

^{158}Tb IT decay (0.40 ms) 1984Bu30,1961Kr01

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	N. Nica	NDS 141, 1 (2017)	1-Feb-2017

Parent: ^{158}Tb : E=388.4; $J^\pi=7^-$; $T_{1/2}=0.40$ ms 4; %IT decay=100.0

Activity produced by $^{159}\text{Tb}(\gamma,\text{n})$ with bremsstrahlung source ([1961Kr01](#),[1967Hi08](#),[1968Ga17](#)) and by $^{154}\text{Sm}(^7\text{Li},3\text{n})$ with E=27 MeV ([1984Bu30](#)).

 ^{158}Tb Levels**Additional information 1.**

E(level)	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$ [‡]	Comments
0.0 [#]	3^-		Configuration=((π 3/2(411))+(ν 3/2(521))) (1984BU30).
55.04 [@] 5	4^+		Configuration=((π 3/2(411))+(ν 5/2(642))) (1984BU30).
128.24 [@] 7	5^+		
217.31 [@] 8	6^+		
322.64 [@] 8	7^+		
388.39 ^{&} 8	7^-	0.40 ms 4	Configuration=((π 3/2(411))+(ν 11/2(505))) (1984BU30).

[†] From ^{158}Tb Adopted Levels.

[‡] From [1961Kr01](#).

Band(A): $K^\pi=3^-$ band.

@ Band(B): $K^\pi=4^+$ band.

& Band(C): $K^\pi=7^-$ band.

 $\gamma(^{158}\text{Tb})$

I_γ normalization: calculated to give an average of 100% decay through each of six planes in the scheme. This gives 108% from the isomer and 92% into the ground state. Small M2 admixtures to the 66 E1 γ depopulating the isomer or to the 55 E1 γ populating the g.s. can improve the intensity balance at these levels. Intensity balances within the scheme depend on the unknown $\delta(73)$ and $\delta(89)$ values.

E_γ [†]	I_γ ^{‡&}	E_i (level)	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [#]	α [@]	Comments
55.04 5	75 2	55.04	4^+	0.0	3^-	E1	1.439	$\alpha(K)=1.177$ 17; $\alpha(L)=0.206$ 3; $\alpha(M)=0.0450$ 7 $\alpha(N)=0.01011$ 15; $\alpha(O)=0.001402$ 20; $\alpha(P)=6.08\times10^{-5}$ 9
65.76 5	56 2	388.39	7^-	322.64	7^+	E1	0.913	$\alpha(K)=0.754$ 11; $\alpha(L)=0.1247$ 18; $\alpha(M)=0.0272$ 4 $\alpha(N)=0.00614$ 9; $\alpha(O)=0.000865$ 13; $\alpha(P)=3.95\times10^{-5}$ 6
73.21 5	24 2	128.24	5^+	55.04	4^+	[M1+E2]	7.0 16	$\alpha(K)=3.4$ 12; $\alpha(L)=2.7$ 21; $\alpha(M)=0.65$ 51 $\alpha(N)=0.15$ 12; $\alpha(O)=0.019$ 14; $\alpha(P)=2.3\times10^{-4}$ 12 δ,α : If one requires an intensity balance at the 55 level and assigns a 10% uncertainty to the I_γ values, one can deduce $\alpha(73)=5.8$ 10 and then $\delta < 0.8$.
89.08 5	34 2	217.31	6^+	128.24	5^+	[M1+E2]	3.5 5	$\alpha(K)=2.05$ 54; $\alpha(L)=1.15$ 78; $\alpha(M)=0.27$ 19 $\alpha(N)=0.061$ 42; $\alpha(O)=0.0081$ 52; $\alpha(P)=1.34\times10^{-4}$ 59
105.33 5	28 2	322.64	7^+	217.31	6^+	[M1+E2]	2.02 14	$\alpha(K)=1.3$ 3; $\alpha(L)=0.56$ 33; $\alpha(M)=0.131$ 81 $\alpha(N)=0.030$ 18; $\alpha(O)=0.0040$ 22; $\alpha(P)=8.4\times10^{-5}$ 35
162.22 10	15 2	217.31	6^+	55.04	4^+	[E2]	0.466	$\alpha(K)=0.293$ 5; $\alpha(L)=0.1334$ 19; $\alpha(M)=0.0313$ 5

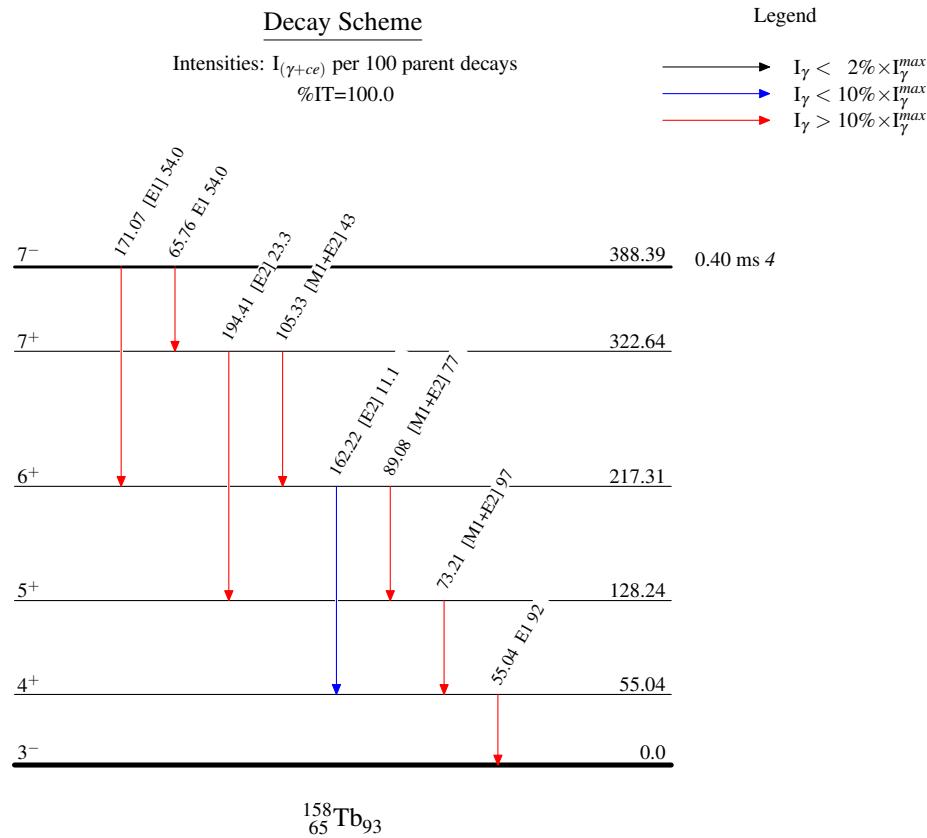
Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

^{158}Tb IT decay (0.40 ms) 1984Bu30,1961Kr01 (continued) **$\gamma(^{158}\text{Tb})$ (continued)**

E_γ^{\dagger}	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger\&}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [#]	α^{\circledast}	Comments
171.07 5	100 2	388.39	7 ⁻	217.31	6 ⁺	[E1]	0.0711	$\alpha(N)=0.00704$ 10; $\alpha(O)=0.000939$ 14; $\alpha(P)=1.594\times 10^{-5}$ 23 $\alpha(K)=0.0600$ 9; $\alpha(L)=0.00870$ 13; $\alpha(M)=0.00189$ 3 $\alpha(N)=0.000432$ 6; $\alpha(O)=6.40\times 10^{-5}$ 9; $\alpha(P)=3.58\times 10^{-6}$ 5
194.41 5	37 2	322.64	7 ⁺	128.24	5 ⁺	[E2]	0.252	$\alpha(K)=0.1707$ 24; $\alpha(L)=0.0628$ 9; $\alpha(M)=0.01462$ 21 $\alpha(N)=0.00330$ 5; $\alpha(O)=0.000446$ 7; $\alpha(P)=9.69\times 10^{-6}$ 14

[†] From 1984Bu30, no uncertainties given.[‡] From 1984Bu30, no uncertainties given; other: 1968Ga17.[#] From α deduced from intensity balances (1984Bu30) or from adopted J^π assignments.[◎] Additional information 2.

& For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.504 10.

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