

^{152}Lu ϵ p decay (0.7 s) 1988Ni02

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	NDS 110, 1 (2009)	20-Nov-2008

Parent: ^{152}Lu : $E=0.0$; $J^\pi=(5^-,6^-)$; $T_{1/2}=0.7$ s I ; $Q(\epsilon p)=10070$ SY; $\% \epsilon p$ decay=15 7

^{152}Lu - $T_{1/2}$: from 1987To02. Other: 0.6 s I (1988Ni02, from timing of protons from β^+p decay).

^{152}Lu - J^π : strong ϵ to ^{152}Yb (5^-), no ϵ to ^{152}Yb (3^-). Low $\log ft$ (4.4 2) suggests that the ϵ transition is a $\pi h_{11/2}$ to $\nu h_{11/2}$ allowed, favored transition.

^{152}Lu isotope produced by $^{96}\text{Ru}(^{58}\text{Ni},pn)$ $E=244$ MeV reaction followed by mass separation. Measured delayed proton spectrum, proton-x and proton- γ coincidences, $T_{1/2}(^{152}\text{Lu})$.

No γ rays (in ^{151}Tm) in coincidences with protons were seen.

The proton spectrum shown by 1988Ni02 is structureless.

From proton spectrum, $T_{1/2}=0.6$ s I (1988Ni02).

$\%p=15$ 7 (1988Ni02).

$Q(\epsilon p)=10070$ 200 (syst,2003Au03).

 ^{151}Tm Levels

E(level)	J^π	Comments
0.0?	(11/2 $^-$)	J^π : from 'Adopted Levels'.