

$^{152}\text{Sm}(\text{p},3n\gamma)$     **1983So13**

Type	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	S. K. Basu, A. A. Sonzogni	NDS 114, 435 (2013)	1-Apr-2013

**1983So13:** Enriched(>98%) $^{148}\text{Sm}(\text{p},3n)^{150}\text{Eu}$ , E = 29 MeV; Planar Ge, co-axial Ge(Li) and iron-free orange spectrometer; measured in-beam  $\gamma$ , ce,  $\gamma$ -ray singles excitation function and angular distribution.

 $^{150}\text{Eu}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi \ddagger$	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0	$5^-$	36.9 y 9	$T_{1/2}$ : From adopted values.
190.37 <sup>†</sup> 8	$6^- \#$		
247.91 <sup>†</sup> 8	$6^- \#$		
360.23 12	( $5^-$ )		
412.57 13	$5^-$		
417.26 11	$7^-$		
562.00 9	$6^+$		
588.76 22	$8^+$	45 ns 3	$T_{1/2}$ : from $\gamma(t)$ .

<sup>†</sup> Determined from in-beam intensities of the four strong transitions in this scheme which form two parallel cascades from a 562.0-keV level to the ground state. The intensities are used to order the transitions in the cascades, thus establishing the position of the two intermediate levels in the cascades.

<sup>‡</sup> Adopted values.

<sup>#</sup> Uniquely determined relative to the adopted value of  $J^\pi=5^-$  for the ground state from measured angular distributions and  $\alpha(K)\exp$  values.

 $\gamma(^{150}\text{Eu})$ 

$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. <sup>†</sup>	Comments
26.8 <sup>#@</sup>		588.76	$8^+$	562.00	$6^+$	E2 <sup>‡</sup>	
57.5 <sup>#@</sup>		247.91	$6^-$	190.37	$6^-$		
144.7 4	1.4 6	562.00	$6^+$	417.26	$7^-$		
149.6 8		562.00	$6^+$	412.57	$5^-$		
169.3 2	3.5 15	417.26	$7^-$	247.91	$6^-$		
170.0 2		360.23	( $5^-$ )	190.37	$6^-$		
171.5 2	7.5 9	588.76	$8^+$	417.26	$7^-$		
190.4 1	118 6	190.37	$6^-$	0	$5^-$	M1	$\alpha(K)\exp=0.025$ 2 $I_\gamma$ derived from conversion data. E2 admixtures to M1 transitions not given.
201.8 1	1.4 6	562.00	$6^+$	360.23 ( $5^-$ )	D,E2		$\alpha(K)\exp<0.024$
222.2 1	26 3	412.57	$5^-$	190.37	$6^-$	M1	$\alpha(K)\exp=0.016$ 4
226.9 1	21 2	417.26	$7^-$	190.37	$6^-$	M1	$\alpha(K)\exp=0.014$ 4
247.9 1	100	247.91	$6^-$	0	$5^-$	M1	$\alpha(K)\exp=0.013$ 3
314.1 1	100 5	562.00	$6^+$	247.91	$6^-$	E1	$\alpha(K)\exp=0.0010$ 2
371.6 1	65 4	562.00	$6^+$	190.37	$6^-$	E1	$\alpha(K)\exp=0.0008$ 3
417.3 6	≤2	417.26	$7^-$	0	$5^-$		
561.8 3		562.00	$6^+$	0	$5^-$		$\alpha(K)\exp<0.0028$

<sup>†</sup> Determined from angular distributions and  $\alpha(K)\exp$  values.

<sup>‡</sup> The 45 ns half-life excludes M2 and higher multipolarities.  $B(M1)(W.u.) (=0.0017$  for branching=1,  $\alpha(K)\exp=0.14$ ) is unreasonably small for an odd-odd nucleus. If E1, the peak should have been seen in the  $\gamma$  spectrum.

<sup>#</sup> These as yet unobserved transitions, are inferred from the decay of the 562-keV level, populated by 45 ns 8+ isomer at 589-keV.

<sup>@</sup> Placement of transition in the level scheme is uncertain.

