

$^{162}\text{Gd} \beta^-$ decay (8.4 min) 1982Ge07,1970Ch02

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	N. Nica	NDS 195,1 (2024)	19-Sep-2023

Parent: ^{162}Gd : E=0; $J^\pi=0^+$; $T_{1/2}=8.4$ min 2; $Q(\beta^-)=1599$ 4; % β^- decay=100

$^{162}\text{Gd-T}_{1/2}$: From ^{162}Gd Adopted Levels and based on values of 8.2 min 3 ([1970Ch02](#)) and 8.55 min 28 ([1982Ge07](#)).

$^{162}\text{Gd-Q}(\beta^-)$: From [2021Wa16](#).

[1982Ge07](#): ^{162}Gd from ^{252}Cf spontaneous fission with radiochemistry. The γ -ray energies measured with Ge detector.

[1970Ch02](#): ^{162}Gd from double-neutron capture in enriched (94.8%) ^{160}Gd with radiochemistry. The γ -ray energies measured with Ge and Si(Li) detectors and β particles with Si(Li) detector. γ (x ray) and $\gamma\beta$ coincidences measured.

[1967Wa05](#): ^{162}Gd from double-neutron capture in enriched (94%) ^{160}Gd with radiochemistry. The γ rays measured with NaI(Tl) detectors.

 ^{162}Tb Levels

Decay scheme is from [1982Ge07](#) and is similar to that of [1970Ch02](#) and [1967Wa05](#).

The consistency of the scheme is supported by the fact that the sum of the energies of the radiations is 1580 keV 170, which agrees with the Q value of 1599 4.

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	1^-	7.74 min 9	$T_{1/2}$: from ^{162}Tb Adopted Levels.
39.10 9	2^-		
341.41 9	$(0^-, 1)$		
442.11 8	1^+		

[†] From least-squares fit to γ energies.

[‡] From ^{162}Tb Adopted Levels. Rotational-band and Nilsson configuration assignments are given there.

 β^- radiations

E(decay) [†]	E(level)	$I\beta^-$ [#]	Log f_t	Comments
(1157 4)	442.11	95 14	4.70 7	av $E\beta=401.9$ 17
(1258 4)	341.41	4.3 7	6.18 8	E(decay): measured value=1000 100 (1970Ch02). av $E\beta=443.4$ 17

[†] From [1970Ch02](#).

[‡] From evaluator's assumption that 100% of the decays depopulate the levels at 341 and 442 keV (that is, no β^- feeding of the ground state and the 39 level) and no γ feeding of the 341-keV level. From $\log f_t \geq 5.9$ for the g.s. to g.s. β^- transition ([1973Ra10](#)), $I\beta^-(0) \leq 13\%$; and from $\log f^1 t \geq 8.5$ for the β^- transition to the 2^- at 39 keV ([1973Ra10](#)), $I\beta^-(39) \leq 0.15\%$.

Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{162}\text{Tb})$

I γ normalization: Based on evaluator's assumption that 100% of the decays depopulate the levels at 341 and 442 keV. From $\log f_t$ arguments, the direct β^- feeding of the ground state should be $\leq 13\%$. If $I\beta^-(0)$ were this large, the normalization factor would be reduced from 0.51 to 0.44. Normalization to 100% feeding of the ground state is not useful since I γ (39) has a large (20%) uncertainty and the E2 mixture in this γ would have to be determined from the intensity balance at the 39 level in any case. [1982Ge07](#) report a normalization factor of 0.61 6 based on a value of 43 I γ 's per 100 decays for the 807-keV γ in the β^- decay of ^{162}Tb ; but this results in a total β^- intensity of 118 12 per 100 decays of ^{162}Gd . [Result reported by [1982Ge07](#) is I γ (442 γ from ^{162}Gd decay)/I γ (807 γ from ^{162}Tb decay)=1.43 2].

Data are from [1982Ge07](#), unless otherwise noted. Others: [1970Ch02](#), [1967Wa05](#).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{162}\text{Gd } \beta^-$ decay (8.4 min) 1982Ge07,1970Ch02 (continued) $\gamma(^{162}\text{Tb})$ (continued)

E_γ	I_γ^\ddagger	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	δ	α^\dagger	Comments
39.0 2	10 2	39.10	2^-	0.0	1^-	M1+E2	$0.14 +5-7$	7.9 18	%I γ =5.1 7
302.30 15	3.1 5	341.41	$(0^-,1)$	39.10	2^-				E_γ : average of 39.1 2 (1982Ge07) and 38.8 2 (1970Ch02).
341.42 10	5.3 5	341.41	$(0^-,1)$	0.0	1^-				I_γ : average of 9 2 (1982Ge07) and 14 3 (1970Ch02).
403.00 8	85 4	442.11	1^+	39.10	2^-	[E1]			Mult., α : α value deduced by evaluator (with code BrLccMixing) from intensity balance at 39 level from current decay scheme.
442.12 8	100.00 1	442.11	1^+	0.0	1^-	[E1]		0.00808 11	%I γ =1.59 33
									%I γ =2.7 4
									%I γ =44 6
									$\alpha(K)=0.00687 10$; $\alpha(L)=0.000946 13$; $\alpha(M)=0.0002052 29$
									$\alpha(N)=4.72 \times 10^{-5} 7$;
									$\alpha(O)=7.15 \times 10^{-6} 10$;
									$\alpha(P)=4.44 \times 10^{-7} 6$
									%I γ =51 7
									$\alpha(K)=0.00554 8$; $\alpha(L)=0.000759 11$; $\alpha(M)=0.0001645 23$
									$\alpha(N)=3.78 \times 10^{-5} 5$;
									$\alpha(O)=5.75 \times 10^{-6} 8$;
									$\alpha(P)=3.60 \times 10^{-7} 5$

[†] Additional information 1.[‡] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.51 7.

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