

**<sup>151</sup>Tm IT decay (24 ns) 1987McZZ,1982He08,1982No13**

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	NDS 110, 1 (2009)	20-Nov-2008

Parent: <sup>151</sup>Tm: E=6908.5 4; T<sub>1/2</sub>=24 ns 4; %IT decay=100.0

1987McZZ: <sup>96</sup>Ru(<sup>58</sup>Ni,3p) E=255 MeV. Measured  $\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma(t)$ , recoil-catcher method.

1982He08: <sup>95</sup>Mo(<sup>58</sup>Ni,pn $\gamma$ ) and <sup>93</sup>Nb(<sup>60</sup>Ni,2n $\gamma$ ) E=225-285 MeV. Measured  $\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma(t)$ . They identified a set of negative parity states and interpreted these as  $\pi h_{11/2}^5$  yrast levels.

1982No13: <sup>96</sup>Ru(<sup>58</sup>Ni,3p $\gamma$ ) E=238-250 MeV. Measured  $\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ .

Other: 1984ChZS.

<sup>151</sup>Tm Levels

E(level) <sup>‡</sup>	J <sup><math>\pi</math></sup> #	T <sub>1/2</sub>	Comments
0.0	(11/2 <sup>-</sup> )		E(level): see 1990Ak01 (also 1993To07) for assignment of 11/2 <sup>-</sup> as the g.s. of <sup>151</sup> Tm from systematics in this region. The s <sub>1/2</sub> state is predicted at $\approx$ 50 keV.
1477.60 10	(15/2 <sup>-</sup> )		
1489.83 18	(15/2 <sup>+</sup> )		
1905.64? 13	(19/2 <sup>+</sup> )		E(level): the position of this level is uncertain because the ordering of the 415-393 $\gamma$ -ray cascade is tentative.
2176.48 19	(19/2 <sup>-</sup> )		
2299.55 20	(23/2 <sup>+</sup> )		
2515.27 20	(23/2 <sup>-</sup> )		
2655.67 22	(27/2 <sup>-</sup> )	451 ns 34	%IT=100 T <sub>1/2</sub> : from $\gamma\gamma(t)$ ; weighted average of 470 ns 50 (1982He08) 420 ns 40 (1982No13) and 466 ns 34 (1987McZZ).
3555.6 3			
3981.4 4			
3987.88 <sup>†</sup> 24	(31/2 <sup>-</sup> )		
4407.2 3			
4612.7 <sup>†</sup> 3	(35/2 <sup>-</sup> )		
5858.3 <sup>†</sup> 4	(37/2)		J <sup><math>\pi</math></sup> : (dipole) $\gamma$ to (35/2 <sup>-</sup> ).
6908.5 <sup>†</sup> 4		24 ns 4	T <sub>1/2</sub> : from $\gamma(t)$ (1987McZZ). It is assumed that this is the isomer; however, there is a possibility that a very low energy isomeric transition has not been observed.

<sup>†</sup> Seen only by 1987McZZ.

<sup>‡</sup> Relative to the (11/2<sup>-</sup>) isomer.

# From 'Adopted Levels', where assignments were based on theoretical considerations: the negative parity states are well described by the  $\pi h_{11/2}^5$  yrast levels. The positive parity levels are assumed to have an h<sub>11/2</sub> proton coupled to a 3<sup>-</sup>, 5<sup>-</sup>, 7<sup>-</sup> core.

$\gamma(^{151}\text{Tm})$

E <sub><math>\gamma</math></sub> <sup>†</sup>	I <sub><math>\gamma</math></sub> @	E <sub>i</sub> (level)	J <sub>i</sub> <sup><math>\pi</math></sup>	E <sub>f</sub>	J <sub>f</sub> <sup><math>\pi</math></sup>	Mult.#	$\alpha$ &	Comments
140.4 1		2655.67	(27/2 <sup>-</sup> )	2515.27	(23/2 <sup>-</sup> )	E2	0.880	Mult.: from $\alpha(\text{exp})=0.89$ 26 (1984ChZS) and $\alpha(\text{exp})=0.80$ 7 (1987McZZ). $\alpha(\text{exp})$ values are deduced from intensity balance.
215.7 2	14 1	2515.27	(23/2 <sup>-</sup> )	2299.55	(23/2 <sup>+</sup> )			$\alpha(\text{exp})=0.071$ 7 from intensity balance (1987McZZ). It is consistent with E1 implied by level spins, but does not rule out E2.
338.8 1	100 5	2515.27	(23/2 <sup>-</sup> )	2176.48	(19/2 <sup>-</sup> )			
393.9 <sup>‡</sup> 1	<sup>‡</sup>	2299.55	(23/2 <sup>+</sup> )	1905.64?	(19/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
415.8 <sup>‡</sup> 1	<sup>‡</sup>	1905.64?	(19/2 <sup>+</sup> )	1489.83	(15/2 <sup>+</sup> )			

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

**$^{151}\text{Tm}$  IT decay (24 ns) [1987McZZ](#),[1982He08](#),[1982No13](#) (continued)** $\gamma(^{151}\text{Tm})$  (continued)

$E_\gamma$ †	$I_\gamma$ @	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. #
425.8 <sup>a</sup> 3	35 <sup>a</sup> 3	3981.4		3555.6		
425.8 <sup>a</sup> 3	35 <sup>a</sup> 3	4407.2		3981.4		
624.8 1	90 4	4612.7	(35/2 <sup>-</sup> )	3987.88	(31/2 <sup>-</sup> )	(E2)
698.8 2		2176.48	(19/2 <sup>-</sup> )	1477.60	(15/2 <sup>-</sup> )	
1050.2 2	100 5	6908.5		5858.3	(37/2)	
1245.6 2	90 5	5858.3	(37/2)	4612.7	(35/2 <sup>-</sup> )	(D)
1256.0 2	16 3	3555.6		2299.55	(23/2 <sup>+</sup> )	
1332.2 1	91 4	3987.88	(31/2 <sup>-</sup> )	2655.67	(27/2 <sup>-</sup> )	(E2)
1451 1	9 5	5858.3	(37/2)	4407.2		
1477.7 1		1477.60	(15/2 <sup>-</sup> )	0.0	(11/2 <sup>-</sup> )	
1489.8 2	15 3	1489.83	(15/2 <sup>+</sup> )	0.0	(11/2 <sup>-</sup> )	

† From [1987McZZ](#). Their values agree well with those from [1982No13](#).

‡ Ordering of 415-393 cascade is tentative. Intensity is not given since contaminated by a transition in  $^{68}\text{As}$ .

# From  $\gamma(\theta)$  in [1987McZZ](#), except for the 140-keV G.

@ Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

& Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multiplicities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

<sup>a</sup> Multiply placed with undivided intensity.

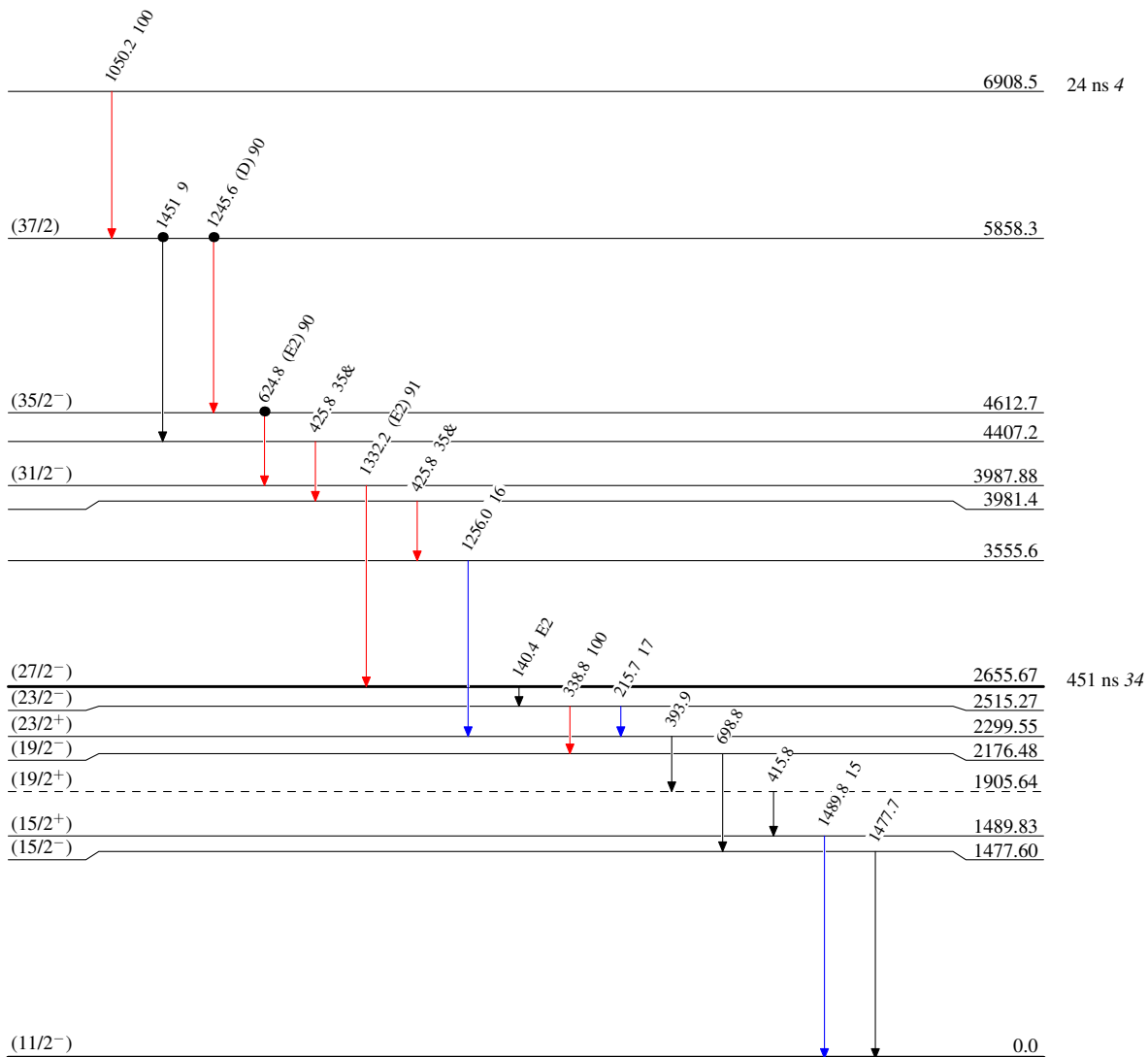
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Decay Scheme

Intensities:  $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$  per 100 parent decays  
 & Multiply placed: undivided intensity given  
 %IT=100.0

Legend

- $I_{\gamma} < 2\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
- $I_{\gamma} < 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
- $I_{\gamma} > 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
- Coincidence



$^{151}_{69}\text{Tm}_{82}$