

Adopted Levels

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	C. W. Reich	NDS 113, 157 (2012)	31-Dec-2010

S(p)=-1599 (syst) 53; Q( $\alpha$ )=6759 (syst) 55    [2017Wa10](#)  
 Q( $\epsilon$ )=10550 (syst) 426; S(2p)=-271 (syst) 53; Q( $\epsilon$ p)=9133 (syst) 362    [2017Wa10](#)

[Additional information 1.](#)

[Additional information 2.](#)

Data are primarily from [2006Jo10](#), with  $\alpha$ -related data from [2007Pa27](#). these two studies have a number of authors in common.

[2006Jo10](#):  $^{159}\text{Re}$  produced in the  $^{106}\text{Cd}(^{58}\text{Ni},\text{P4N})$  reaction, E( $^{58}\text{Ni}$ )= 300 MeV. 1.1 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> thick self-supporting  $^{106}\text{Cd}$  target (96.5% enrichment). Reaction products were separated in-flight in the gas-filled separator RITU and implanted into a double-sided Si-strip detector (DSSD) of the GREAT spectrometer. Measured protons,  $\alpha$ , temporal correlations between  $\alpha$  and protons, and T<sub>1/2</sub>. authors do not report  $\alpha$  emission associated with the  $^{159}\text{Re}$  decay. for related information in a conference report by these authors, see [2007JoZX](#).

[2007Pa27](#): similar reaction and experimental conditions as reported in [2006Jo10](#). Report  $\alpha$ -related data, including E $\alpha$ , % $\alpha$  and T<sub>1/2</sub>.

For related information by these authors in a conference report, see [2007PaZT](#).

 $^{159}\text{Re}$  Levels

E(level)	J <sup><math>\pi</math></sup>	T <sub>1/2</sub>	Comments
(0)	(1/2 <sup>+</sup> )		E(level): <a href="#">2006Jo10</a> indicate that the $^{159}\text{Re}$ g.s. May be $\pi s_{1/2}$ and suggest that the short half-life expected for s-wave proton decay is one reason why it would not have been observed in their experiment. J <sup><math>\pi</math></sup> : Probable $\pi s_{1/2}$ spherical shell-model state.
0+x	11/2 <sup>-</sup>	20 $\mu\text{s}$ 4	% $\alpha$ =7.5 35; %p=92.5 35 % $\alpha$ : From <a href="#">2007Pa27</a> . The calculated T <sub>1/2</sub> for $\beta$ decay is $\approx 0.24$ s ( <a href="#">1997Mo25</a> ), which suggests that $\beta$ decay does not contribute significantly to the decay of this state. <a href="#">2007JoZX</a> report %p=92. E(level): From the systematics of the separation of the 1/2 <sup>+</sup> and 11/2 <sup>-</sup> states in the heavier odd-mass Re isotopes, the excitation energy of this level is suggested to be $\approx 160$ 50 (G. Audi, private communication to the evaluator, (March, 2010)). <a href="#">2006Jo10</a> suggest that this level energy May be $\approx 120$ . J <sup><math>\pi</math></sup> : From l=5 proton transition to the $^{158}\text{W}$ g.s. (J <sup><math>\pi</math></sup> =0 <sup>+</sup> ) ( <a href="#">2006Jo10</a> ). l=5 is deduced from comparison of the measured T <sub>1/2</sub> value, with those expected for l=0, 2 and 5 emission, the three possibilities based on the available proton orbitals. Since the g.s. of the daughter nuclide, $^{158}\text{W}$ , has J <sup><math>\pi</math></sup> =0 <sup>+</sup> , this establishes $\pi h_{1/2}$ as the configuration of the initial state. T <sub>1/2</sub> : Weighted average of 21 $\mu\text{s}$ 4, from <a href="#">2006Jo10</a> (p(t)), and 16 $\mu\text{s}$ 9, from <a href="#">2007Pa27</a> ( $\alpha(t)$ ).