156 **Dy**(**d**,**t**), 156 **Dy**(3 **He**, α) 1976St06

		History	
Туре	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	N. Nica	NDS 160, 1 (2019)	21-Oct-2019

Additional information 1.

E(d)=15 MeV, FWHM=6 keV; E(³He)=24 MeV, FWHM=18 keV. The target was $\approx 30 \ \mu g/cm^2$ of ¹⁵⁶Dy, deposited on an $\approx 40 \ \mu g/cm^2$ carbon foil. The reaction products were analyzed using an Enge split-pole magnetic spectrograph and detected in photographic emulsions. Spectra were recorded at 15 angles for (d,t) and at 5 angles for (${}^{3}\text{He},\alpha$). DWBA analysis.

Other: 1970Gr46 (d,t). E(d)=12.1 MeV. Measured $d\sigma/d\Omega$ at $\theta=60^\circ$, 90° and 125°.

¹⁵⁵Dy Levels

E(level) [‡]	$J^{\pi \#}$	L [†]	s ^{@&a}	Comments	
0.0 ^{<i>c</i>}	3/2-	1	135		
39 ^c	5/2-		1.2	S: value at $\theta = 30^{\circ}$.	
87 ^C	7/2-	3	193		
134 ^{bm}	5/2-&9/2+	3,4	74		
154 ^m	13/2+	6	22		
202 ^f	3/2-	1	12		
225 ^{bd}	7/2-&9/2-	5,6	19	L: the expected L=3 component does not contribute much to the peak $(1976St06)$.	
234 ^e	11/2-	5,6	47		
240 ^k	3/2+	2	314		
248	5/2+	2,3	36	Coriolis-mixing calculations of 1976St06 indicate that this may be the 5/2 ⁺ member of the "1/2[660]" band.	
321 ^{bl}	1/2+&5/2-,(3/2)-	0	542	S: this large value indicates that the bandhead of $1/2[400]$ is present in this peak. L: the strong contribution from L=0 obscures that from the other component.	
345 ^{bk}	5/2+&1/2-,3/2-	1	57	L: the expected contribution from the L=2 component is not large enough to affect the angular distribution $(1976St06)$.	
382 ^{bm}	17/2+&3/2-,(1/2)-	1	167	Note that the 17/2 ⁺ level cannot be directly populated in single-nucleon transfer. 1976St06 suggest that it is populated by competing two-step processes.	
424	5/2-,7/2-	3	27	by oblood suggest time it is populated by composing the step processes	
439	5/2+,7/2+		10		
449 ^h	1/2-,3/2-	1	39		
459	5/2-	3,4	8		
482 ¹	5/2+	2	60		
515	$(1/2^+)$	(0)	17		
547			3	S: value at $\theta = 40^{\circ}$.	
555 <mark>8</mark> 594	5/2-,7/2-	2,3	17 5		
656	$(3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	(2)	26		
703 ^h	(0/2 ,0/2)	2,3	19	J ^{π} : from Coriolis-mixing calculations, 1976St06 assign this as the 5/2 ⁻ member of 1/2[530].	
774 f	$(9/2^{-}, 11/2^{-})$	(5)	2	/ L 1	
803	(*/= ,/=)	(-)	5		
874	$(1/2^+)$	(0)	11		
895 ⁱ	$(1/2^{-}, 3/2^{-})$	(1)	15		
925			2	S: value at $\theta = 30^{\circ}$.	
1037 <mark>/</mark>	5/2-,7/2-	3	39		
1061			5	S: value at $\theta = 30^{\circ}$.	
1084 ⁱ	5/2-,7/2-	3	29		
1119	2/2+ 5/2 7/2-	~ ~	6		
1145 1207	3/2+,5/2,7/2-	2,3	8 6		
1217	3/2+,5/2+		<3		

¹⁵⁶**Dy(d,t)**, ¹⁵⁶**Dy**(³**He**, α) **1976St06** (continued)

¹⁵⁵Dy Levels (continued)

E(level) [‡]	J ^{π#}	L†	s ^{@&a}	Comments
1295			6	
1325			5	
1424 <i>j</i>	$(9/2^{-}, 11/2^{-})$	(5)	3	
1441	5/2-,7/2-	3	27	
1547	$(9/2^{-}, 11/2^{-})$	(5)	3	
1573			6	S: value at $\theta = 40^{\circ}$.
1625 5				E(level): from $({}^{3}\text{He},\alpha)$.
1688	(11/2 ⁻)	(5)	8	 The strong population of this level in (³He,α), together with the observation of transitions with similar characteristics in several odd-A Gd isotopes, suggests that this is the 11/2⁻ member of 9/2⁻[514]. S: value at θ=40°.
1731 5				E(level): from $({}^{3}\text{He},\alpha)$.

[†] Listed values are those of 1976St06 and were deduced from (d,t) angular distributions and ratios of (³He, α) and (d,t) cross sections.

 \ddagger From (d,t), unless otherwise indicated. The authors' estimated uncertainty in these values is 2 keV.

[#] Adopted values. Listed band assignments are those of 1976St06. Not all of these are included in the Adopted Levels.

[@] Label= $d\sigma/d\Omega(d,t)(\mu b/sr)$.

[&] Values for θ =50°, unless noted otherwise.

^{*a*} The relative cross sections at different angles should be good to $\approx 15\%$ for well-populated levels. The absolute values may be in error by $\approx 20\%$, due mainly to the normalization procedure.

^b Doublet in the (d,t) spectrum.

- ^c Band(A): g.s. band. configuration=3/2(521).
- ^d Band(B): 5/2(523) band member.

^e Band(C): 11/2(505) bandhead.

- ^f Band(D): 3/2(532) band member.
- ^g Band(E): 1/2(521) band member.
- ^{*h*} Band(F): 1/2(530) band member.
- ^{*i*} Band(G): 1/2(541) band member.
- j Band(H): 5/2(512) band member.
- ^k Band(I): 3/2[402] band member.
- ^{*l*} Band(J): 1/2[400] band member.

^m Band(K): Strongly Coriolis-mixed band containing i_{13/2}-related Nilsson orbitals.

¹⁵⁶Dy(d,t), ¹⁵⁶Dy(³He,α) 1976St06

Band(D): 3/2(532) band member

(9/2⁻,11/2⁻) 774

Band(E): 1/2(521) band member

5/2⁻,7/2⁻ 555

<u>5/2+&1/2-,3/2-</u><u>345</u>

1/2+&5/2-,(3/2)- 321

545

Band(C): 11/2(505) Band(B): 5/2(523) band bandhead Band(A): g.s. band member 11/2-234 7/2-&9/2-225 7/2-&9/2-225 3/2-202 $5/2^-$ &9/2+ 134 87 7/2-5/2-39 3/2-0.0

¹⁵⁵₆₆Dy₈₉

¹⁵⁶Dy(d,t), ¹⁵⁶Dy(³He,α) 1976St06 (continued)

Band(H): 5/2(512) band member

(9/2⁻,11/2⁻) 1424

Band(G): 1/2(541) band member

5/2⁻,7/2⁻ 1084

5/2⁻,7/2⁻ 1037

(1/2⁻,3/2⁻) 895

Band(F): 1/2(530) band member

703

1/2-,3/2- 449

<u>17/2+&3/2-,(1/2)-</u><u>382</u>

Band(I): 3/2[402] band member

<u>5/2+&1/2-,3/2-</u> 345

3/2+ 240

¹⁵⁵₆₆Dy₈₉

¹⁵⁶Dy(d,t), ¹⁵⁶Dy(³He,α) 1976St06 (continued)

Band(J): 1/2[400] band member

5/2+ 482

Band(K): Strongly Coriolis-mixed band containing i_{13/2}-related Nilsson orbitals

17/2+&3/2-,(1/2)- 382

<u>1/2+&5/2-,(3/2)-</u><u>321</u>

<u>13/2</u>⁺ 154

<u>5/2-&9/2+</u> 134

¹⁵⁵₆₆Dy₈₉