions. Deduced relative populations of levels above the g.s. and assigned spins based on these populations.

¹⁶⁷Er Levels

In selective population of high-j and high-K states in ¹⁶⁷Er in heavy-ion induced single-neutron-transfer reactions, L+1/2 final states were strongly favored in (¹⁶O, ¹⁵O) reaction, whereas L+1/2 and L-1/2 final state populations were comparable observed in the (¹²C, ¹¹C) reaction.

E(level) [†]	\mathbf{J}^{π}	Relative population	Comments
294 20	13/2+	2.2	J^{π} : this peak is strong in both the reactions, suggesting 13/2 ⁺ , and as a 13/2 ⁺ member of the ν 7/2[633] Nilsson configuration.
413 20		0.4	-
430 20	7/2-	1.0	J^{π} : this peak is reduced in intensity compared to that of the 294-keV peak, suggesting $7/2^{-}$, and the $7/2^{-}$ member of $v5/2[512]$ Nilsson configuration.
434 20	15/2+	<0.2	E(level), J^{π} : 15/2 ⁺ member of the $v7/2[633]$ Nilsson configuration, weakly populated, likely in a multi-step process.
1320 20	9/2-		J^{π} : this peak is very strong in (¹² C, ¹¹ C), and is absent in (¹⁶ O, ¹⁵ O), implying 9/2 ⁻ assignment, and the 9/2 ⁻ member of $v7/2[514]$ Nilsson configuration.
1530 20	13/2+		J^{π} : this peak is strong in (¹⁶ O, ¹⁵ O) reaction, but a doublet in (¹² C, ¹¹ C). This level yields γ rays exclusively from the low-lying members of the ν 7/2[633] band in (¹⁵ O) γ -coin, which is with this state as 13/2 ⁺ member of the ν 9/2[624] band.

[†] In heavy-ion-induced transfer reactions, $\sigma(\theta)$ distributions are bell shaped, independent of angular momentum transfer. Spectra of ¹⁵O and ¹¹C ions were taken at the peak of $\sigma(\theta)$ distribution and converted to excitation energies. Evaluators note that in spectral Fig. 2, there are several other unlabeled peaks in both the (¹⁶O,¹⁵O) and (¹²C,¹¹C) reactions up to about 3.5-MeV excitation energy, implying population of additional levels in ¹⁶⁷Er.