

^{155}Eu β^- decay (4.753 y)

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	N. Nica	NDS 160, 1 (2019)	21-Oct-2019

Parent: ^{155}Eu : $E=0.0$; $J^\pi=5/2^+$; $T_{1/2}=4.753$ y 14; $Q(\beta^-)=251.8$ 9; $\% \beta^-$ decay=100.0

Additional information 1.

The decay scheme is due primarily to 1969Me09 and 1967Fo11. Quite helpful studies of the lowest-energy transitions (<22 keV) have been reported in 1967Fo11, 1975Ch04 (albeit from the ^{155}Tb decay), 1979Aw03 and 1990GoZS. This latter work is useful in that it utilizes a high-resolution electrostatic spectrometer (resolution 7 to 12 eV) to study the conversion-electron spectrum, γ -ray and x-ray emission probabilities, 1996Ch27, 2002ChZN; ^{155}Eu $T_{1/2}$ value: 1999ChZU, 1996ChZY, 2000Ch01.

Using a high-resolution electrostatic spectrometer, 1990GoZR studied the Auger electron spectrum of a ^{155}Eu source. With this instrument, 1990GoZS were able to observe the natural line widths of the K, L1, L2 and L3 atomic levels of Gd.

Others: 1990Me15, 1986Sc25, 1983Wa26, 1982Co05, 1980Gn01, 1976Me10, 1975Kr04, 1974Da24, 1974HeYW, 1972Do14, 1972Em01, 1972Su09, 1971Ge11, 1970Mo23, 1970Ra37, 1970Re08, 1969Ba72, 1969Gr32, 1968Al01, 1968BI07, 1968Ma15, 1968Om01, 1968So02, 1967BI11, 1967Ko17, 1967Ma27, 1966Kr01, 1966Mc07, 1966Me06, 1961Ha44, 1961Su13, 1960Su04, 1959Am16, 1959Ha07, 1959Ve18, 1958Bi32, 1958GI56, 1956Du31, 1954Le08, 1950Ke12, 1950Wi11, 1950Ke12, 1949Ha04, 1949Ma58.

 ^{155}Gd Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0 [#]	3/2 ⁻	stable	
60.0098 [#] 7	5/2 ⁻		
86.5462 [@] 9	5/2 ⁺	6.50 ns 4	$T_{1/2}$: from the adopted values. This value is based on a number of studies of both the ^{155}Eu β^- decay and the ^{155}Tb ε decay.
105.3088 [@] 8	3/2 ⁺	1.16 ns 1	$T_{1/2}$: from the adopted values. This value is based on a number of studies of both the ^{155}Eu β^- decay and the ^{155}Tb ε decay.
107.5794 [@] 20	9/2 ⁺		
117.9971 [@] 17	7/2 ⁺		
146.0698 [#] 8	7/2 ⁻		

[†] Values obtained from a least-squares fit involving the listed γ -ray energies.

[‡] From the Adopted Values.

[#] Band(A): g.s. band. Conf=3/2(521).

[@] Band(B): Mixed positive-parity band. Conf=3/2(651)+... . Band also contains components of other $i_{13/2}$ -related Nilsson states, as well as 3/2[402] from strong $\Delta N=2$ mixing.

 β^- radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^-$ ^{†‡}	Log ft	Comments
(105.7 9)	146.0698	0.72 7	8.83 5	av $E\beta=27.71$ 25
(133.8 9)	117.9971	1.7 3	8.78 8	av $E\beta=35.50$ 26
(146.5 9)	105.3088	46.2 24	7.466 24	av $E\beta=39.08$ 26
(165.3 9)	86.5462	25.5 24	7.89 5	av $E\beta=44.43$ 26
(191.8 9)	60.0098	8.2 4	8.583 23	av $E\beta=52.13$ 27
(251.8 9)	0.0	17.7 11	8.62 3	av $E\beta=70.09$ 28
E(decay): 1960Su04 report $E\beta=250$ keV.				

[†] Computed from the transition-intensity balance at each level.

[‡] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

¹⁵⁵Eu β⁻ decay (4.753 y) (continued)

γ(¹⁵⁵Gd)

I_γ normalization: Based on a weighted average of the measurements of [1994Co02](#) and [1994Eg01](#), who report 31.1 4 photons per 100 ¹⁵⁵Eu decays and 30.5 3 photons per 100 ¹⁵⁵Eu decays, respectively, for I_γ(86.6γ). Using a magnetic spectrometer, [1960Su04](#) measure Iβ⁻=13% for the g.s. β branch. Based on this value, I_γ normalization is calculated to be 0.325.

<u>E_γ</u> ^{<u>†‡</u>}	<u>I_γ</u> ^{<u>†‡a</u>}	<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Mult.#</u>	<u>δ^{#@}</u>	<u>α^{&}</u>	<u>Comments</u>
10.4178 12	0.0116 14	117.9971	7/2 ⁺	107.5794	9/2 ⁺	M1+E2	0.033 +9-12	3.4×10 ² 6	α(L)=2.7×10 ² 5; α(M)=59 11 α(N)=13.5 24; α(O)=2.0 3; α(P)=0.0992 14 E _γ : adopted value. I _γ : calculated by evaluator from intensity balance at 107.6 level. δ: 0.017 +5-8 calculated by evaluator for this dataset from subshell ratios L1/L1=1.00, L2/L1=0.237 44, L3/L1=0.062 23, M/L=0.180 45, M2/M1=0.153 139, M3/M1=0.152 139 (1968Ba80 , superseding 1967Fo11).
^x 12.70 25	0.032 21								
^x 13.80 25	0.064 21								
18.763 2	0.16 2	105.3088	3/2 ⁺	86.5462	5/2 ⁺	M1+E2	+0.274 4	362 10	α(L)=280 8; α(M)=64.9 19 α(N)=14.4 4; α(O)=1.88 6; α(P)=0.01653 24 E _γ : 18.776 35 (1969Me09), 18.73 3 (1975Kr04), 18.769 15 (1976Ch04 , from ¹⁵⁵ Tb ε decay), 18.760 4 (1986Sc25), 18.784 35 (1990Me15), 18.764 2 (1990G0ZS); others: 18.75 (1967Fo11). I _γ : 0.17 3 (1971Ge11), 0.16 2 (1974HeYW), 0.13 3 (1975Kr04), 0.16 4 (1990Me15); others: ≈ 0.1 (1959Ha07), 0.16 4 (1969Me09). δ: calculated by evaluator for this dataset from subshell ratios: 0.293 12 from L1/L1=1.000 74, L2/L1=3.741 148, L3/L1=5.185 222, M1/L1=0.444 74, M2/L1=1.593 148, M3/L1=2.259 148, N1/L1=0.815 222, N2/L1=0.815 222 (1990GoZS); 0.260 9 from L1/L1=1.000 119, L2/L1=3.349 218, L3/L1=4.391 263 (1967Fo11).
21.035 4	0.00152 18	107.5794	9/2 ⁺	86.5462	5/2 ⁺	E2		2.60×10 ³	α(L)=2.01×10 ³ 3; α(M)=471 7 α(N)=104.1 15; α(O)=13.25 19; α(P)=0.00391 6 E _γ : 21.02 2 (1967Fo11), 21.030 10 (1986Sc25), 21.036 4 (1990GoZS). I _γ : calculated by evaluator relative to I(86.5γ)=100 using internal conversion electron intensities (1967Fo11 , Table 3, p. 865) and theoretical internal coefficient values.
^x 24.56 30	0.025 25								
26.527 21	1.03 6	86.5462	5/2 ⁺	60.0098	5/2 ⁻	E1		1.95	α(L)=1.531 22; α(M)=0.336 5

$^{155}\text{Eu} \beta^-$ decay (4.753 y) (continued) $\gamma(^{155}\text{Gd})$ (continued)

E_γ $\ddagger\ddagger$	I_γ $\ddagger\ddagger a$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. #	$\delta^{\# @}$	$\alpha^\&$	Comments
									$\alpha(\text{N})=0.0739$ 11; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.00966$ 14; $\alpha(\text{P})=0.000328$ 5 E_γ : 26.49 5 (1975Kr04), 26.530 23 (1986Sc25), 26.532 21 (1990Me15); other: 26.513 21 (1969Me09). I_γ : 1.00 10 (1971Ge11), 1.10 13 (197Kr04), 1.03 6 (1990Me15); others: ≈ 4 (1959Ha07), ≈ 1 (1968Al01), 26.513 21 (1969Me09). $\alpha(\text{L})=39.1$ 22; $\alpha(\text{M})=9.1$ 6 $\alpha(\text{N})=2.03$ 12; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.267$ 15; $\alpha(\text{P})=0.00335$ 6 E_γ : 31.55 10 (1970Re08), 31.444 7 (1986Sc25), 31.4 1 (1990GoZS); other: 31.4 (1) (1969Me09). I_γ : 0.03 2 (1970Re08), 0.023 5 (1990Me15); other: 0.023 5 (1969Me09).
$^{x}40.75$ 20 45.2989 10	0.086 9 4.27 12	105.3088	3/2 ⁺	60.0098	5/2 ⁻	E1		0.437	$\alpha(\text{L})=0.343$ 5; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.0747$ 11 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.01665$ 24; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.00231$ 4; $\alpha(\text{P})=9.60 \times 10^{-5}$ 14 E_γ : 45.29 1 (1957Bo15), 45.299 2 (1970Re08), 45.2972 13 (1970Ra37), 45.27 5 (1975Kr04), 45.300 1 (1986Sc26), 45.295 13 (1990Me15); other: 45.299 13 (1969Me09). I_γ : 3.6 7 (1970Re08), 4.1 3 (1971Ge11), 3.95 40 (1975Kr04), 3.95 40 (1975Kr04), 4.21 20 (1990Me15), 4.36 12 (194Eg01), 4.3 10 (1996Ch27); others: 2.3 (1959Ha07), 2.8 7 (1968Al01), 4.18 19 (1969Me09). δ : from $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$, 1975Kr04 report $\delta=-0.035$ 25. From the $T_{1/2}$ value for this level and its γ +ce branching, this δ value implies $\text{B}(\text{M}2)(\text{W.u.}) > 13$, which exceeds RUL of 1. For $\text{B}(\text{M}2)(\text{W.u.}) \leq 1$, $\delta \leq 0.0027$.
57.9873 17	0.216 18	117.9971	7/2 ⁺	60.0098	5/2 ⁻	E1		1.238	$\alpha(\text{K})=1.020$ 15; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.1712$ 24; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.0372$ 6 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.00834$ 12; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.001181$ 17; $\alpha(\text{P})=5.30 \times 10^{-5}$ 8 E_γ : 57.970 26 (1970Re08), 57.9805 20 (1970Ra37), 57.99 4 (1975Kr04), 57.989 1 (1986Sc25), 57.986 30 (1990Me15); other: 57.983 30 (1969Me09). I_γ : 0.20 3 (1968Al01), 0.22 5 (1970Re08), 0.22 3 (1975Kr04), 0.221 18 (1990Me15), 0.213 30 (1994Eg01); other: 0.217 18 (1969Me09).
60.0089 10	3.80 10	60.0098	5/2 ⁻	0.0	3/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.198 8	9.14	$\alpha(\text{K})=7.25$ 11; $\alpha(\text{L})=1.48$ 4; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.329$ 9 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.0749$ 20; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.0110$ 3; $\alpha(\text{P})=0.000543$ 8 E_γ : 60.00 2 (1959Ha07), 59.97 20 (1967Fo11), 60.006 4 (1970Re08), 60.0100 18 (1970Ra37), 60.01 4 (1975Kr04), 60.012 3 (1976Me10), 60.008 2 (1986Sc25), 60.022 15, (1990Me15), 60.0086 10 (1990GoZS); other: 60.019 15 (1969Me09). I_γ : 3.8 2 (1968Al01), 4.3 3 (1970Re08), 3.9 9 (1971Ge11), 3.8 4 (1975Kr04), 3.60 10 (1990Me15), 3.99 12 (1994Eg01), 3.9 9 (1996Ch27); others: 4.0 (1959Ha07), 5.1 20 (1967Bl11), 3.60 8 (1969Me09). δ : calculated by evaluator for this dataset: 0.198 8 from $\text{K}/\text{L}1=6.81$

¹⁵⁵Eu β⁻ decay (4.753 y) (continued)

γ(¹⁵⁵Gd) (continued)

<u>E_γ^{††}</u>	<u>I_γ^{††a}</u>	<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Mult.[#]</u>	<u>δ^{#@}</u>	<u>α^{&}</u>	<u>Comments</u>
86.0591 10	0.50 5	146.0698	7/2 ⁻	60.0098	5/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.184 23	3.14	36, L1/L1=1.000 4, L2/L1=0.295 13, L3/L1=0.249 12 (1967Fo11); -0.19 3 (1975Kr0, γγ(θ)), -0.20 3 (1961Su13, γγ(θ)). α(K)=2.59 4; α(L)=0.435 16; α(M)=0.096 4 α(N)=0.0219 9; α(O)=0.00331 11; α(P)=0.000192 3 E _γ : 86.01 20 (1967Fo11), 86.062 23 (1970Re08), 86.062 5 (1970Ra37), 86.03 7 (1975Kr04), 86.059 1 (1986Sc25); other: 86.0 (1969Me05). I _γ : 0.50 5 (1968Al01), 0.49 5 (1970Re08), 0.54 11 (1975Kr04). δ: 0.19 4 (1975Kr04, γγ(θ)) for this dataset. Since the δ values for the other ΔJ=1 transitions in the g.s. band are found (1992Ku15, 1998St28) to be negative, the evaluator has assumed that the sign of this one is negative also. This is confirmed by the negative adopted from γγ(θ) (1959De29, Coulomb Ex. dataset).
86.5463 10	100	86.5462	5/2 ⁺	0.0	3/2 ⁻	E1		0.431	α(K)=0.360 5; α(L)=0.0555 8; α(M)=0.01203 17 α(N)=0.00271 4; α(O)=0.000394 6; α(P)=1.97×10 ⁻⁵ 3 E _γ : 86.54 1 (1959Ha07), 86.52 20 (1967Fo11), 86.541 3 (1970Re08), 86.5452 33 (1970Ra37), 86.53 3 (1975Kr04), 86.547 1 (1986Sc25), 86.554 15 (1990Me15); other: 86.539 15 (1986Me09). I _γ : 100 (1959Ha07), 100 (1967B111), 100 (1969Al01), 100 (1970Re08), 100 (1971Ge11), 100 (1975Kr04), 100 (1990Me15), 100 (1994Eg01), 100 (1996Ch26); other: 100 (1969Me09), Mult.: 1975Kr04 indicate δ(M2/E1)=0.02 5.
105.3087 10	68.8 14	105.3088	3/2 ⁺	0.0	3/2 ⁻	E1		0.254	α(K)=0.213 3; α(L)=0.0320 5; α(M)=0.00693 10 α(N)=0.001568 22; α(O)=0.000230 4; α(P)=1.201×10 ⁻⁵ 17 E _γ : 105.32 3 (1957Bo15), 105.28 20 (1967Fo11), 105.302 4 (1970Re08), 105.308 3 (1970Ra37), 105.30 3 (1975Kr04), 105.309 1 (1986Sc25), 105.338 15 (1990Me15); other: 105.315 15 (1969Me09). I _γ : 65.7 65 (1967B111), 67.9 35 (1968Al01), 68.3 27 (1970Re08), 68 4 (1971Ge11), 69.9 35 (1975Kr04), 69.1 9 (1982Co05), 66.8 27 (1990Me15), 68.5 14 (1994Eg01), 69.5 16 (1996Ch27); other: 64 (1959Ha07).
^x 107.60 20	<0.0013								I _γ : from 1969Me09.
146.0706 10	0.166 10	146.0698	7/2 ⁻	0.0	3/2 ⁻	E2		0.649	α(K)=0.398 6; α(L)=0.194 3; α(M)=0.0453 7 α(N)=0.01014 15; α(O)=0.001360 19; α(P)=2.12×10 ⁻⁵ 3 E _γ : 146.061 5 (1970Re08), 146.04 10 (1974Kr04), 146.071 1 (1986Sc25), 146.090 90 (1990Me15). I _γ : 0.16 5 (1967B111), 0.19 2 (1970Re08), 0.14 2 (1975Kr04), 0.167 10 (1990Me15); other: 0.169 9 (1969Me09).

[†] Weighted average values of the values listed in comments. Values of 1969Me09 were superseded by 1990Me15.

¹⁵⁵Eu β⁻ decay (4.753 y) (continued)

γ(¹⁵⁵Gd) (continued)

‡ Listed values for unplaced γ's are those of [1979Aw03](#).
Adopted values.
@ [Additional information 2](#).
& [Additional information 3](#).
^a For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.307 3.
^x γ ray not placed in level scheme.

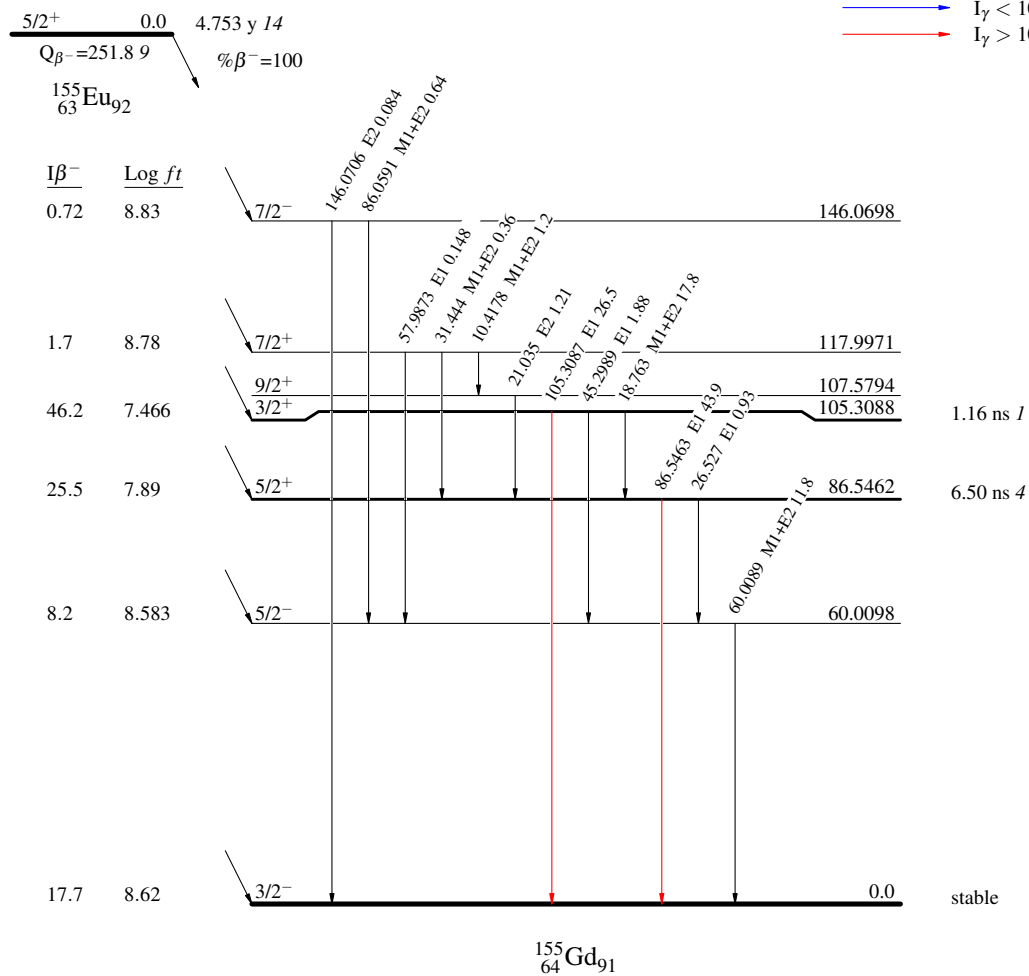
$^{155}\text{Eu} \beta^-$ decay (4.753 y)

Decay Scheme

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$



$^{155}\text{Eu} \beta^-$ decay (4.753 y)