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 **$^{165}\text{Re } \varepsilon+\beta^+$  decay (1.74 s)    [1999Po09](#),[2012Th13](#)**

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Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen		NDS 194,460 (2024)	31-Oct-2022

Parent:  $^{165}\text{Re}$ : E=48 26;  $J^\pi=(11/2^-)$ ;  $T_{1/2}=1.74$  s 6;  $Q(\varepsilon)=8200$  30; % $\varepsilon$ +% $\beta^+$  decay=87 1

$^{165}\text{Re-E,T}_{1/2},J^\pi$ : \$From  $^{165}\text{Re}$  Adopted Levels. Adopted  $T_{1/2}$  from [2012Th13](#).

$^{165}\text{Re-Q}(\varepsilon)$ : From [2021Wa16](#).

$^{165}\text{Re-}\%\varepsilon+\%\beta^+$  decay: From 100-% $\alpha$ , with % $\alpha$ =13 1 ([2012Th13](#)). Other % $\alpha$ : 13 3 ([1981Ho10](#)).

According to the  $\alpha$  decay study of  $^{177}\text{Tl}$  to  $^{165}\text{Re}$  decay chain by [1999Po09](#), there are two activities in  $^{165}\text{Re}$ :  $1/2^+$ ,  $s_{1/2}$  ground state and  $11/2^-$ ,  $h_{11/2}$  isomer at 48 keV 26. The spin assignments and the energy separation are derived by [1999Po09](#) from systematics.