

^{156}Tm ε decay (83.8 s) [1975Ag02,1980Zo02](#)

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	C. W. Reich	NDS 113, 2537 (2012)	1-Mar-2012

Parent: ^{156}Tm : $E=0$; $J^\pi=2^-$; $T_{1/2}=83.8$ s 18; $Q(\varepsilon)=7373$ 28; $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+$ decay=100.0

^{156}Tm - J^π : [Additional information 1.](#)

^{156}Tm - $T_{1/2}$: [Additional information 2.](#)

^{156}Tm - $Q(\varepsilon)$: [Additional information 3.](#)

[Additional information 4.](#)

[2003NaZX](#), using total-absorption γ spectroscopy, measured the Gamow-Teller strength distribution in the ^{156}Tm decay to ^{156}Er .

This information is presented in graphical form only.

[1975Ag02](#): ^{156}Tm source material produced by the (p,xn) reaction ($E(p)=157$ MeV) on natural Er, followed by isotope separation.

Measured γ singles, $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences using two Ge(Li) detectors of volumes 30 cm^3 and 40 cm^3 . ce spectra measured using a $150\text{ mm}^2 \times 3\text{ mm}$ Si(Li) detector. Report $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$, ce(K).

[1980Zo02](#): ^{156}Tm produced via the $^{148}\text{Sm}(^{14}\text{N},6n)$ reaction on isotope-separated targets. $E(^{14}\text{N})=109,113,119$ MeV. Reaction products collected and transported to counting station using a He-jet system. γ spectra studied using 30 cm^3 and 55 cm^3 Ge(Li) detectors and a 1 cm^3 planar Ge(Li) detector. ce spectra measured using a $2\text{ cm}^2 \times 3\text{ mm}$ Si(Li) detector. Measured γ singles, $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences and $\alpha(K)\text{exp}$ values.

 ^{156}Er Levels

The two published decay schemes differ substantially in that several levels are reported in only one scheme: there are 5 levels reported by [1975Ag02](#) only, 9 levels by [1980Zo02](#) only, and 11 levels reported by both. There is, however, only 1 γ that is differently placed.

The coincidences indicated on the level scheme drawing are from [1975Ag02](#).

No $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ intensities or $\log ft$ values are given on the level scheme drawing since the values deduced from the γ -intensity balances are clearly not meaningful. For example, they give $\log f^1 t \approx 8.1$ for some unique first-forbidden transitions; and the $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ intensities are comparable for ordinary and first-forbidden, unique transitions. These computed $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ intensities are most probably too large because, with a decay energy above 7 MeV, there are many higher-lying levels that are not observed, whose deexciting γ 's would influence the deduced intensity balance for a number of levels.

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	J^π^\ddagger	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0 &	0^+	19.5 min 10	$T_{1/2}$: From the Adopted Levels data set.
344.51 & 6	2^+		
797.38 & 8	4^+		
930.35 ^a 9	0^+		E(level): Level is unresolved from 2^+ level.
930.46 ^b 7	2^+		E(level): Level is unresolved from 0^+ level.
1220.80 ^a 9	2^+		
1243.02 [#] 21			J^π : Assigned as the 3^+ member of the γ -vibrational band by 1980Zo02 , but this band member is placed elsewhere (at 1350 keV) in the level scheme in the high-spin study of 2011Re06 . γ 's to 2^+ levels indicate J^π values from 0^+ to 4^+ .
1303.52 ^c 11	3^-		
1304.87 [@]			
1340.88 [@] & 17	6^+		
1351.31 ^b 9	3^+		J^π : From 1975Ag02 and the high-spin study of 2011Re06 . Assigned as 4^+ by 1980Zo02 .
1381.97 [@]			
1406.1 1	4^+		J^π : From the high-spin study of 2011Re06 . Assigned as the 2^+ member of an even-spin positive-parity band by 1980Zo02 .
1517.89 ^{#c} 18	(1^-)		
1546.72 ^a 11	4^+		

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

^{156}Tm ε decay (83.8 s) [1975Ag02,1980Zo02](#) (continued) ^{156}Er Levels (continued)

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	Comments
1570.74 ^d 15	2 ⁺	
1611.68 ^{#c} 22	5 ⁻	
1630.50 ^e 13	2 ⁻	
1663.40 ^{#b} 16		J^π : Assigned as the 5 ⁺ member of the γ -vibrational band by 1980Zo02 , but this band member is placed elsewhere (at 1834 keV) in the level scheme in the high-spin study of 2011Re06 . γ to 4 ⁺ level indicates J^π values from 2 ⁺ to 6 ⁺ .
1710.52 [#] 21		J^π : γ to 2 ⁺ indicates J^π from 0 ⁺ through 4 ⁺ . ce data suggest an E0 component in this transition (1975Ag02).
1814.48 ^{#e} 22	4 ⁻	
1836.1? [@]		This level may be the same as the 1834 level reported in the high-spin study of 2011Re06 .
1860.8 ^{#d} 6	(3 ⁺)	
1909.54 [#] 19	2 ⁺ ,3,4 ⁺	J^π : Assigned as the 3 ⁻ member of some octupole-related states by 1980Zo02 , but that 3 ⁻ level is placed at 1303 in the high-spin study of 2009Pa17 .
2014.60 18		
2169.8 [#] 3		
2249.81 [@] 22		

[†] From least-squares fit to γ energies.[‡] From ^{156}Er Adopted Levels.# Level from [1980Zo02](#) only.@ Level from [1975Ag02](#) only.& Band(A): $K^\pi=0^+$ ground-state band.^a Band(B): First excited $K^\pi=0^+$ band.^b Band(C): $K^\pi=2^+$ γ -vibrational band.^c Band(D): $K^\pi=0^-$ octupole band. From the systematics of octupole states in the neighboring N=88 nuclides, [1980Zo02](#) infer that these states form an octupole band. Note, however, that the configurational make-up of this band is thought to change at higher spin values (see, e.g., [1980Zo02](#) in (HI,xn γ) and the comment on the associated band in the Adopted Levels data set).^d Band(E): $K^\pi=2^+$ band. Possible two-phonon $\beta\gamma$ -vibration.^e Band(F): Probable octupole-related states. From consideration of the systematics of octupole excitations in the N=88 nuclides in this mass region, as well as from results of a quadrupole-octupole coupling calculation, [1980Zo02](#) infer that these levels have octupole character. $\gamma(^{156}\text{Er})$

I γ normalization: calculated to give 100% feeding to the ground state for this decay scheme. The listed uncertainty includes only the contributions from the intensities in this scheme. However, there is probably a significant systematic error to be considered due to incompleteness of the decay scheme. With a decay energy of over 7 MeV, there will be ε decay to many levels above the highest one reported here. This incompleteness is supported by the unreasonable $\log ft$ values computed from the γ -intensity balances. This problem is somewhat mitigated by the fact that most of the decays will pass through the 344 keV 2⁺ level, rather than bypassing it to the ground state. A second significant error may come from the direct $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ feeding of the ground state. From systematics ([1973Ra10](#)) one expects $\log f^I t \geq 8.5$ or an intensity $\leq 4\%$ for this branch.

γ 's that are only tentatively assigned to this decay by [1975Ag02](#), not reported by [1980Zo02](#), and not placed in the decay scheme are not included in this table. These γ 's are at 763.9, 974.9, 1415.2, 1545.5, and 1573.4 keV.

^{156}Tm ε decay (83.8 s) **1975Ag02,1980Zo02** (continued) $\gamma(^{156}\text{Er})$ (continued)

E_γ †	I_γ ‡e	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. #	α^f	Comments
290.68 14	0.44 7	1220.80	2 ⁺	930.35	0 ⁺	[E2]	0.0760	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0553$ 8; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.01605$ 23; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.00376$ 6; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000973$ 14 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000860$ 13; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.0001102$ 16; $\alpha(\text{P})=2.83\times 10^{-6}$ 4
312.4 ^{bh} 4 326.00 10	0.3 1 0.28 4	1243.02 1546.72	4 ⁺	930.46 2 ⁺ 1220.80 2 ⁺		[E2]	0.0538	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0401$ 6; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.01059$ 15; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.00247$ 4; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000641$ 9 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000565$ 8; $\alpha(\text{O})=7.33\times 10^{-5}$ 11; $\alpha(\text{P})=2.10\times 10^{-6}$ 3
344.55 7	100 3	344.51	2 ⁺	0	0 ⁺	E2	0.0457	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0345$ 5; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00871$ 13; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.00202$ 3; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000527$ 8 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000464$ 7; $\alpha(\text{O})=6.05\times 10^{-5}$ 9; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.82\times 10^{-6}$ 3 I_γ : Listed uncertainty is assumed by the evaluator. Mult.: From $\gamma(\theta)$ in (HI,xny) (1973Be43), mult=Q. RUL eliminates M2.
350.0@ 5	0.20 8	1570.74	2 ⁺	1220.80	2 ⁺	[M1,E2]	0.066 23	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.054$ 21; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.0096$ 14; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.0022$ 3; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.00057$ 8 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.00050$ 7; $\alpha(\text{O})=6.9\times 10^{-5}$ 13; $\alpha(\text{P})=3.1\times 10^{-6}$ 14
^x 406.9@ 3 420.78 9	0.11 4 1.8 3	1351.31	3 ⁺	930.46	2 ⁺	E2	0.0260	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0202$ 3; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00445$ 7; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.001025$ 15; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000268$ 4 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000236$ 4; $\alpha(\text{O})=3.14\times 10^{-5}$ 5; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.100\times 10^{-6}$ 16 Additional information 10.
423.40 17	0.51 8	1220.80	2 ⁺	797.38	4 ⁺	[E2]	0.0256	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0199$ 3; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00437$ 7; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.001004$ 15; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000263$ 4 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000231$ 4; $\alpha(\text{O})=3.08\times 10^{-5}$ 5; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.083\times 10^{-6}$ 16
^x 429.90@ 15 451.5 ^h 4 452.85 7	0.15 4 <0.15 20.1 10	1381.9? 797.38	4 ⁺	930.35 0 ⁺ 344.51 2 ⁺		E2	0.0213	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.01677$ 24; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00353$ 5; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000808$ 12; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000212$ 3 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000186$ 3; $\alpha(\text{O})=2.50\times 10^{-5}$ 4; $\alpha(\text{P})=9.19\times 10^{-7}$ 13 Additional information 5.
475.63 11 484.85 ^{ch} 15 507.4 ^h 4 543.50@ 15	1.06 9 0.53 7 <0.2 0.32 6	1406.1 1836.1? 1304.8? 1340.88	4 ⁺ 6 ⁺	930.46 2 ⁺ 1351.31 3 ⁺ 797.38 4 ⁺ 797.38 4 ⁺		E2	0.01331	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.01069$ 15; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00203$ 3; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000463$ 7; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.0001219$ 18 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.0001068$ 15; $\alpha(\text{O})=1.456\times 10^{-5}$ 21; $\alpha(\text{P})=5.96\times 10^{-7}$ 9 Mult.: From $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.0110$ 17, in (HI,xny) (1974Go14).
553.98 13 557.9 ^b 4	1.04 9 0.4 2	1351.31 1909.54	3 ⁺ 2 ⁺ ,3,4 ⁺	797.38 4 ⁺ 1351.31 3 ⁺				

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

^{156}Tm ε decay (83.8 s) [1975Ag02,1980Zo02](#) (continued) $\gamma(^{156}\text{Er})$ (continued)

E_γ [†]	I_γ ^{‡e}	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. #	α^f	Comments
585.93 ^g 8	<17.0 ^g	930.35	0 ⁺	344.51	2 ⁺	[E2]	0.01106	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00895$ 13; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.001643$ 23; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000372$ 6; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=9.83\times 10^{-5}$ 14 $\alpha(\text{N})=8.60\times 10^{-5}$ 12; $\alpha(\text{O})=1.180\times 10^{-5}$ 17; $\alpha(\text{P})=5.01\times 10^{-7}$ 7 I_γ : Only a minor part of this I_γ is from this level (1975Ag02).
585.93 ^g 8	17.0 ^g 9	930.46	2 ⁺	344.51	2 ⁺	E2	0.01106	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00895$ 13; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.001643$ 23; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000372$ 6; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=9.83\times 10^{-5}$ 14 $\alpha(\text{N})=8.60\times 10^{-5}$ 12; $\alpha(\text{O})=1.180\times 10^{-5}$ 17; $\alpha(\text{P})=5.01\times 10^{-7}$ 7 I_γ : The major part of this I_γ is from this level (1975Ag02). Additional information 7.
608.84 13 640.44 18	1.70 14 0.58 9	1406.1 1570.74	4 ⁺ 2 ⁺	797.38 4 ⁺ 930.46 2 ⁺		E0+M1+E2	0.11 3	$\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.088$ 26 α : Computed from $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}$ and theoretical $\alpha/\alpha(\text{K})$ ratios. $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}$: From 1975Ag02 .
699.9 2	1.47 17	1630.50	2 ⁻	930.46 2 ⁺		[E1]	0.00274	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00233$ 4; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.000320$ 5; $\alpha(\text{M})=7.01\times 10^{-5}$ 10; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=1.87\times 10^{-5}$ 3 $\alpha(\text{N})=1.628\times 10^{-5}$ 23; $\alpha(\text{O})=2.34\times 10^{-6}$ 4; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.264\times 10^{-7}$ 18
749.0 2	0.61 14	1546.72	4 ⁺	797.38 4 ⁺		E0+M1+E2	0.044 19	$\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.037$ 16 α : Computed from $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}$ and theoretical $\alpha/\alpha(\text{K})$ ratios. $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}$: From 1975Ag02 .
773.0 ^c 3	0.23 6	1570.74	2 ⁺	797.38 4 ⁺		[E2]	0.00582	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00480$ 7; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.000791$ 11; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.0001773$ 25; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=4.71\times 10^{-5}$ 7 $\alpha(\text{N})=4.11\times 10^{-5}$ 6; $\alpha(\text{O})=5.75\times 10^{-6}$ 8; $\alpha(\text{P})=2.72\times 10^{-7}$ 4
814.3 ^a 2	0.68 15	1611.68	5 ⁻	797.38 4 ⁺		[E1]	0.00202	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.001723$ 25; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.000235$ 4; $\alpha(\text{M})=5.15\times 10^{-5}$ 8; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=1.378\times 10^{-5}$ 20 $\alpha(\text{N})=1.196\times 10^{-5}$ 17; $\alpha(\text{O})=1.720\times 10^{-6}$ 24; $\alpha(\text{P})=9.40\times 10^{-8}$ 14
^x 826.0 [@] 4 866.02 ^a 14 876.20 14	0.19 8 0.53 7 2.7 2	1663.40 1220.80		797.38 4 ⁺ 344.51 2 ⁺		E0+E2(+M1)	0.043 12	$\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.036$ 10 α : Computed from $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}$ and theoretical $\alpha/\alpha(\text{K})$ ratios. $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}$: Average of 0.042 11 (1975Ag02) and 0.032 8 (1980Zo02).
898.5 ^{gd} 2 898.5 ^{gd} 2 930	1.50 ^g 14 1.50 ^g 14	1243.02 2249.81 930.35		344.51 2 ⁺ 1351.31 3 ⁺ 0 0 ⁺		E0		I_γ : The ce lines of this transition and those of the 930.46 γ from the 930-keV, 2 ⁺ level form a doublet structure. However, since this is an E0

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

^{156}Tm ε decay (83.8 s) **1975Ag02,1980Zo02** (continued) $\gamma(^{156}\text{Er})$ (continued)

E_γ [†]	I_γ ^{‡e}	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [#]	α^f	Comments
								transition, all of the γ intensity is assigned to the 930.42 γ .
								Mult.: $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}$ for 930+930.4 corresponds to M1 or M1,E2, and is interpreted as arising from an E0 transition and an E2 γ .
930.42 9	5.9 4	930.46	2 ⁺	0	0 ⁺	E2	0.00390	Additional information 6. $\alpha(\text{K})=0.00325$ 5; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.000507$ 7; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.0001130$ 16; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=3.01\times 10^{-5}$ 5 $\alpha(\text{N})=2.62\times 10^{-5}$ 4; $\alpha(\text{O})=3.71\times 10^{-6}$ 6; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.85\times 10^{-7}$ 3 Mult.: $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}$ for 930+930.4 corresponds to M1 or M1,E2, and is interpreted as arising from an E0 transition and an E2 γ .
959.00 9	10.3 6	1303.52	3 ⁻	344.51	2 ⁺	E1	1.48×10^{-3}	Additional information 8. $\alpha(\text{K})=0.001262$ 18; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.0001705$ 24; $\alpha(\text{M})=3.73\times 10^{-5}$ 6; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=1.000\times 10^{-5}$ 14 $\alpha(\text{N})=8.68\times 10^{-6}$ 13; $\alpha(\text{O})=1.252\times 10^{-6}$ 18; $\alpha(\text{P})=6.91\times 10^{-8}$ 10
1006.86 16	3.6 3	1351.31	3 ⁺	344.51	2 ⁺			Additional information 9. $\alpha(\text{K})=0.001131$ 16; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.0001524$ 22; $\alpha(\text{M})=3.34\times 10^{-5}$ 5; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=8.94\times 10^{-6}$ 13 $\alpha(\text{N})=7.76\times 10^{-6}$ 11; $\alpha(\text{O})=1.120\times 10^{-6}$ 16; $\alpha(\text{P})=6.20\times 10^{-8}$ 9
1017.1 ^a 2	1.27 17	1814.48	4 ⁻	797.38	4 ⁺	[E1]	1.33×10^{-3}	
1061.3 ^{&} 4	1.0 3	1406.1	4 ⁺	344.51	2 ⁺			E_γ : γ is questionable, since it was not reported by 1975Ag02 and weaker lines were reported by them in this energy region.
1084.4 [@] 3	0.25 8	2014.60		930.35	0 ⁺			
^x 1160.5 [@] 4	0.19 6							
1173.34 19	≈ 0.5	1517.89	(1 ⁻)	344.51	2 ⁺	[E1]	1.04×10^{-3}	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.000873$ 13; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.0001169$ 17; $\alpha(\text{M})=2.56\times 10^{-5}$ 4; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=2.02\times 10^{-5}$ 3 $\alpha(\text{N})=5.95\times 10^{-6}$ 9; $\alpha(\text{O})=8.60\times 10^{-7}$ 12; $\alpha(\text{P})=4.80\times 10^{-8}$ 7; $\alpha(\text{IPF})=1.332\times 10^{-5}$ 20
1202.2 2	1.05 15	1546.72	4 ⁺	344.51	2 ⁺	[E2]	0.00232	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00195$ 3; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.000287$ 4; $\alpha(\text{M})=6.36\times 10^{-5}$ 9; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=2.24\times 10^{-5}$ 4 $\alpha(\text{N})=1.479\times 10^{-5}$ 21; $\alpha(\text{O})=2.11\times 10^{-6}$ 3; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.112\times 10^{-7}$ 16; $\alpha(\text{IPF})=5.36\times 10^{-6}$ 8
1220.83 17	3.5 3	1220.80	2 ⁺	0	0 ⁺	[E2]	0.00226	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00189$ 3; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.000278$ 4; $\alpha(\text{M})=6.16\times 10^{-5}$ 9; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=2.39\times 10^{-5}$ 4 $\alpha(\text{N})=1.431\times 10^{-5}$ 20; $\alpha(\text{O})=2.05\times 10^{-6}$ 3; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.079\times 10^{-7}$ 16; $\alpha(\text{IPF})=7.43\times 10^{-6}$ 11
1226.1 ^h 3	1.40 14	1570.74	2 ⁺	344.51	2 ⁺			
1286.05 14	3.1 4	1630.50	2 ⁻	344.51	2 ⁺	[E1]	9.29×10^{-4}	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.000742$ 11; $\alpha(\text{L})=9.90\times 10^{-5}$ 14;

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

^{156}Tm ε decay (83.8 s) [1975Ag02](#), [1980Zo02](#) (continued) $\gamma(^{156}\text{Er})$ (continued)

E_γ^\dagger	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger e}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [#]	α^f	Comments
								$\alpha(\text{M})=2.17\times 10^{-5}$ 3; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=6.63\times 10^{-5}$ 10 $\alpha(\text{N})=5.04\times 10^{-6}$ 7; $\alpha(\text{O})=7.29\times 10^{-7}$ 11; $\alpha(\text{P})=4.08\times 10^{-8}$ 6; $\alpha(\text{IPF})=6.05\times 10^{-5}$ 9
1366.0 ^a 2 x1405.0 5	1.8 3 0.5 1	1710.52		344.51	2 ⁺			Placed from the 1406 level by 1980Zo02 , but this level has subsequently been assigned as 4 ⁺ in the high-spin study of 2011Re06 . 1975Ag02 do not place this γ , stating that it is not firmly associated with this decay.
1516.3 ^a 6	1.4 5	1860.8	(3 ⁺)	344.51	2 ⁺	[M1,E2]	0.0020 4	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0016$ 4; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00022$ 5; $\alpha(\text{M})=4.9\times 10^{-5}$ 10; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=9.9\times 10^{-5}$ 12 $\alpha(\text{N})=1.15\times 10^{-5}$ 24; $\alpha(\text{O})=1.7\times 10^{-6}$ 4; $\alpha(\text{P})=9.3\times 10^{-8}$ 22; $\alpha(\text{IPF})=8.6\times 10^{-5}$ 9 I_γ : From 1980Zo02 . 1975Ag02 report a single value (3.2 6) for the combined 1516.3 and 1518.0 γ 's.
1518.0 4	2.2 5	1517.89	(1 ⁻)	0	0 ⁺	[E1]	8.62 $\times 10^{-4}$	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.000558$ 8; $\alpha(\text{L})=7.40\times 10^{-5}$ 11; $\alpha(\text{M})=1.619\times 10^{-5}$ 23; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000214$ 3 $\alpha(\text{N})=3.77\times 10^{-6}$ 6; $\alpha(\text{O})=5.46\times 10^{-7}$ 8; $\alpha(\text{P})=3.08\times 10^{-8}$ 5; $\alpha(\text{IPF})=0.000210$ 3 I_γ : From 1980Zo02 . 1975Ag02 report a single value (3.2 6) for the combined 1516.3 and 1518.0 γ 's.
x1529.3 [@] 4	0.47 13							
1565.1 ^a 2	1.9 3	1909.54	2 ⁺ ,3,4 ⁺	344.51	2 ⁺			
x1663.9 3	1.35 21							
1670.0 2	1.6 2	2014.60		344.51	2 ⁺			
x1677.2 [@] 5	0.28 9							
x1711.7 [@] 10	0.25 9							
x1722.5 [@] 8	0.36 9							
x1738.7 [@] 10	0.28 9							
x1760.5 [@] 8	0.43 13							
x1767.3 [@] 8	0.19 8							
x1779.4 [@] 9	0.19 8							
1825.3 ^a 3	0.95 14	2169.8		344.51	2 ⁺			

[†] From weighted average of values of [1975Ag02](#) and [1980Zo02](#).

[‡] From weighted average of values of [1975Ag02](#) and [1980Zo02](#).

[#] Except for the 344 and 543 γ 's, the assignments are those of [1975Ag02](#) and [1980Zo02](#) and are based on the $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}$ values. In deducing these values, the normalization of the ce and γ intensity scales was done using the theoretical $\alpha(\text{K})$ value for the 344 γ , assuming a pure E2 multipolarity.

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

^{156}Tm ε decay (83.8 s) [1975Ag02](#), [1980Zo02](#) (continued)

$\gamma(^{156}\text{Er})$ (continued)

@ From [1975Ag02](#) only.

& From [1980Zo02](#) only.

^a Placed only by [1980Zo02](#); but observed in both studies.

^b Only tentatively assigned to this decay by [1980Zo02](#) and not reported by [1975Ag02](#).

^c Only tentatively assigned to this decay by [1975Ag02](#) and not reported by [1980Zo02](#).

^d γ placed from 1243-keV level by [1980Zo02](#) and from 2249-keV level by [1975Ag02](#).

^e For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.86 2.

^f Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

^g Multiply placed with undivided intensity.

^h Placement of transition in the level scheme is uncertain.

^x γ ray not placed in level scheme.

^{156}Tm ϵ decay (83.8 s) 1975Ag02,1980Zo02

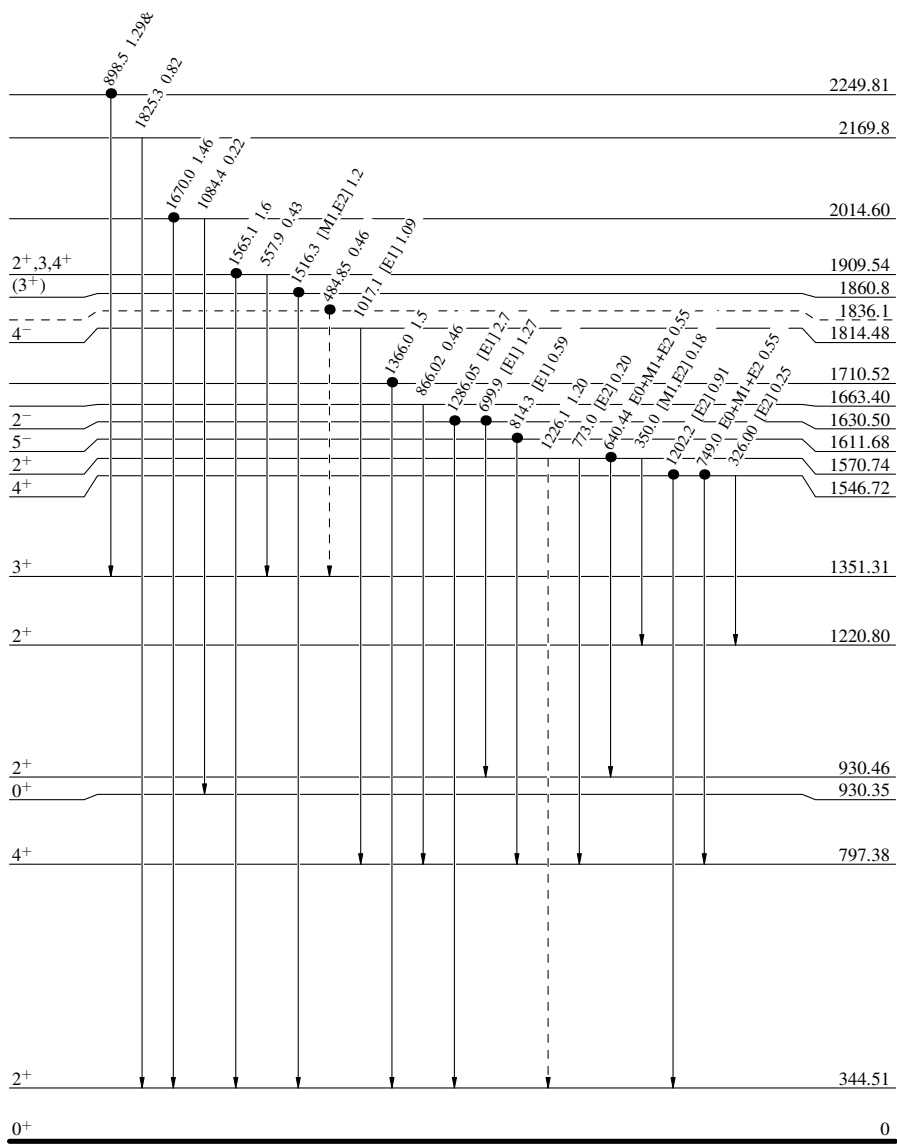
Decay Scheme

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- - - γ Decay (Uncertain)
- Coincidence

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays
& Multiply placed: undivided intensity given

$^{156}\text{Tm}_{87}$ 2^- 0 83.8 s 18
 $Q_\epsilon = 7373.28$
 $\% \epsilon + \% \beta^+ = 100.0$


 $^{156}_{68}\text{Er}_{88}$

19.5 min 10

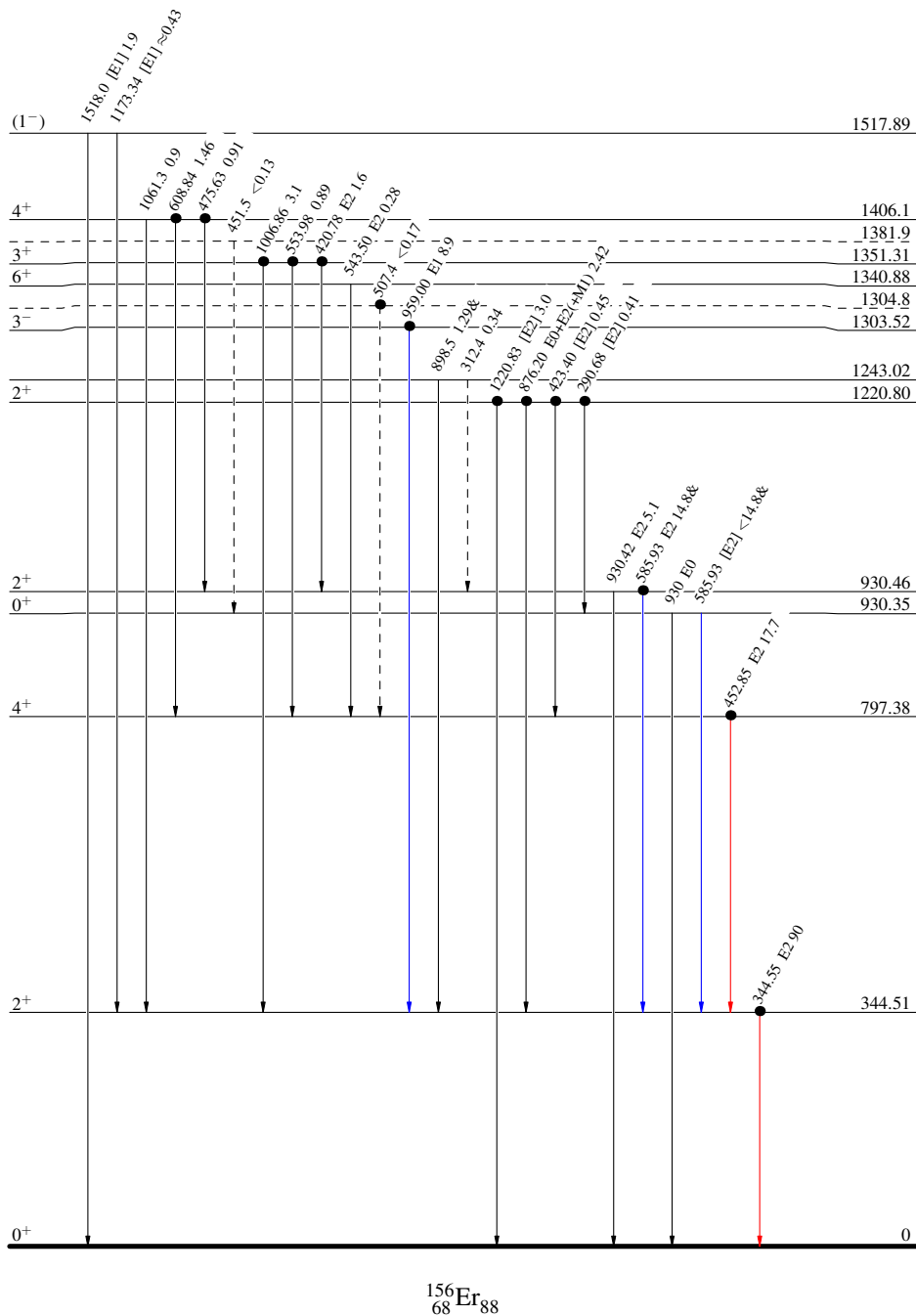
^{156}Tm ε decay (83.8 s) 1975Ag02,1980Zo02

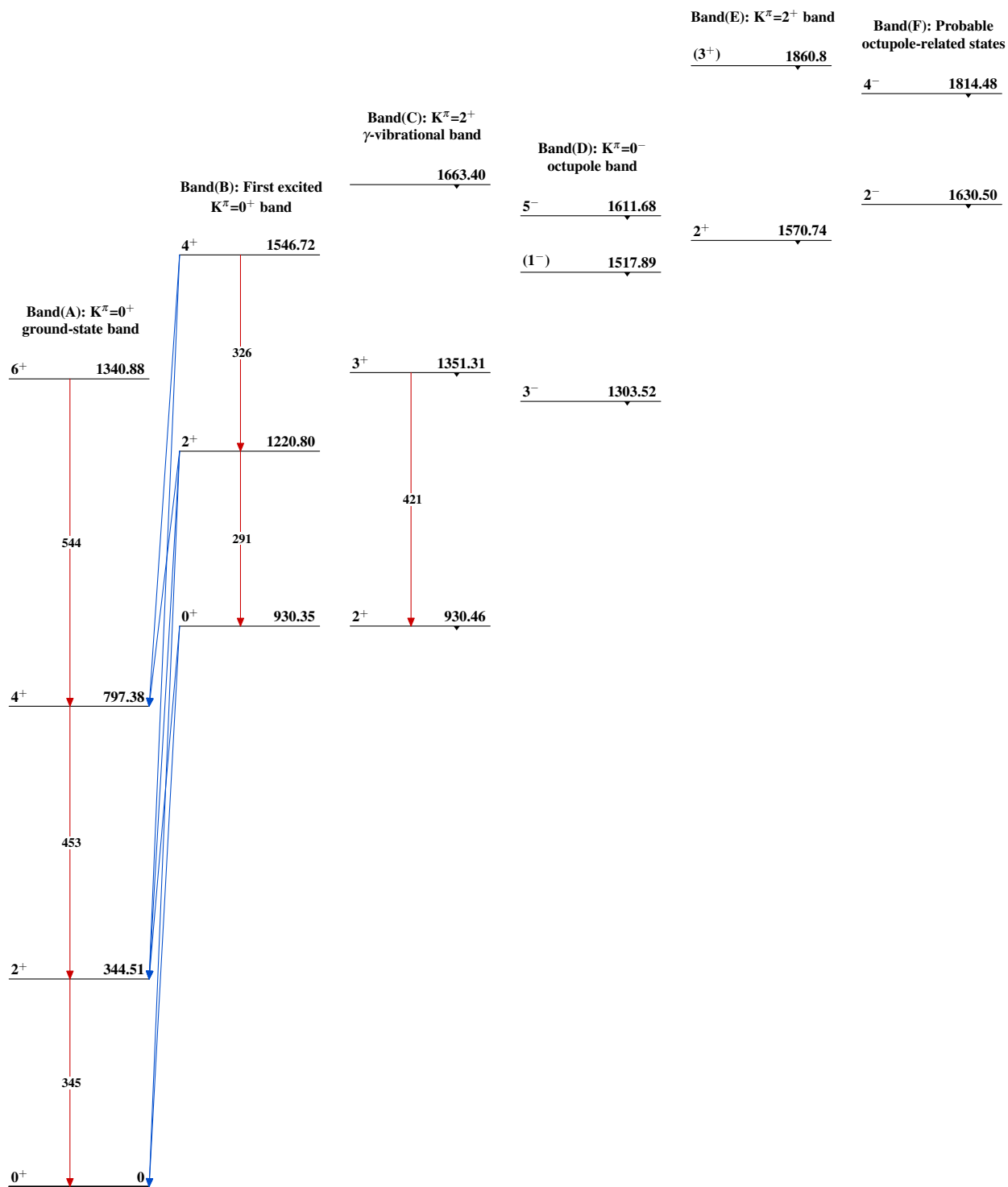
Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
 —→ $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
 —→ $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
 - - - - - γ Decay (Uncertain)
 • Coincidence

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays
 & Multiply placed: undivided intensity given

$^{156}\text{Tm}_{87}$
 2^- 0 83.8 s 18
 $Q_\varepsilon = 7373.28$
 $\%e + \% \beta^+ = 100.0$



^{156}Tm ε decay (83.8 s) 1975Ag02,1980Zo02 $^{156}_{68}\text{Er}_{88}$