¹⁶⁵W ε + β ⁺ decay (5.1 s)

| History | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Туре | Author | Citation | Literature Cutoff Date |
| Full Evaluation | Balraj Singh and Jun Chen | NDS 194,460 (2024) | 31-Oct-2022 |

Parent: ¹⁶⁵W: E=0.0; $J^{\pi} = (5/2^{-})$; $T_{1/2} = 5.1$ s 5; $Q(\varepsilon) = 6987$ 29; $\%\varepsilon + \%\beta^{+}$ decay>99.8 ¹⁶⁵W-J^{π}, $T_{1/2}$: From ¹⁶⁵W Adopted Levels. Adopted T_{1/2} is taken from 1975To05.

¹⁶⁵W-%ε+%β⁺ decay: From adopted %Iα<0.2 deduced based on requirement HF>1 (2006Ja09). Other: %I(ε+β⁺)>98.5 from %Iα<1.5% reported in 1979Ho10 based on measured $T_{1/2}>300$ s for α decay branch and $T_{1/2}=5.1$ s 5 from 1975To05.

1996Sc50: ¹⁶⁵W produced in ¹⁴⁴Sm,¹⁴⁷Sm(²⁴Mg,xn) at 112 MeV, but ¹⁶⁵W could not be identified due to short half-life, only the daughter isotope ¹⁶⁵Ta was absorbed in the cation-exchange resin.

1975To05: measured $T_{1/2}$ and α decay of ¹⁶⁵W.

No decay scheme information is available.

¹⁶⁵W-Q(ε): From 2021Wa16.