

^{164}Ir α decay (70 μs) 2014Dr02

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	N. Nica	NDS 176, 1 (2021)	1-May-2021

Parent: ^{164}Ir : $E=27\times 10^1$ 10; $J^\pi=(9^+)$; $T_{1/2}=70$ μs 10; $Q(\alpha)=697\times 10^1$ 10; $\% \alpha$ decay=4 2

^{164}Ir -E: Tentatively estimated from the difference between the energy of the (9^+) isomer in ^{164}Ir (relative to ^{160}Re g.s.), $E(9^+) = 7052$ 10 + 184 4 = 7236 11 (the first term is calculated from $E\alpha=6880$ 10 from the (9^+) isomer of ^{164}Ir measured by 2014Dr02, and the second one is the energy of the (9^+) isomer in ^{160}Re); and $Q(\alpha) = 6970$ 100 (2021Wa16). The value is tentative, among others, because of the tentative 50 γ of the cascade that define the energy of the (9^+) isomer in ^{160}Re .

^{164}Ir - J^π : From Adopted Levels of ^{164}Ir .

^{164}Ir - $T_{1/2}$: From 2014Dr02, extracted from observed 100 ^{164}Ir proton-decay events using the Maximum Likelihood method. 69 μs +41-29 was extracted from four α -decay events.

^{164}Ir - $Q(\alpha)$: From 2021Wa16 (based on syst).

^{164}Ir - $\% \alpha$ decay: $\% \alpha=4$ 2 from 2014Dr02 based on observed ^{164}Ir α -decay yield (4 events) and proton-decay yield (≈ 100 events).

2014Dr02 was compiled by J. Chen (NSCL, MSU) and edited by B. Singh (McMaster).

2014Dr02: ^{164}Ir nuclei were produced in the fusion-evaporation reaction $^{92}\text{Mo}(^{78}\text{Kr}, p5n)$ with $E=428, 435$ and 450 MeV ^{78}Kr beams from the K130 cyclotron at the Accelerator Laboratory of the University of Jyvaskyla bombarding a isotopically enriched, self-supporting ^{92}Mo target foil of 500 $\mu\text{m}/\text{cm}^2$ thickness. Evaporation residues were separated and transported using the gas-filled separator ion transport unit (RITU) to the GREAT spectrometer. The ions passed through a multiwire proportional counter (MWPC) and were implanted into two adjacently mounted DSSDs. Measured $E\alpha$, $I\alpha$, $E(p)$, $I(p)$, recoil-decay correlations, decay time distribution. Deduced ^{164}Ir isomer half-life, decay branching ratios, decay widths, level energy of ^{160}Re isomer, $Q(\beta^-)$ values. Comparisons with available data. Systematics of α -decay widths and $Q(\beta^-)$ values.

About 100 ^{164}Ir (9^+) $\pi h_{11/2}$ isomer proton-decay events and 4 α -decay events were observed and identified from correlations with the α decay of daughter nuclei in 2014Dr02. No evidence was found for the proton decay of the ^{164}Ir $\pi d_{3/2}$ ground state.

Level scheme is that of 2014Dr02 for α decay combined with that of 2011Da01 for γ decay (see the IT decay dataset).

 ^{160}Re Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	(4^-)	612 μs 7	$T_{1/2}$: adopted value (see Adopted Levels, Gammas dataset). configuration: possible $\pi d_{3/2} \otimes \nu f_{7/2}$ or $\pi d_{3/2} \otimes \nu h_{9/2}$ (2011Da01).
50 1	(6^-)		
88 1	(7^+)		
184 1	(9^+)	2.8 μs 1	E(level): 166 keV 14 is deduced by 2014Dr02 from measured energies of ^{164}Ir isomer α -decay and proton-decay to this isomeric state in ^{160}Re combined with other known Q-values. $T_{1/2}$: from 2011Da01. configuration: possible $\pi h_{11/2} \otimes \nu f_{7/2}$ or $\pi h_{11/2} \otimes \nu h_{9/2}$ (2011Da01).

[†] Adopted values (originating from 2011Da01).

 α radiations

$E\alpha$	E(level)	$I\alpha$ [‡]	HF [†]	Comments
6880 10	184	100	2.7 18	$E\alpha$: measured in 2014Dr02.

[†] $r_0(^{160}\text{Re})=1.5538$ 35, taken as the mean value of the even-even neighboring nuclei $r_0(^{160}\text{W})=1.5477$ 44, $r_0(^{158}\text{W})=1.5597$ 29, $r_0(^{162}\text{Os})=1.554$ 17 (2020Si16, value of $r_0(^{160}\text{Os})$ is not available).

[‡] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.04 2.

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E_γ [†]	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [†]	α [‡]
38 1	88	(7 ⁺)	50	(6 ⁻)	(E1)	1.02 8
50 [#] 1	50	(6 ⁻)	0.0	(4 ⁻)	[E2]	90 10
96 1	184	(9 ⁺)	88	(7 ⁺)	(E2)	4.86 23

[†] Adopted values (originating from 2011Da01).

[‡] Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multiplicities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

[#] Placement of transition in the level scheme is uncertain.

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Legend

Decay Scheme

----- \rightarrow γ Decay (Uncertain)

