

<sup>156</sup>Dy 2ε decay 2011Be18,2011EI05

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	C. W. Reich	NDS 113, 2537 (2012)	1-Mar-2012

Parent: <sup>156</sup>Dy: E=0; J<sup>π</sup>=0<sup>+</sup>; T<sub>1/2</sub>≥1.8×10<sup>14</sup> y; Q(2ε)=2005.95 10; %2ε decay=?

<sup>156</sup>Dy-T<sub>1/2</sub>: Nuclide nominally stable. The listed value is the smallest one given by 2011Be18 and is for the transition to the 2<sup>+</sup>, 89 keV level in <sup>156</sup>Gd. For a discussion of decay modes of the <sup>156</sup>Dy g.s., see the <sup>156</sup>Dy Adopted Levels.

<sup>156</sup>Dy-Q(2ε): From 2011EI05. 2011AuZZ list 2012 6.

**Additional information 1.**

Papers report the results of a search for the double-“beta” decay of <sup>156</sup>Dy. These studies obtain only upper limits for the intensities of the branches to the various <sup>156</sup>Gd levels.

**2011Be18:** Search for double β decay of <sup>156</sup>Dy, using an ultra-low background HPGe detector (volume≈244 cm<sup>3</sup>) located deep underground in the Gran Sasso National Laboratory. Detector passively shielded by a shield consisting of low-radioactivity Pb, Cu and borated polyethylene. Sample consisted of high-purity (99.98%) Dy<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> of mass 322 g. Sample counted for≈2512 h. Radioactive contaminants in the sample and their associated γ’s were identified. Inspection of regions of the γ-ray spectrum where <sup>156</sup>Gd γ’s were expected to be present revealed no statistically significant peaks. These data provide only lower limits for the half-lives of possible 2β processes leading to <sup>156</sup>Gd.

**2011EI05:** Used Penning-trap mass spectrometry to determine the <sup>156</sup>Dy-<sup>156</sup>Gd mass difference. Together with this difference, and using theoretical electron wave functions and double-hole binding energies, authors calculate possible resonance-enhancement in the neutrinoless double electron capture in <sup>156</sup>Dy. They identify four excited states in <sup>156</sup>Gd as candidates for resonance enhancement and list computed enhancement factors.

<sup>156</sup>Gd Levels

Listed T<sub>1/2</sub> values are measured ones only and represent lower limits (at the 90% confidence level) for the transition from the <sup>156</sup>Dy g.s. 2011Be18 also list values for various resonant processes in double β decay, but these are not listed here. Numerous studies present calculated T<sub>1/2</sub> values for double-β-decay, based on various assumptions. Some of the more recent of these include: 2010Ra06; 2009Ra26; 2011Kr07; and 2002Hi09. These values are not listed here. See these papers for them. These calculated T<sub>1/2</sub> values are generally several orders of magnitude greater than the presently measured lower limits.

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	J <sup>π</sup> #	Comments
0	0 <sup>+</sup>	T <sub>1/2</sub> (εβ <sup>+</sup> (2ν+0ν)) to this level ≥1.9×10 <sup>16</sup> y.
89.0	2 <sup>+</sup>	For the transition to this level, the following T <sub>1/2</sub> values are reported: T <sub>1/2</sub> (εβ <sup>+</sup> (2ν+0ν))≥1.9×10 <sup>16</sup> y; T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,2ν)≥1.8×10 <sup>14</sup> y; T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,0ν)≥1.5×10 <sup>14</sup> y.
1049.5	0 <sup>+</sup>	For the transition to this level, the following T <sub>1/2</sub> values are reported: T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,2ν)≥7.1×10 <sup>16</sup> y; T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,0ν)≥6.4×10 <sup>16</sup> y.
1129.4	2 <sup>+</sup>	For the transition to this level, the following T <sub>1/2</sub> values are reported: T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,2ν)≥1.4×10 <sup>16</sup> y; T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,0ν)≥1.4×10 <sup>16</sup> y.
1154.1	2 <sup>+</sup>	For the transition to this level, the following T <sub>1/2</sub> values are reported: T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,2ν)≥4.7×10 <sup>15</sup> y; T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,0ν)≥4.1×10 <sup>15</sup> y.
1168.2	0 <sup>+</sup>	For the transition to this level, the following T <sub>1/2</sub> values are reported: T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,2ν)≥8.9×10 <sup>15</sup> y; T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,0ν)≥8.0×10 <sup>15</sup> y.
1715.2	0 <sup>+</sup>	For the transition to this level, the following T <sub>1/2</sub> values are reported: T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,2ν)≥3.0×10 <sup>16</sup> y; T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,0ν)≥2.8×10 <sup>16</sup> y.
1771.1	2 <sup>+</sup>	For the transition to this level, the following T <sub>1/2</sub> values are reported: T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,2ν)≥1.0×10 <sup>16</sup> y; T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,0ν)≥8.9×10 <sup>15</sup> y.
1827.8	2 <sup>+</sup>	For the transition to this level, the following T <sub>1/2</sub> values are reported: T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,2ν)≥1.9×10 <sup>16</sup> y; T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,0ν)≥1.9×10 <sup>16</sup> y.
1851.2	0 <sup>+</sup>	For the transition to this level, the following T <sub>1/2</sub> values are reported: T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,2ν)≥1.5×10 <sup>15</sup> y; T <sub>1/2</sub> (2ε,0ν)≥1.5×10 <sup>15</sup> y.
1914.8 <sup>‡</sup>	2 <sup>+</sup>	Proposed as a candidate for resonance-enhanced double β decay by 2011Be18, but not by 2011EI05.
1946.4 <sup>‡</sup>	1 <sup>-</sup>	Calculated enhancement factor for 0ν 2ε decay = 4.1×10 <sup>6</sup> (2011EI05).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{156}\text{Dy}$   $2\varepsilon$  decay [2011Be18,2011El05](#) (continued) $^{156}\text{Gd}$  Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)<sup>†</sup></u>	<u>J<sup>π</sup>#</u>	<u>Comments</u>
1952.3 <sup>‡</sup>	0 <sup>-</sup>	Calculated enhancement factor for $0\nu 2\varepsilon$ decay = $1.7 \times 10^6$ ( <a href="#">2011El05</a> ).
1988.5 <sup>‡</sup>	0 <sup>+</sup>	Calculated enhancement factor for $0\nu 2\varepsilon$ decay = $2.5 \times 10^6$ ( <a href="#">2011El05</a> ).
2003.8 <sup>‡</sup>	2 <sup>+</sup>	Calculated enhancement factor for $0\nu 2\varepsilon$ decay = $7.7 \times 10^8$ ( <a href="#">2011El05</a> ).

<sup>†</sup> Nominal values, from the adopted values. Only those levels expected to be populated in the double- $\beta$  decay of  $^{156}\text{Dy}$  are given.

<sup>‡</sup> Level proposed as a candidate for resonance-enhanced neutrinoless double-electron capture decay.

# From the adopted values.

 $\gamma(^{156}\text{Gd})$ 

<u>E<sub><math>\gamma</math></sub><sup>†</sup></u>	<u>E<sub>i</sub>(level)</u>	<u>J<sub>i</sub><sup>π</sup></u>	<u>E<sub>f</sub></u>	<u>J<sub>f</sub><sup>π</sup></u>	<u>Comments</u>
89.0	89.0	2 <sup>+</sup>	0	0 <sup>+</sup>	
472.7	1715.2	0 <sup>+</sup>			The final state implied by this $\gamma$ is not listed among the candidate levels given in <a href="#">2011Be18</a> .
697.0	1851.2	0 <sup>+</sup>	1154.1	2 <sup>+</sup>	
960.5	1049.5	0 <sup>+</sup>	89.0	2 <sup>+</sup>	
1040.5	1129.4	2 <sup>+</sup>	89.0	2 <sup>+</sup>	
1079.2	1168.2	0 <sup>+</sup>	89.0	2 <sup>+</sup>	
1154.1	1154.1	2 <sup>+</sup>	0	0 <sup>+</sup>	
1682.2	1771.1	2 <sup>+</sup>	89.0	2 <sup>+</sup>	
1738.9	1827.8	2 <sup>+</sup>	89.0	2 <sup>+</sup>	

<sup>†</sup> Nominal value, from the adopted values, to indicate the region of the  $\gamma$  spectrum studied to identify the presence of the searched-for  $2\beta$  transition.

$^{156}\text{Dy}$  2ε decay 2011Be18,2011El05

Decay Scheme

$^{156}_{66}\text{Dy}_{90}$   $0^+ \rightarrow 0^+ \geq 1.8 \times 10^{14} \text{ y}$   
Q=2005.95 10  
%2ε=?

