

$^{153}\text{Tb IT decay (186 }\mu\text{s)}$

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	N. Nica	NDS 170, 1 (2020)	16-Aug-2020

Parent: ^{153}Tb : E=163.175 5; $J^\pi=11/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=186 \mu\text{s}$ 4; %IT decay=100.0Sources produced by $^{151}\text{Eu}(\alpha,2n)$, (1977KoZH); $\text{Eu}(\alpha,xn)$, (1968Io01); $^{154}\text{Gd}(p,2n)$, (1967Co20); and $^{154}\text{Gd}(p,2n)$ and $^{155}\text{Gd}(p,3n)$, (1965Gr04).

The ce-ce coincidence observed by 1961Dz04 of the 80.8-keV and 82.5-keV transitions and the lifetime of the isomer suggest that the 163.3-keV level is the isomeric state, rather than the 80.8-keV level as suggested by 1965Gr04.

 $^{153}\text{Tb Levels}$

E(level) [†]	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	$5/2^+$	2.34 d I	
80.720 2	$7/2^+$		
163.175 5	$11/2^-$	$186 \mu\text{s}$ 4	$T_{1/2}$: Weighted average of $187 \mu\text{s}$ 6 (1977KoZH), $172 \mu\text{s}$ 35 (1968Io01), $190 \mu\text{s}$ 6 (1967Co20), and $173 \mu\text{s}$ 10 (1965Gr04).

[†] From ^{153}Tb Adopted Levels. $\gamma(^{153}\text{Tb})$

E_γ [†]	I_γ [@]	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [†]	$\delta^\#$	α^\ddagger	$I_{(\gamma+ce)} @$	Comments
80.723 2	19.3 5	80.720	$7/2^+$	0.0	$5/2^+$	M1+E2	0.13 I	4.10	100	$\text{ce(K)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.667$ 6; $\text{ce(L)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.1067$ 22; $\text{ce(M)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.0235$ 6 $\text{ce(N)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.00542$ 12; $\text{ce(O)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.000820$ 17; $\text{ce(P)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=4.97\times 10^{-5}$ 9 $\alpha(K)=3.40$ 5; $\alpha(L)=0.544$ 10; $\alpha(M)=0.1198$ 24 $\alpha(N)=0.0276$ 6; $\alpha(O)=0.00418$ 8; $\alpha(P)=0.000253$ 4
82.464 4	2.18 7	163.175	$11/2^-$	80.720	$7/2^+$	M2	43.9	100	I _γ : From $I(\gamma+ce)=100$ and α . E _γ : From Adopted γ radiations. Measurements for the IT decay are 78 5 (1965Gr04), 80.9 (1967Co20), and 83 8 (1968Io01). The 80.7 γ observed in the ^{153}Dy ε decay is presumed to be this same γ . $\text{ce(K)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.710$ 8; $\text{ce(L)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.206$ 4; $\text{ce(M)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.0484$ 10 $\text{ce(N)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.01125$ 22; $\text{ce(O)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.00167$ 4; $\text{ce(P)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=9.26\times 10^{-5}$ 19 $\alpha(K)=31.9$ 5; $\alpha(L)=9.24$ 13; $\alpha(M)=2.17$ 3 $\alpha(N)=0.505$ 7; $\alpha(O)=0.0750$ 11; $\alpha(P)=0.00416$ 6	
									I _γ : From $I(\gamma+ce+)=100$ and α .	

[†] From ^{153}Tb Adopted γ radiations.

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

^{153}Tb IT decay (186 μs) (continued) $\gamma(^{153}\text{Tb})$ (continued)[‡] Additional information 1.

Additional information 2.

@ Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 ^{153}Tb IT decay (186 μs)

Decay Scheme

Legend

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays
%IT=100.0

- > $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- > $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- > $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$

