

^{161}Ho ϵ decay 1984Vy01

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	C. W. Reich	NDS 112,2497 (2011)	1-Jun-2011

Parent: ^{161}Ho : E=0; $J^\pi=7/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=2.48$ h 5; $Q(\epsilon)=858.3$ 22; % ϵ decay=100.0

$^{161}\text{Ho}-J^\pi$: Additional information 1.

$^{161}\text{Ho}-T_{1/2}$: Additional information 2.

$^{161}\text{Ho}-Q(\epsilon)$: Additional information 3.

Additional information 4.

1965Ab04: ^{161}Ho from 660-MeV p spallation of Ta target with chemical separation. ce's studied in magnetic spectrograph with source containing Er, Ho, and their daughters. γ spectra measured with NaI detector and Ho sample. $\alpha(K)\exp$ values were normalized to the theoretical E2 value for the 175 γ , whose multipolarity was established from L subshell ratios.

1984Vy01: ^{161}Ho from 660-MeV p spallation of a Ta target with chemical and isotopic separation. γ 's were measured with Ge detectors and ce with magnetic spectrometers. X- γ coincidences were measured.

1987BaZB: deduce δ values for 25.6 and 77.4 gammas from L-subshell ratios measured using a magnetic β spectrograph.

 ^{161}Dy Levels

Data are from 1984Vy01, unless noted otherwise. Level structure is also known from the β^- decay of ^{161}Tb and reaction studies.
Additional information 5.

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	$T_{1/2}$ [#]	Comments
0 [@]	5/2 ⁺	stable	
25.656 ^{&} 3	5/2 ⁻	28.6 ns 4	$T_{1/2}$: weighted average of: 27.8 ns 15 (1969Ve05); 28.6 ns 5 (1978AIZC); and 29.0 ns 14 (1975VaYX). The 0.2 ns uncertainty from 1978AIZC was increased to 0.5 ns (see the comment on this point in the Adopted Levels data set).
43.806 [@] 18	7/2 ⁺	0.99 ns 13	$T_{1/2}$: from 1975VaYX. Others: 1.0 ns 2 (1978AIZC) and 0.76 ns (1981GrZV).
74.566 ^a 8	3/2 ⁻		
100.41 [@] 3	9/2 ⁺	0.1 ns	$T_{1/2}$: from 1981GrZV.
103.067 ^{&} 14	7/2 ⁻	0.60 ns 4	$T_{1/2}$: weighted average of 0.64 ns 3 (1978AIZC) and 0.55 ns 3 (1975VaYX); other: 0.61 ns (1981GrZV).
131.764 ^a 9	5/2 ⁻	0.13 ns	$T_{1/2}$: from 1981GrZV.
184.23 [@] 5	11/2 ⁺		
201.077 ^{&} 19	9/2 ⁻	0.17 ns	$T_{1/2}$: from 1981GrZV; others: \leq 0.3 ns (1975VaYX, 1978AIZC).
212.940 ^a 24	7/2 ⁻	0.066 ns	$T_{1/2}$: from 1981GrZV.
314.77 ^a 10	9/2 ⁻		
320.69 ^{&} 6	11/2 ⁻	0.125 ns	$T_{1/2}$: from 1981GrZV. Additional information 6.
366.969 ^b 11	1/2 ⁻		
451.34 ^b 19	5/2 ⁻		
772.18 10	5/2 ⁺ , 7/2, 9/2 ⁺		There is also a level reported at 772.7 keV, with $J^\pi=1/2^+$ (see the Adopted Levels). J^π : possible bandhead of 7/2[633]. If this is correct, then $J^\pi=7/2^+$.
790.70 ^c 4	5/2 ⁻		

[†] From least-squares fit to γ energies.

[‡] From Adopted Levels. In this data set, the values are based on the γ multipolarities, γ decay modes, and band-structure considerations.

[#] Information given here is only from this decay mode. See Adopted Levels for results from all decay modes.

[@] Band(A): ground-state band. configuration=5/2[642].

[&] Band(B): 5/2[523] band.

^{161}Ho ε decay 1984Vy01 (continued) **^{161}Dy Levels (continued)**^a Band(C): 3/2[521] band.^b Band(D): 1/2[521] band.^c Band(E): bandhead of the 5/2[512] band. **ε radiations**

E(decay)	E(level)	I ε^{\dagger}	Log ft	Comments
(67.6 22)	790.70	0.048 8	5.17 10	$\varepsilon K=0.23$ 6; $\varepsilon L=0.56$ 4; $\varepsilon M+=0.206$ 16
(86.1 22)	772.18	0.0008 3	7.35 17	$\varepsilon K=0.48$ 3; $\varepsilon L=0.388$ 19; $\varepsilon M+=0.135$ 8
(543.5 22)	314.77	0.0082 19	8.45 11	$\varepsilon K=0.8154$; $\varepsilon L=0.1420$; $\varepsilon M+=0.04263$
(645.4 22)	212.940	0.35 7	6.98 9	$\varepsilon K=0.8199$; $\varepsilon L=0.1387$; $\varepsilon M+=0.04147$
(657.2 22)	201.077	1.8 3	6.29 8	$\varepsilon K=0.8203$; $\varepsilon L=0.1384$; $\varepsilon M+=0.04136$
(726.5 22)	131.764	0.60 20	6.86 15	$\varepsilon K=0.8224$; $\varepsilon L=0.1368$; $\varepsilon M+=0.04080$
(755.2 22)	103.067	19 4	5.39 10	$\varepsilon K=0.8232$; $\varepsilon L=0.1362$; $\varepsilon M+=0.04060$
				1993Mu17 measure $\varepsilon K(\text{exp})$ (i.e., P_K) to be 0.84 4, in good agreement with the theoretical value of 0.823.
(757.9 22)	100.41	0.117 19	7.61 8	$\varepsilon K=0.8233$; $\varepsilon L=0.1361$; $\varepsilon M+=0.04058$
(814.5 22)	43.806	2.5 9	6.34 16	$\varepsilon K=0.8246$; $\varepsilon L=0.1351$; $\varepsilon M+=0.04023$
(832.6 22)	25.656	76 14	4.88 8	$\varepsilon K=0.8250$; $\varepsilon L=0.1349$; $\varepsilon M+=0.04013$
				1993Mu17 measure $\varepsilon K(\text{exp})$ (i.e., P_K) to be 0.814 23, in good agreement with the theoretical value of 0.825.

[†] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

¹⁶¹₆₅Ho ε decay 1984Vy01 (continued) $\gamma(^{161}\text{Dy})$

I γ normalization: I γ normalization by 1984Vy01 to give 100% feeding to the ground state, assuming no capture to the ground state. If the ε transition to the g.s. has $\log ft \geq 5.9$, the deduced I ε is <10%.

Data are from 1984Vy01, unless noted otherwise.

E $_{\gamma}^{\dagger}$	I $_{\gamma}^{\dagger\ddagger\&}$	E $_i$ (level)	J $_{i}^{\pi}$	E $_f$	J $_{f}^{\pi}$	Mult. [#]	$\delta^{\#}$	α^a	I $_{(\gamma+ce)}^{\&}$	Comments
18.15 5		43.806	7/2 ⁺	25.656	5/2 ⁻	E1		5.93 10	24 @ 6	ce(L)/(γ +ce)=0.668 7; ce(M)/(γ +ce)=0.151 3; ce(N ₊)/(γ +ce)=0.0364 8 ce(N)/(γ +ce)=0.0327 7; ce(O)/(γ +ce)=0.00360 8; ce(P)/(γ +ce)=9.00×10 ⁻⁵ 19 I $_{\gamma}$: measured value is \leq 7 (1984Vy01). The value computed from I(ce) is 3.3 9.
25.655 3	7.0×10 ² 7	25.656	5/2 ⁻	0	5/2 ⁺	E1		2.29		$\alpha(L)=1.79$ 3; $\alpha(M)=0.399$ 6; $\alpha(N..)=0.0984$ 14 $\alpha(N)=0.0877$ 13; $\alpha(O)=0.01035$ 15; $\alpha(P)=0.000297$ 5
28.68 3		131.764	5/2 ⁻	103.067	7/2 ⁻	M1+E2	0.036 +8-10	15.6 5	4.9 @ 8	ce(L)/(γ +ce)=0.734 15; ce(M)/(γ +ce)=0.162 7; ce(N ₊)/(γ +ce)=0.0431 18 ce(N)/(γ +ce)=0.0374 16; ce(O)/(γ +ce)=0.00540 21; ce(P)/(γ +ce)=0.000293 10 I $_{\gamma}$: measured value is \leq 2 (1984Vy01). The value computed from I(ce) is 0.31 5.
43.80 3	10 2	43.806	7/2 ⁺	0	5/2 ⁺	M1+E2	0.216 8	7.7 3		δ : this value is somewhat different from the value derived from %E2=0.25 +15-11, which is that reported by 1984Vy01 from L-subshell ratios. M1/M3=1.65 17; M1/M2=1.91 21; L1/L2=1.8 5 $\alpha(L)=5.95$ 21; $\alpha(M)=1.36$ 5; $\alpha(N..)=0.352$ 13 $\alpha(N)=0.310$ 12; $\alpha(O)=0.0409$ 14; $\alpha(P)=0.001340$ 20 δ : 1984Vy01 report %E2=4.5 2 from L- and M-subshell ratios. M1/M3,M1/M2,L1/L2: from 1984Vy01.
48.86 2	3.0 9	74.566	3/2 ⁻	25.656	5/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.056 1	3.20		$\alpha(L)=2.50$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.552$ 8; $\alpha(N..)=0.1468$ 21 $\alpha(N)=0.1273$ 18; $\alpha(O)=0.0184$ 3; $\alpha(P)=0.001006$ 15 Mult.: deduced penetration parameter is $\lambda=+2.5$ 23 (1982Bh07,1985Bh08). These authors derive $\delta^2=0.0036$ 2 In their analysis.
56.64 ^b 3		100.41	9/2 ⁺	43.806	7/2 ⁺	M1+E2	0.22 3	12.91 25	4.0 @ 9	ce(K)/(γ +ce)=0.715 10; ce(L)/(γ +ce)=0.166 13; ce(M)/(γ +ce)=0.038 4; ce(N ₊)/(γ +ce)=0.0098 10 ce(N)/(γ +ce)=0.0086 9; ce(O)/(γ +ce)=0.00117 10; ce(P)/(γ +ce)=4.54×10 ⁻⁵ 12 I $_{\gamma}$: measured value is \leq 0.7 (1984Vy01). The value computed from I(ce) is 0.28 6. δ : computed by the evaluator from the L-subshell ratios of 1984Vy01. The listed δ value implies a

¹⁶¹₆₅Ho ε decay 1984Vy01 (continued)

<u>$\gamma(^{161}\text{Dy})$ (continued)</u>										
E_γ^\dagger	$I_\gamma^{\dagger\ddagger\&}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [#]	$\delta^\#$	a^a	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}^{\&}$	Comments
57.200 5	1.4 3	131.764	$5/2^-$	74.566	$3/2^-$	M1+E2	-0.187 16	12.39 19		%E2 value somewhat different from that reported by these authors. $\alpha(K)=9.78$ 15; $\alpha(L)=2.03$ 10; $\alpha(M)=0.459$ 23; $\alpha(N+..)=0.120$ 6 $\alpha(N)=0.105$ 5; $\alpha(O)=0.0145$ 6; $\alpha(P)=0.000619$ 10 Mult.: deduced penetration parameter is $\lambda=-5$ 5 (1965Su04, 1966Su03, and 1983Hn01) from $\lambda=-7+6-8$ (1965Su04, 1966Su03) and $\lambda=-4.0$ 42 (1983Hn01). Values of $\delta=-0.22$ and $\delta=-0.20$, respectively, were used in these authors' analyses. δ : from L-subshell ratios, 1984Vy01 report %E2=3.2 13. This is somewhat different from that implied by $\delta^2=0.038$ 11, computed by the evaluator from their reported L-subshell ratios.
59.23 30	15.5 13	103.067	$7/2^-$	43.806	$7/2^+$	E1		1.221 24		$\alpha(K)=0.999$ 19; $\alpha(L)=0.173$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.0381$ 8; $\alpha(N+..)=0.00975$ 20 $\alpha(N)=0.00858$ 18; $\alpha(O)=0.001126$ 23; $\alpha(P)=4.32\times 10^{-5}$ 8 Mult.: from L-subshell ratios (1984Vy01).
+ 69.29 5		201.077	$9/2^-$	131.764	$5/2^-$	(E2)		11.19	1.5@ 4	$\text{ce}(K)/(\gamma+ce)=0.191$ 4; $\text{ce}(L)/(\gamma+ce)=0.559$ 7; $\text{ce}(M)/(\gamma+ce)=0.1343$ 25; $\text{ce}(N+)/(\gamma+ce)=0.0336$ 7 $\text{ce}(N)/(\gamma+ce)=0.0300$ 6; $\text{ce}(O)/(\gamma+ce)=0.00356$ 7; $\text{ce}(P)/(\gamma+ce)=8.70\times 10^{-6}$ 17 I_γ : measured value is ≤ 0.1 (1984Vy01). The value computed from $I(\text{ce})$ is 0.12 4.
74.577 9	3.0 3	74.566	$3/2^-$	0	$5/2^+$	E1		0.672		$\alpha(K)=0.556$ 8; $\alpha(L)=0.0909$ 13; $\alpha(M)=0.0200$ 3; $\alpha(N+..)=0.00514$ 8 $\alpha(N)=0.00451$ 7; $\alpha(O)=0.000603$ 9; $\alpha(P)=2.46\times 10^{-5}$ 4 δ : $\delta=0.00$ 3; average of -0.006 20 (1983Ri15), 0.06 +3-6 (1966Su03), and +0.08 10 (1971Kr19).
77.42 4	49 4	103.067	$7/2^-$	25.656	$5/2^-$	M1+E2	-1.050 8	6.15		$\alpha(K)=3.03$ 5; $\alpha(L)=2.41$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.572$ 9; $\alpha(N+..)=0.1444$ 22 $\alpha(N)=0.1285$ 20; $\alpha(O)=0.01569$ 24; $\alpha(P)=0.0001691$ 25 L1/L2=0.368 22; L1/L3=0.35 2; L2/L3=0.95 4 L1/L2,L1/L3,L2/L3: subshell ratios are from 1984Vy01. δ : from the L-subshell ratio data of 1984Vy01, the evaluator calculates $\delta^2=1.106$ 21, in agreement with their reported %E2=53.7 43. From the L-subshell ratios of 1987BaZB, the evaluator calculates $\delta^2=1.094$ 36, giving essentially the same %E2 value as that given by them. From the L-subshell ratios of 1965Ab04, the evaluator calculates $\delta^2=1.1$ 7. 1986GrZQ report %E2=48.0 13, but do not show the data from which this value was derived.
81.23 4	1.4 2	212.940	$7/2^-$	131.764	$5/2^-$	M1+E2	0.18 3	4.40		$\alpha(K)=3.60$ 6; $\alpha(L)=0.62$ 3; $\alpha(M)=0.139$ 8; $\alpha(N+..)=0.0368$

¹⁶¹₆₅Ho ε decay 1984Vy01 (continued)

<u>$\gamma(^{161}\text{Dy})$ (continued)</u>										
<u>E_γ^\dagger</u>	<u>$I_\gamma^{\ddagger\ddagger\&}$</u>	<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Mult.[#]</u>	<u>$\delta^{\#}$</u>	<u>α^a</u>	<u>$I_{(\gamma+ce)}^{\&}$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
83.83 5		184.23	11/2 ⁺	100.41	9/2 ⁺	M1+E2	-0.25 7	4.05 8	0.24 [@] 6	¹⁹ $\alpha(N)=0.0320$ 17; $\alpha(O)=0.00454$ 19; $\alpha(P)=0.000224$ 4 δ : from L-subshell ratios (1984Vy01). I_γ : measured value is ≤ 0.25 (1984Vy01). The value computed from $I(\text{ce})$ is 0.05 1.
84.86 ^b 5		451.34	5/2 ⁻	366.969	1/2 ⁻					E_γ : the energy fit of this γ is poor and it is not reported in (n,γ) . So, we show it as questionable here.
87.93 3	0.31 15	131.764	5/2 ⁻	43.806	7/2 ⁺	(E1)		0.435		$\alpha(K)=0.362$ 5; $\alpha(L)=0.0573$ 8; $\alpha(M)=0.01257$ 18; $\alpha(N..)=0.00325$ 5
98.02 2	3.9 3	201.077	9/2 ⁻	103.067	7/2 ⁻	M1+E2	0.9 2	2.71 6		$\alpha(N)=0.00285$ 4; $\alpha(O)=0.000385$ 6; $\alpha(P)=1.638 \times 10^{-5}$ 23 $\alpha(K)=1.71$ 12; $\alpha(L)=0.77$ 13; $\alpha(M)=0.18$ 3; $\alpha(N..)=0.046$ 8
100.39 5	≤ 1.4	100.41	9/2 ⁺	0	5/2 ⁺	(E2)		2.67		$\alpha(N)=0.041$ 7; $\alpha(O)=0.0052$ 8; $\alpha(P)=9.5 \times 10^{-5}$ 10 δ : computed by the evaluator from $L1/L2=0.67$ 20, as reported by 1984Vy01. 1965Ab04 report $L1/L2=0.65$, which leads to $\delta=0.96$. $\alpha(K)=1.112$ 16; $\alpha(L)=1.201$ 17; $\alpha(M)=0.287$ 4; $\alpha(N..)=0.0723$ 11
100.64 5	≤ 1.4	201.077	9/2 ⁻	100.41	9/2 ⁺	(E1)		0.303		$\alpha(N)=0.0645$ 10; $\alpha(O)=0.00775$ 11; $\alpha(P)=4.61 \times 10^{-5}$ 7 I_γ : value includes the contribution from the 100.64 G. $\alpha(K)=0.253$ 4; $\alpha(L)=0.0393$ 6; $\alpha(M)=0.00861$ 13; $\alpha(N..)=0.00223$ 4
102.0 ^b		314.77	9/2 ⁻	212.940	7/2 ⁻					$\alpha(N)=0.00196$ 3; $\alpha(O)=0.000267$ 4; $\alpha(P)=1.169 \times 10^{-5}$ 17 I_γ : value includes the contribution from the 100.39 G.
103.05 2	100	103.067	7/2 ⁻	0	5/2 ⁺	E1		0.285		$\alpha(K)=0.238$ 4; $\alpha(L)=0.0368$ 6; $\alpha(M)=0.00806$ 12; $\alpha(N..)=0.00209$ 3
106.23 5		131.764	5/2 ⁻	25.656	5/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.85 35	2.08 5	0.33 [@] 6	$\alpha(N)=0.00183$ 3; $\alpha(O)=0.000250$ 4; $\alpha(P)=1.102 \times 10^{-5}$ 16 $\alpha(K)/(\gamma+ce)=0.45$ 3; $\alpha(L)/(\gamma+ce)=0.17$ 4; $\alpha(M)/(\gamma+ce)=0.041$ 12; $\alpha(N+)/(\gamma+ce)=0.010$ 3 $\alpha(N)/(\gamma+ce)=0.009$ 3; $\alpha(O)/(\gamma+ce)=0.0012$ 3; $\alpha(P)/(\gamma+ce)=2.5 \times 10^{-5}$ 5 I_γ : measured value is ≤ 0.25 (1984Vy01). The value computed from $I(\text{ce})$ is 0.11 2.
107.74 ^b 5	≤ 0.01	320.69	11/2 ⁻	212.940	7/2 ⁻					$\alpha(K)/(\gamma+ce)=0.544$ 5; $\alpha(L)/(\gamma+ce)=0.0800$ 13;
109.83 4		212.940	7/2 ⁻	103.067	7/2 ⁻	(M1)		1.83	0.18 [@] 6	$\alpha(M)/(\gamma+ce)=0.0176$ 3; $\alpha(N+)/(\gamma+ce)=0.00470$ 8 $\alpha(N)/(\gamma+ce)=0.00407$ 7; $\alpha(O)/(\gamma+ce)=0.000595$ 10;

¹⁶¹₆₅Ho ε decay 1984Vy01 (continued) $\gamma(^{161}\text{Dy})$ (continued)

E_γ^{\dagger}	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger\ddagger\&}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [#]	α^a	Comments
112.52 5	0.090 15	212.940	7/2 ⁻	100.41	9/2 ⁺	E1	0.225	$\text{ce}(P)/(\gamma+\text{ce})=3.39 \times 10^{-5}$ 6 I_γ : measured value is ≤ 0.038 (1984Vy01). The value computed from $I(\text{ce})$ is 0.06 2.
119.61 5	0.025 8	320.69	11/2 ⁻	201.077	9/2 ⁻	M1,E2	1.421 25	$\alpha(K)=0.188$ 3; $\alpha(L)=0.0288$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.00631$ 9; $\alpha(N..)=0.001639$ 23 $\alpha(N)=0.001434$ 21; $\alpha(O)=0.000197$ 3; $\alpha(P)=8.84 \times 10^{-6}$ 13 $\alpha(K)=1.0$ 3; $\alpha(L)=0.36$ 19; $\alpha(M)=0.08$ 5; $\alpha(N..)=0.022$ 12 $\alpha(N)=0.019$ 10; $\alpha(O)=0.0024$ 11; $\alpha(P)=5.3 \times 10^{-5}$ 23
131.8 ^b	≤ 0.03	131.764	5/2 ⁻	0	5/2 ⁺			E_γ : placement doubtful, since J^π value requires E1, while the data suggest otherwise.
138.39 5	0.45 4	212.940	7/2 ⁻	74.566	3/2 ⁻	E2	0.836	$\alpha(K)=0.467$ 7; $\alpha(L)=0.285$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.0676$ 10; $\alpha(N..)=0.01709$ 24 $\alpha(N)=0.01520$ 22; $\alpha(O)=0.00186$ 3; $\alpha(P)=2.04 \times 10^{-5}$ 3
140.4 1	≤ 0.06	184.23	11/2 ⁺	43.806	7/2 ⁺	[E2]	0.795	$\alpha(K)=0.448$ 7; $\alpha(L)=0.267$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.0634$ 10; $\alpha(N..)=0.01604$ 23 $\alpha(N)=0.01427$ 21; $\alpha(O)=0.00175$ 3; $\alpha(P)=1.97 \times 10^{-5}$ 3
157.26 6	12.5 10	201.077	9/2 ⁻	43.806	7/2 ⁺	E1	0.0919	$\alpha(K)=0.0773$ 11; $\alpha(L)=0.01142$ 16; $\alpha(M)=0.00250$ 4; $\alpha(N..)=0.000653$ 10 $\alpha(N)=0.000570$ 8; $\alpha(O)=7.95 \times 10^{-5}$ 12; $\alpha(P)=3.80 \times 10^{-6}$ 6
175.42 5	11.1 10	201.077	9/2 ⁻	25.656	5/2 ⁻	E2	0.368	$\alpha(K)=0.234$ 4; $\alpha(L)=0.1030$ 15; $\alpha(M)=0.0243$ 4; $\alpha(N..)=0.00617$ 9 $\alpha(N)=0.00548$ 8; $\alpha(O)=0.000684$ 10; $\alpha(P)=1.082 \times 10^{-5}$ 16
183.0 1	0.21 3	314.77	9/2 ⁻	131.764	5/2 ⁻			$\alpha(K)=0.27$ 8; $\alpha(L)=0.064$ 15; $\alpha(M)=0.015$ 4; $\alpha(N..)=0.0038$ 9
187.3 2	0.043 7	212.940	7/2 ⁻	25.656	5/2 ⁻	M1,E2	0.35 6	$\alpha(N)=0.0034$ 9; $\alpha(O)=0.00045$ 8; $\alpha(P)=1.5 \times 10^{-5}$ 7
212.80 15	0.024 8	212.940	7/2 ⁻	0	5/2 ⁺	E1	0.0413	$\alpha(K)=0.0349$ 5; $\alpha(L)=0.00504$ 8; $\alpha(M)=0.001101$ 16; $\alpha(N..)=0.000290$ 4 $\alpha(N)=0.000252$ 4; $\alpha(O)=3.56 \times 10^{-5}$ 5; $\alpha(P)=1.78 \times 10^{-6}$ 3
217.6 ^b 1	≤ 0.003	320.69	11/2 ⁻	103.067	7/2 ⁻	E2	0.179	$\alpha(K)=0.1236$ 18; $\alpha(L)=0.0427$ 6; $\alpha(M)=0.00998$ 14; $\alpha(N..)=0.00255$ 4 $\alpha(N)=0.00226$ 4; $\alpha(O)=0.000288$ 4; $\alpha(P)=6.01 \times 10^{-6}$ 9 Mult.: 1984Vy01 report M1,E2. J^π assignments require E2.
238.40 25 ^{x252}	0.018 6 ≤ 0.005	451.34	5/2 ⁻	212.940	7/2 ⁻			
292.401 7		366.969	1/2 ⁻	74.566	3/2 ⁻			
319.6 3	0.017 6	451.34	5/2 ⁻	131.764	5/2 ⁻			E_γ : γ is in decay scheme, but not in γ list (1984Vy01).
341.38 5		366.969	1/2 ⁻	25.656	5/2 ⁻			E_γ : γ is in decay scheme, but not in γ list (1984Vy01).
348.2		451.34	5/2 ⁻	103.067	7/2 ⁻			E_γ : γ is in decay scheme, but not in γ list (1984Vy01).
376.5		451.34	5/2 ⁻	74.566	3/2 ⁻			E_γ : γ is in decay scheme, but not in γ list (1984Vy01).
425.8		451.34	5/2 ⁻	25.656	5/2 ⁻			E_γ : γ is in decay scheme, but not in γ list (1984Vy01).
577.9 2	0.013 5	790.70	5/2 ⁻	212.940	7/2 ⁻			
658.95 10	0.061 7	790.70	5/2 ⁻	131.764	5/2 ⁻	M1,E2	0.011 4	$\alpha(K)=0.009$ 4; $\alpha(L)=0.0014$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.00031$ 8; $\alpha(N..)=8.2 \times 10^{-5}$ 21 $\alpha(N)=7.1 \times 10^{-5}$ 18; $\alpha(O)=1.0 \times 10^{-5}$ 3; $\alpha(P)=5.6 \times 10^{-7}$ 21
669.0 ^b 3	0.0030 15	772.18	5/2 ⁺ ,7/2,9/2 ⁺	103.067	7/2 ⁻			
672.5 3	0.0045 15	772.18	5/2 ⁺ ,7/2,9/2 ⁺	100.41	9/2 ⁺			
687.5 1	0.125 10	790.70	5/2 ⁻	103.067	7/2 ⁻	M1,E2	0.010 4	$\alpha(K)=0.008$ 3; $\alpha(L)=0.0013$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.00028$ 7; $\alpha(N..)=7.4 \times 10^{-5}$ 19 $\alpha(N)=6.4 \times 10^{-5}$ 16; $\alpha(O)=9.3 \times 10^{-6}$ 25; $\alpha(P)=5.1 \times 10^{-7}$ 18

¹⁶¹₆₅Ho ε decay 1984Vy01 (continued) $\gamma(^{161}\text{Dy})$ (continued)

E_γ^{\dagger}	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger\ddagger\&}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [#]	a^a	Comments
716.09 8	0.096 10	790.70	5/2 ⁻	74.566	3/2 ⁻	M1,E2	0.009 3	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0077$ 25; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.0011$ 3; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.00025$ 7; $\alpha(\text{N+..})=6.7\times10^{-5}$ 17 $\alpha(\text{N})=5.8\times10^{-5}$ 15; $\alpha(\text{O})=8.4\times10^{-6}$ 23; $\alpha(\text{P})=4.6\times10^{-7}$ 16
^x 728.2	≤ 0.025							
746.98 5	0.122 12	790.70	5/2 ⁻	43.806	7/2 ⁺	E1	0.00219	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00187$ 3; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.000252$ 4; $\alpha(\text{M})=5.47\times10^{-5}$ 8; $\alpha(\text{N+..})=1.455\times10^{-5}$ 21
								$\alpha(\text{N})=1.261\times10^{-5}$ 18; $\alpha(\text{O})=1.84\times10^{-6}$ 3; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.038\times10^{-7}$ 15
764.96 8	0.437 35	790.70	5/2 ⁻	25.656	5/2 ⁻	M1,E2	0.0078 24	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0066$ 21; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00096$ 25; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.00021$ 6; $\alpha(\text{N+..})=5.6\times10^{-5}$ 15
								$\alpha(\text{N})=4.9\times10^{-5}$ 13; $\alpha(\text{O})=7.1\times10^{-6}$ 19; $\alpha(\text{P})=3.9\times10^{-7}$ 14
772.1 1	0.017 6	772.18	5/2 ⁺ ,7/2,9/2 ⁺	0	5/2 ⁺			
790.68 8	0.361 30	790.70	5/2 ⁻	0	5/2 ⁺	E1	0.00196	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.001673$ 24; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.000224$ 4; $\alpha(\text{M})=4.87\times10^{-5}$ 7; $\alpha(\text{N+..})=1.296\times10^{-5}$ 19
								$\alpha(\text{N})=1.124\times10^{-5}$ 16; $\alpha(\text{O})=1.636\times10^{-6}$ 23; $\alpha(\text{P})=9.29\times10^{-8}$ 13

[†] From 1984Vy01. Others: 1965Ab04, 1965St08.[‡] $I(\text{K x ray})=242\times10^1$ 17.[#] From the Adopted Gammas data set. The data types are α , L- and M-subshell ratios, $\gamma(\theta)$, and $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$. See the Adopted Gammas data set for comments on specific cases.[@] Computed by evaluator from electron intensities (1984Vy01) and conversion coefficients.[&] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.039 6.^a Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.^b Placement of transition in the level scheme is uncertain.^x γ ray not placed in level scheme.

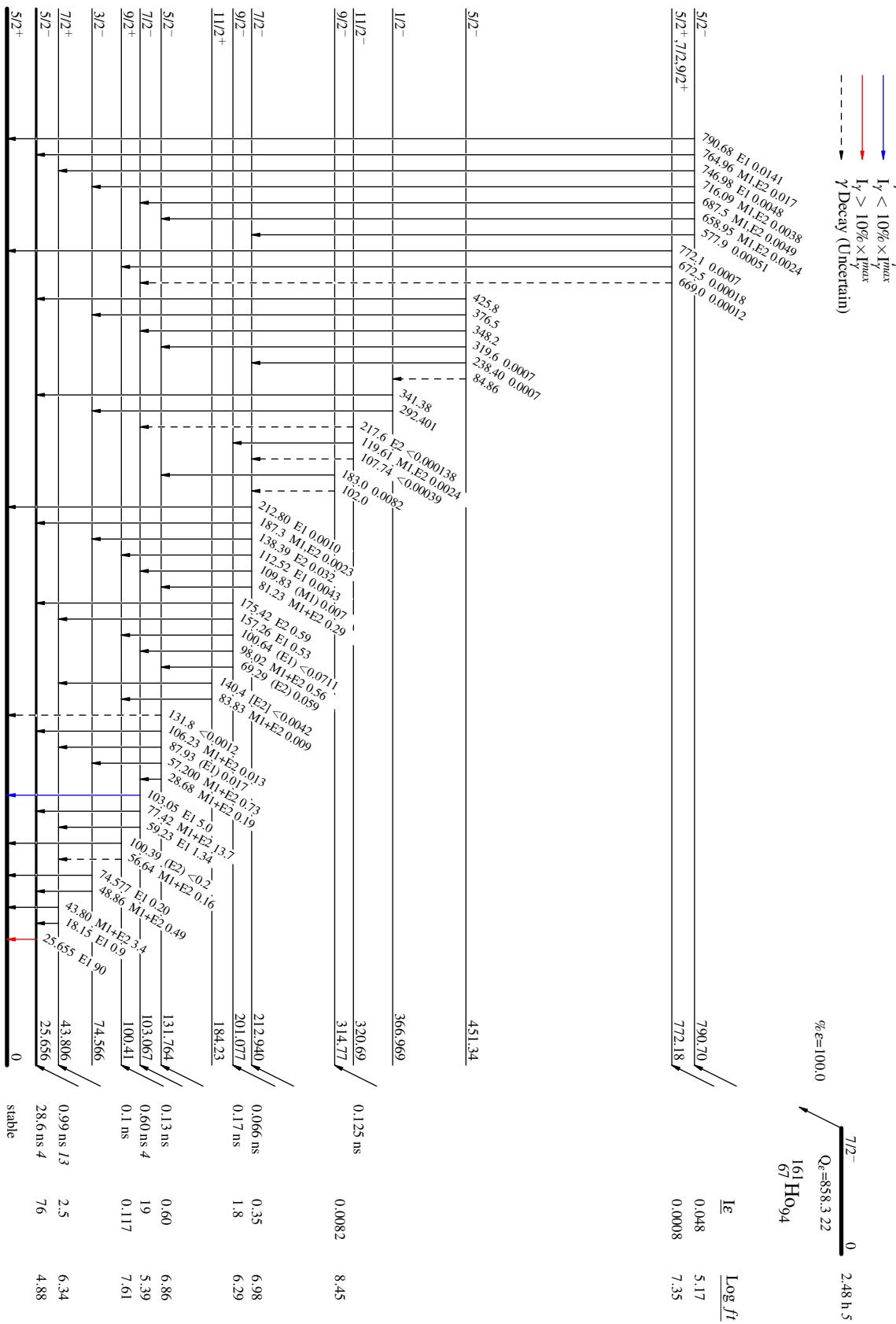
161 Ho ϵ decay 1984Vyo1

Legend

$I_{\gamma} < 2\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
 $I_{\gamma} < 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
 $I_{\gamma} > 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
 γ Decay (Uncertain)

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays

Decay Scheme



^{161}Ho ϵ decay 1984Vy01