

¹⁰⁶Cd(⁶⁴Zn,2p3n γ) 2002Ap03

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen		NDS 194,460 (2024)	31-Oct-2022

2002Ap03: E=334 MeV ⁶⁴Zn beam was produced from the K130 cyclotron at JYFL facility. Target was 550 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ 80% enriched ¹⁰⁶Cd. Evaporation residues were separated by the RITU gas-filled Separator and implanted into a 16-strip position-sensitive silicon detector. γ rays were detected with the JUROSPHERE array consisting of five NORDBALL, five TESSA and fifteen EUROGAM Phase-I Ge detectors. Measured E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$.

No level scheme was proposed by **2002Ap03** but authors suggested that 499.7-597.3-489.9-633.9 might form a cascade to give highest level energy at 2220.8. But this cascade has not been confirmed by **2013Dr06**. Using the gamma-ray energies in **2002Ap03**, the level scheme given here is based on that proposed in **2013Dr06**.

¹⁶⁵Os Levels

E(level)	J $^\pi$	T _{1/2}	Comments
0.0 [†]	(7/2 ⁻)	71 ms 3	T _{1/2} : from the Adopted Levels.
95.2 [‡] 10	(9/2 ⁻)		
499.3 [†] 5	(11/2 ⁻)		
584.8 [‡] 12	(13/2 ⁻)		
1096.0 [†] 7	(15/2 ⁻)		
1218.0 [‡] 13	(17/2 ⁻)		
1654.6 [†] 9	(19/2 ⁻)		
1917.8 [‡] 14	(21/2 ⁻)		
2247.6 [†] 14	(23/2 ⁻)		
2609.4 [‡] 17	(25/2 ⁻)		

[†] Band(A): Band based on (7/2⁻).

[‡] Band(B): Band based on (9/2⁻).

$\gamma(^{165}\text{Os})$

Asymmetry ratio $R(\theta)=I_{158^\circ}/I_{79^\circ+101^\circ}$ is given under comments. Typical values are 1 for stretched quadrupoles and 0.6 for stretched dipoles.

E_γ	I_γ	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [†]	α^\ddagger	Comments
95.2 10		95.2	(9/2 ⁻)	0.0	(7/2 ⁻)	(M1)	6.48 22	E_γ , Mult.: from ⁹² Mo(⁷⁸ Kr,2p3n γ) (2013Dr06); γ was not reported by 2002Ap03 .
^x 384.7 6	12 3							
^x 389.8 6	12 3							
^x 455.4 7	5.3 19							
489.9 3	74 5	584.8	(13/2 ⁻)	95.2	(9/2 ⁻)	(Q)		E_γ : this γ is not confirmed in 2013Dr06 . Mult.: D+Q in 2002Ap03 , but Q required by assigned J^π values. $R(\theta)=0.75$ 10. $R(\theta)=1.04$ 12.
499.7 3	98 6	499.3	(11/2 ⁻)	0.0	(7/2 ⁻)	Q		
^x 518.4 5	24 5							
559.2 5	46 6	1654.6	(19/2 ⁻)	1096.0	(15/2 ⁻)	Q		$R(\theta)=0.89$ 9.
^x 585.3 4	14 8							
593.0 4	20 5	2247.6	(23/2 ⁻)	1654.6	(19/2 ⁻)			
597.3 4	100 5	1096.0	(15/2 ⁻)	499.3	(11/2 ⁻)	Q		$R(\theta)=1.25$ 16.
^x 606.2 5	10 3							

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{106}\text{Cd}(^{64}\text{Zn},2\text{p}3\text{n}\gamma)$ **2002Ap03** (continued)

$\gamma(^{165}\text{Os})$ (continued)

E_γ	I_γ	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [†]	Comments
633.9 4	66 4	1218.0	(17/2 ⁻)	584.8	(13/2 ⁻)	Q	R(θ)=1.33 22.
^x 655.9 4	23 7						
694.1 5	17 9	2609.4	(25/2 ⁻)	1917.8	(21/2 ⁻)		
700.8 4	35 8	1917.8	(21/2 ⁻)	1218.0	(17/2 ⁻)		

[†] Mult=Q is implied for ΔJ=2, quadrupole (most likely E2) transition.

[‡] Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ-ray energies, assigned multiplicities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

^x γ ray not placed in level scheme.

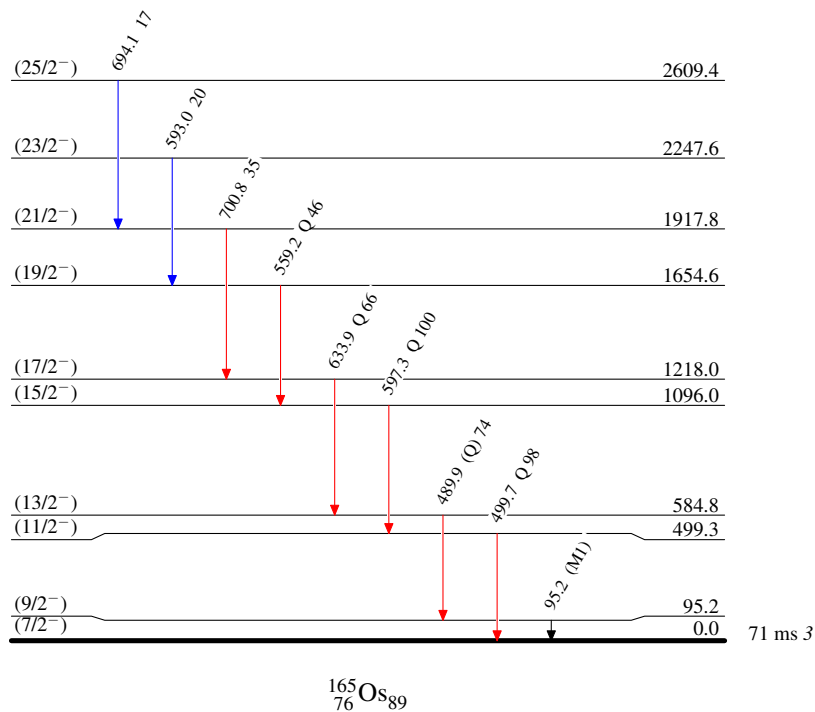
$^{106}\text{Cd}(^{64}\text{Zn},2\text{p}3\text{n}\gamma)$ **2002Ap03**

Level Scheme

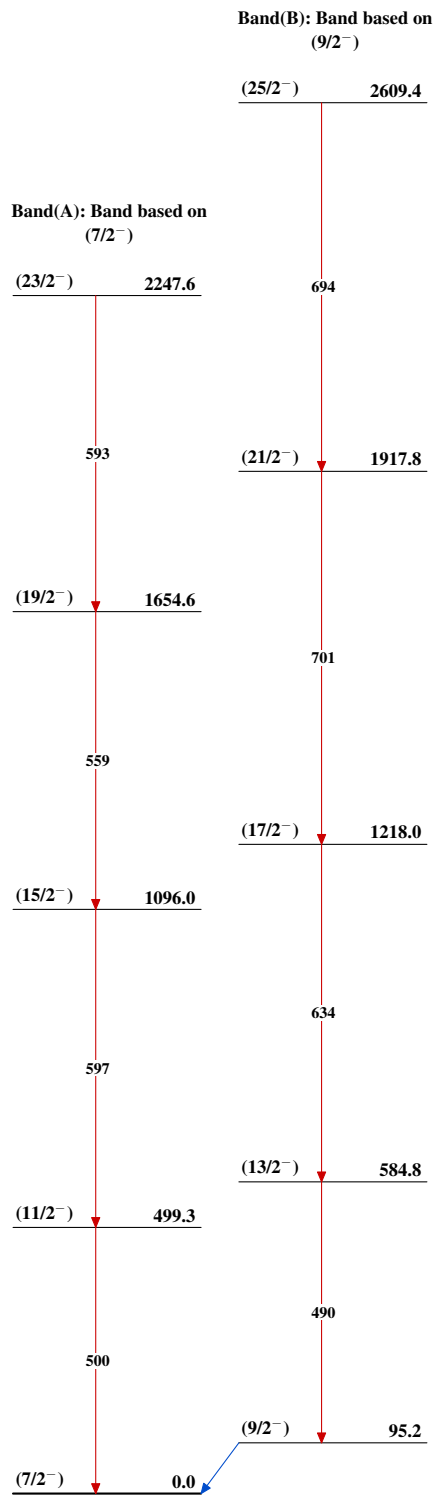
Intensities: Relative I_γ

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$



$^{165}_{76}\text{Os}_{89}$

$^{106}\text{Cd}(^{64}\text{Zn},2\text{p}3\text{n}\gamma)$ 2002Ap03 $^{165}_{76}\text{Os}_{89}$