#### $^{160}$ **Dy**( $^{3}$ **He,d**), $^{160}$ **Dy**( $\alpha$ ,t) 1977Pa23

		History	
Type	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	C. W. Reich	NDS 112,2497 (2011)	1-Jun-2011

Additional information 1. These data are from ( $^3$ He,d) and ( $\alpha$ ,t) reactions on enriched (78.9%)  $^{160}$ Dy with E( $^3$ He)=24 MeV and E( $\alpha$ )=27 MeV. Outgoing particles measured in magnetic spectrograph with FWHM  $\approx$  12 and 14 keV at eight or nine angles for ( $^3$ He,d) and two angles for

Authors give ( ${}^{3}$ He,d) and ( $\alpha$ ,t) cross sections at 45° and 60°.

1977Pa23 define a "nuclear-structure factor" (denoted here as 'S') as the ratio of the measured (<sup>3</sup>He,d) cross sections to the results of a DWBA calculation (appropriately normalized). These S values are given for a number of levels and are listed here.

### <sup>161</sup>Ho Levels

#### Additional information 2.

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^{\pi \ddagger}$	L#	$d\sigma/d\Omega(\mu b/sr)^{@}$	Comments		
0 <sup>a</sup>	7/2-		7.8	S=0.07.		
100 <sup>a</sup> 212 2	(9/2-)			$J^{\pi}$ : see comment for 222 level. L: see comment for 222 level.		
222 2		2+5	90	J <sup>π</sup> : this level and the 211 levels are assigned as the 11/2 <sup>-</sup> ,7/2[523], 1/2 <sup>+</sup> ,1/2[411], and 3/2 <sup>+</sup> ,1/2[411] states. L: value applies to 212 and 222 levels.		
				Cross-section value includes 211, 221, and 222 levels.		
253 <sup>c</sup> 2 282	7/2+	4	26	S=1.03.		
298 <sup>d</sup> 2	$3/2^{+}$	2	24	S=0.19.		
316 <sup>b</sup> 2	5/2+	2	116	S=0.81.		
353 <sup>b</sup>	7/2+		5.7	S=0.27.		
372 <sup>d</sup> 2	5/2+	2	31	S=0.21.		
424 <sup>e</sup> 2	$1/2^{-}$	1	29	S=0.09.		
446 <sup>f</sup> 2	5/2+	2	102	S=0.67.		
459 2		2 <b>&amp;</b>	44	S=0.41. $J^{\pi}$ : assigned as a doublet, $5/2^{-}$ , $1/2[541]$ and $7/2^{+}$ , $3/2[411]$ . $d\sigma/d\Omega(\mu b/sr)$ : value is for the 459,463 doublet.		
526 <mark>e</mark> 2	$3/2^{-}$	1	56	S=0.17.		
578 <sup>e</sup> 2 646	9/2-	5	14	S=0.86.		
694 <mark>e</mark> 2	$7/2^{-}$	3,4 <mark>&amp;</mark>	13	S=0.11.		
725 824 <sup>8</sup>	5/2-	≥2 <sup>&amp;</sup>	6.1			
904 933		≥2 <b>&amp;</b>	6.1			
940			8.6			
955 <sup>h</sup> 2	3/2+	2 <b>&amp;</b>	32	S=0.23.		
1100 <sup>i</sup> 2 1177 2 1214 2	1/2+	0	74 10 8.0	S=0.23.		
1280 <sup>j</sup> 2 1392 2	11/2-	5 <b>&amp;</b>	13 32	S=0.73.		
1438		3 <b>&amp;</b>	7.2			

## <sup>160</sup>Dy( $^{3}$ He,d), <sup>160</sup>Dy( $\alpha$ ,t) **1977Pa23** (continued)

## <sup>161</sup>Ho Levels (continued)

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	L#	$d\sigma/d\Omega(\mu b/sr)^{@}$	Comments	
1462 2	≥2 <mark>&amp;</mark>	19		
1487		9.5		
1519 2		11		
1592 2		14		
1635		32	Value includes 1635 and 1644 levels.	
1644				
1665		30	Value includes 1644 and 1665 levels.	
1674				
1725 2		41		

<sup>†</sup> Average of values from the two reactions; uncertainties are from authors' general statement of 2 keV for "strongly populated levels".

 $<sup>^{\</sup>ddagger}$   $J^{\pi}$  for excited levels and band assignments are based on L values, energy spacings within bands, and agreement of measured and calculated cross sections. These are in agreement with those in the  $^{161}$ Ho Adopted Levels.

 $<sup>^{\#}</sup>$  L values were determined from ratios of ( $^{3}$ He,d) and ( $\alpha$ ,t) cross sections and comparison of ( $^{3}$ He,d) angular distributions at 8 or 9 angles with calculated values. Some L values are given explicitly by authors in their angular distribution plots (fig. 7). Others that are assigned from the cross-section-ratio data shown in their fig. 11 are so identified.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>textcircled{0}}$  Measured for ( $^{3}$ He,d) at 45 $^{\circ}$ .

<sup>&</sup>amp; From the plot of the ratio of the ( ${}^{3}$ He,d) and ( $\alpha$ ,t) cross sections at 45° (fig. 11 in 1977Pa23).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Band(A): 7/2[523] band.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Band(B): 1/2[411] band.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Band(C): 7/2[404] bandhead.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Band(D): 3/2[411] band.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Band(E): 1/2[541] band.

f Band(F): 5/2[402] bandhead.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup> Band(G): 5/2[532] bandhead.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>h</sup> Band(H): bandhead of the K-2  $\gamma$ -vibration based on 7/2[404], mixed with 3/2[402].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> Band(I): bandhead of the K-2  $\gamma$ -vibrational based on 5/2[402], mixed with 1/2[400].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>j</sup> Band(J): 9/2[514] band member.

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Band	E):	1/2	[541]	band
Danu	E):	1/4	J41	Danu

7/2- 694

9/2 578

3/2-526

Band(F): 5/2[402] bandhead

**5/2**<sup>+</sup> 446

1/2- 424

Band(D): 3/2[411] band

<u>5/2</u><sup>+</sup> 372

Band(B): 1/2[411] band

**7/2**<sup>+</sup>

3/2+ 298

Band(C): 7/2[404]

bandhead  $7/2^{+}$ 253

Band(A): 7/2[523] band

**5/2**<sup>+</sup>

316

(9/2-) 100

<sup>161</sup><sub>67</sub>Ho<sub>94</sub>

# $^{160}$ Dy( $^{3}$ He,d), $^{160}$ Dy( $\alpha$ ,t) 1977Pa23 (continued)

Band(J): 9/2[514] band member

11/2 1280

Band(I): Bandhead of the K-2  $\gamma$ -vibrational based on 5/2[402], mixed with 1/2[400]

1/2+ 1100

Band(H): Bandhead of the K-2  $\gamma$ -vibration based on 7/2[404], mixed with 3/2[402]

3/2<sup>+</sup> 955

Band(G): 5/2[532] bandhead

5/2- 824

<sup>161</sup><sub>67</sub>Ho<sub>94</sub>