

¹⁵⁹Sm β⁻ decay (11.37 s) 1987Wi14

| Type | History | | Literature Cutoff Date |
|-----------------|--------------|----------|------------------------|
| | Author | Citation | |
| Full Evaluation | Balraj Singh | ENSDF | 07-June-2023 |

Parent: ¹⁵⁹Sm: E=0.0; J^π=5/2⁻; T_{1/2}=11.37 s 15; Q(β⁻)=3836 7; %β⁻ decay=100

¹⁵⁹Sm-J^π, T_{1/2}: From ¹⁵⁹Sm Adopted Levels. Configuration=ν5/2[523] (1987Wi14).

¹⁵⁹Sm-Q(β⁻): From 2021Wa16.

1987Wi14 (also 1990An31, 1987Gr12): ¹⁵⁹Sm produced and identified in SF decay of ²⁵²Cf, followed by mass separation at the INEL-ISOL facility of the INEL, Idaho Falls. Measured E_γ, I_γ for 16 γ rays, x rays using Ge(Li) detectors.

1986Ma12: ¹⁵⁹Sm produced in ²³⁵U(n,F) (1986Ma12), followed by mass separation at TRISTAN facility at Brookhaven National Laboratory. Measured half-life of the decay of ¹⁵⁹Sm and two γ rays of 114 and 190 keV.

The γ data and decay scheme are from 1987Wi14.

¹⁵⁹Eu Levels

| E(level) [†] | J ^π [‡] | Comments |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 0.0 [#] | 5/2 ⁺ | |
| 75.41 [#] 4 | 7/2 ⁺ | |
| 172.00 [#] 6 | 9/2 ⁺ | |
| 189.80 [@] 5 | 5/2 ⁻ | |
| 254.54 [@] 5 | 7/2 ⁻ | |
| 333.61 12 | 3/2 ⁺ | Configuration=π3/2[411]. |
| 1051.79 12 | 7/2 ⁻ | J ^π : γ rays to 5/2 ⁺ , 5/2 ⁻ , 7/2 ⁻ , and 9/2 ⁺ levels and allowed-unhindered (au) β ⁻ decay (log ft=5.0) from the parent, which is interpreted as the ν5/2,5/2[523] → π7/2,7/2[523] transition, which is the only available 'au' transition in this mass region. |

[†] From least-squares fit to γ energies.

[‡] From the Adopted Levels, based on assignments in (pol t,α). except that for the 1052 level, which is based on this decay.

[#] Band(A): π5/2[413].

[@] Band(B): π5/2[532].

β⁻ radiations

With a Q value of 3805 keV and levels reported only to 1052 keV, the scheme is not complete. The computed logft values may be lower than might otherwise be expected. The effect of higher-energy levels would be to reduce these Iβ⁻ values and increase the logft values.

| E(decay) | E(level) | Iβ ^{-†‡} | Log ft | Comments |
|----------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| (2784 7) | 1051.79 | 32.1 | 5.0 | av Eβ=1103 30 |
| (3502 7) | 333.61 | 2.3 | 6.5 | av Eβ=1432 30 |
| (3582 7) | 254.54 | 23 | 5.6 | av Eβ=1468 30 |
| (3646 7) | 189.80 | 21 | 5.6 | av Eβ=1498 30 |
| (3664 7) | 172.00 | 1.3 | 8.4 ^{1u} | av Eβ=1483 30 |
| (3761 7) | 75.41 | 10 | 6.0 | av Eβ=1550 30 |
| (3836 7) | 0.0 | 10 | 6.0 | av Eβ=1585 30 |

[†] From γ intensity balances. Value for ground-state branch is assumed to be equal to that to the 75 level. Since the scheme is incomplete, no uncertainties are given.

[‡] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

¹⁵⁹Sm β⁻ decay (11.37 s) 1987Wi14 (continued)

γ(¹⁵⁹Eu)

I_γ normalization: From 100% feeding of the ground state, with Iβ⁻(0)=Iβ⁻(75). If Iβ⁻(0)=0, the normalization factor would be 0.51.

| E _γ [†] | I _γ ^{†#} | E _i (level) | J _i ^π | E _f | J _f ^π | Mult. | δ | α [@] | Comments |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------|-------------------------|--|
| 64.76 6 | 2.5 3 | 254.54 | 7/2 ⁻ | 189.80 | 5/2 ⁻ | [M1,E2] | | 10 3 | α(K)=4.3 12; α(L)=4 4; α(M)=0.9 8 α(N)=0.21 18; α(O)=0.029 23; α(P)=0.00042 19 Mult.: from expected reduced M1 transition probabilities and a reasonable value for the intrinsic quadrupole moment, 1987Wi14 deduce that this transition is primarily M1 with only a few percent E2. |
| 75.44 4 | 9.6 6 | 75.41 | 7/2 ⁺ | 0.0 | 5/2 ⁺ | (M1+E2) | 0.50 18 | 4.7 4 | α(K)=3.28 15; α(L)=1.1 4; α(M)=0.25 9 α(N)=0.057 19; α(O)=0.0081 25; α(P)=0.00035 3 δ: 0.50 18 (1987Wi14) from the constancy of the ratio of intrinsic M1 matrix element within the rotational band to its intrinsic quadrupole moment and δ(96). |
| 82.58 5 | 1.7 3 | 254.54 | 7/2 ⁻ | 172.00 | 9/2 ⁺ | [E1] | | 0.475 7 | α(K)=0.398 6; α(L)=0.0609 9; α(M)=0.01312 19 α(N)=0.00295 5; α(O)=0.000438 7; α(P)=3.23×10 ⁻⁵ 5 |
| 96.65 8 | 1.8 4 | 172.00 | 9/2 ⁺ | 75.41 | 7/2 ⁺ | (M1+E2) | 0.48 18 | 2.17 9 | α(K)=1.64 6; α(L)=0.41 11; α(M)=0.093 25 α(N)=0.021 6; α(O)=0.0031 7; α(P)=0.000172 12 δ: 0.48 18 deduced (1987Wi14) from calculation of E2 portion from Alaga rules and I _γ (172). |
| 114.42 6 | 7.9 4 | 189.80 | 5/2 ⁻ | 75.41 | 7/2 ⁺ | [E1] | | 0.197 3 | α(K)=0.1662 24; α(L)=0.0244 4; α(M)=0.00524 8 α(N)=0.001181 17; α(O)=0.000179 3; α(P)=1.413×10 ⁻⁵ 20 |
| 143.90 12 | 2.1 3 | 333.61 | 3/2 ⁺ | 189.80 | 5/2 ⁻ | [E1] | | 0.1060 15 | α(K)=0.0896 13; α(L)=0.01285 19; α(M)=0.00276 4 α(N)=0.000625 9; α(O)=9.53×10 ⁻⁵ 14; α(P)=7.86×10 ⁻⁶ 12 |
| 172.09 12 | 3.4 4 | 172.00 | 9/2 ⁺ | 0.0 | 5/2 ⁺ | [E2] | | 0.358 5 | α(K)=0.241 4; α(L)=0.0903 13; α(M)=0.0208 3 α(N)=0.00463 7; α(O)=0.000651 10; α(P)=1.99×10 ⁻⁵ 3 |
| 179.09 9 | 12.5 6 | 254.54 | 7/2 ⁻ | 75.41 | 7/2 ⁺ | [E1] | | 0.0588 8 | α(K)=0.0499 7; α(L)=0.00704 10; α(M)=0.001513 22 α(N)=0.000343 5; α(O)=5.26×10 ⁻⁵ 8; α(P)=4.49×10 ⁻⁶ 7 |
| 189.79 9 | 100 | 189.80 | 5/2 ⁻ | 0.0 | 5/2 ⁺ | [E1] | | 0.0504 7 | α(K)=0.0427 6; α(L)=0.00601 9; α(M)=0.001291 19 α(N)=0.000293 5; α(O)=4.50×10 ⁻⁵ 7; α(P)=3.88×10 ⁻⁶ 6 |
| 254.43 8 | 21.2 9 | 254.54 | 7/2 ⁻ | 0.0 | 5/2 ⁺ | [E1] | | 0.0233 3 | α(K)=0.0198 3; α(L)=0.00274 4; α(M)=0.000589 9 α(N)=0.0001337 19; α(O)=2.07×10 ⁻⁵ 3; α(P)=1.85×10 ⁻⁶ 3 |
| 333.20 26 | 2.5 4 | 333.61 | 3/2 ⁺ | 0.0 | 5/2 ⁺ | [M1,E2] | | 0.054 13 | α(K)=0.045 12; α(L)=0.0075 4; α(M)=0.00165 6 α(N)=0.000375 16; α(O)=5.8×10 ⁻⁵ 5; α(P)=4.7×10 ⁻⁶ 16 |
| 797.2 5 | 13.2 24 | 1051.79 | 7/2 ⁻ | 254.54 | 7/2 ⁻ | [M1,E2] | ‡ | 0.0058 16 | α(K)=0.0049 14; α(L)=0.00069 16; α(M)=0.00015 4 α(N)=3.4×10 ⁻⁵ 8; α(O)=5.4×10 ⁻⁶ 13; α(P)=5.2×10 ⁻⁷ 16 |
| 861.97 14 | 39.6 24 | 1051.79 | 7/2 ⁻ | 189.80 | 5/2 ⁻ | [M1,E2] | ‡ | 0.0048 13 | α(K)=0.0041 11; α(L)=0.00057 13; α(M)=0.00012 3 α(N)=2.8×10 ⁻⁵ 7; α(O)=4.5×10 ⁻⁶ 11; α(P)=4.3×10 ⁻⁷ 13 |
| 879.78 29 | 5.0 7 | 1051.79 | 7/2 ⁻ | 172.00 | 9/2 ⁺ | [E1] | | 1.38×10 ⁻³ 2 | α(K)=0.001186 17; α(L)=0.0001544 22; α(M)=3.30×10 ⁻⁵ 5 α(N)=7.54×10 ⁻⁶ 11; α(O)=1.192×10 ⁻⁶ 17; α(P)=1.183×10 ⁻⁷ 17 |

¹⁵⁹Sm β⁻ decay (11.37 s) [1987Wi14](#) (continued)

γ(¹⁵⁹Eu) (continued)

| <u>E_γ[†]</u> | <u>I_γ^{†#}</u> | <u>E_i(level)</u> | <u>J_i^π</u> | <u>E_f</u> | <u>J_f^π</u> | <u>Mult.</u> | <u>α[@]</u> | <u>Comments</u> |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|---|
| 976.65 32 | 5.7 8 | 1051.79 | 7/2 ⁻ | 75.41 | 7/2 ⁺ | [E1] | 1.13×10 ⁻³ 2 | α(K)=0.000972 14; α(L)=0.0001260 18; α(M)=2.69×10 ⁻⁵ 4 α(N)=6.15×10 ⁻⁶ 9; α(O)=9.74×10 ⁻⁷ 14; α(P)=9.72×10 ⁻⁸ 14 |
| 1051.7 3 | 6.0 14 | 1051.79 | 7/2 ⁻ | 0.0 | 5/2 ⁺ | [E1] | 9.86×10 ⁻⁴ 14 | α(K)=0.000847 12; α(L)=0.0001095 16; α(M)=2.34×10 ⁻⁵ 4 α(N)=5.34×10 ⁻⁶ 8; α(O)=8.47×10 ⁻⁷ 12; α(P)=8.48×10 ⁻⁸ 12 |

[†] From [1987Wi14](#).

[‡] Authors argue that the M1 component is “asymptotically unhindered and intrinsically quite strong”, so the transition is predominantly M1 ([1987Wi14](#)).

[#] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.46.

[@] Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ-ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

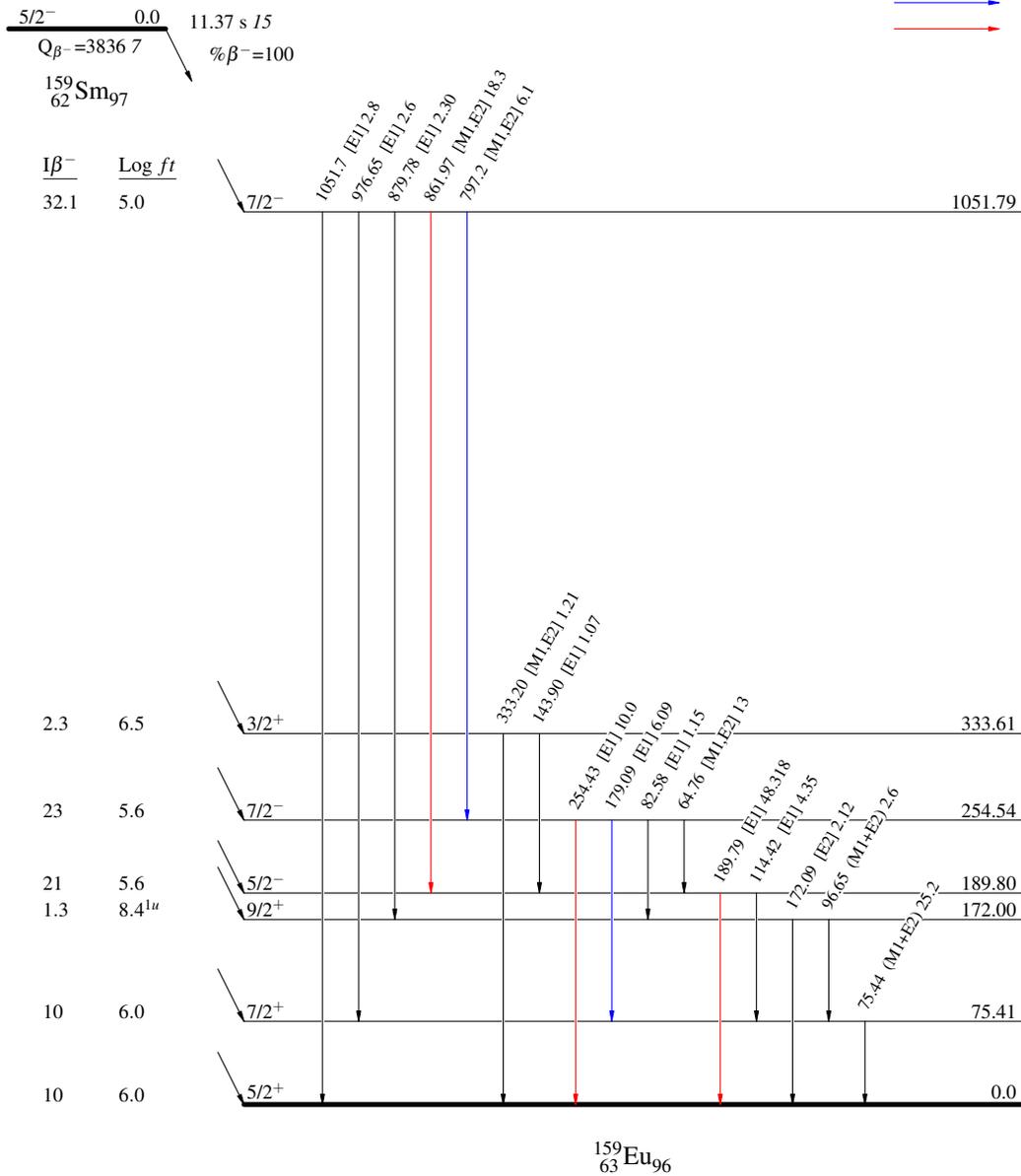
$^{159}\text{Sm } \beta^- \text{ decay (11.37 s) } 1987\text{Wi14}$

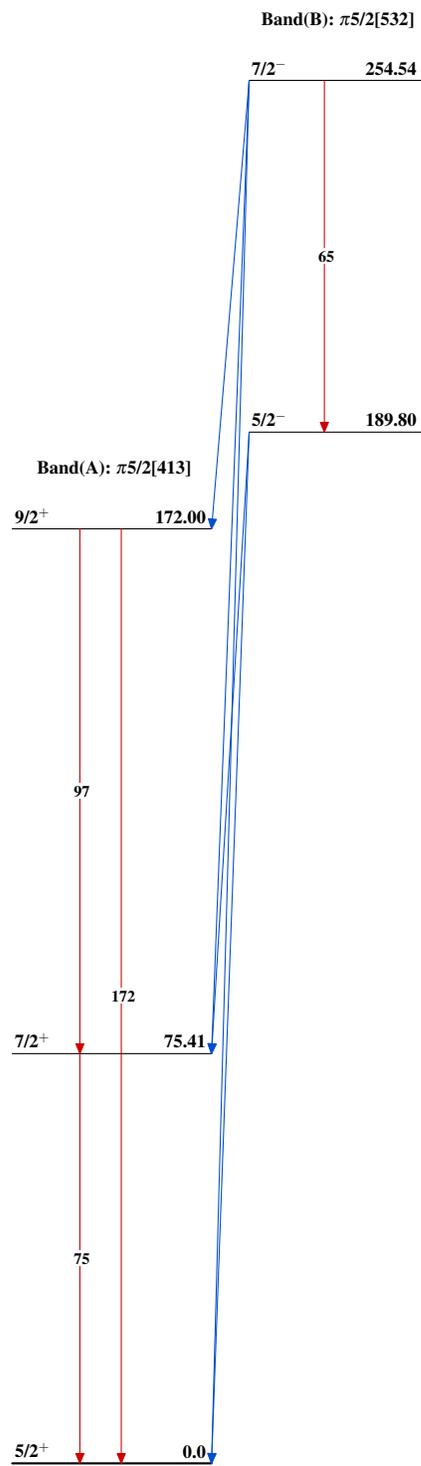
Decay Scheme

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays

Legend

- $I_{\gamma} < 2\% \times I_{\gamma}^{\text{max}}$
- $I_{\gamma} < 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{\text{max}}$
- $I_{\gamma} > 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{\text{max}}$



$^{159}\text{Sm} \beta^-$ decay (11.37 s) 1987Wi14 $^{159}_{63}\text{Eu}_{96}$