

$^{153}\text{Ho}$   $\alpha$  decay (9.3 min) 1974Sc19

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen		NDS 185, 2 (2022)	23-Aug-2022

Parent:  $^{153}\text{Ho}$ :  $E=68.7$  3;  $J^\pi=1/2^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=9.3$  min 5;  $Q(\alpha)=4052$  4;  $\% \alpha$  decay=0.18 8

$^{153}\text{Ho}$ -E, $J^\pi$ , $T_{1/2}$ : From  $^{153}\text{Ho}$  Adopted Levels in the ENSDF database (August 2020 update).

$^{153}\text{Ho}$ - $T_{1/2}$ : [Additional information 1](#).

$^{153}\text{Ho}$ - $Q(\alpha)$ : From [2021Wa16](#).

$^{153}\text{Ho}$ - $\% \alpha$  decay: Deduced from the  $K\alpha_1$  X-ray and  $\gamma$ -ray intensities ([1974Sc19](#)).

[1974Sc19](#): source produced in  $^{147}\text{Sm}(^{10}\text{B},4n)$  reaction with  $E=45$  and  $53$  MeV beam from the Oak Ridge isochronous cyclotron (ORIC). Measured  $E\alpha$ ,  $I\alpha$ ,  $I(K\alpha$  x-ray),  $E\gamma$ ,  $I\gamma$ . Deduced  $\alpha$  decay branching ratio.

Other measurements: [1978AfZZ](#), [1971To01](#), [1968Go13](#), [1967Ha34](#), [1963Ma17](#).

See also  $^{153}\text{Ho}$   $\alpha$  decay (2.0 min).

[1964Ma10](#) have tentatively assigned a 27-min  $\alpha$  activity to  $^{153}\text{Ho}$  as a precursor of an observed 5-d activity assumed to be  $^{145}\text{Eu}$ .

This assignment has not been adopted by the evaluators.

 $^{149}\text{Tb}$  Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u><math>J^\pi</math></u>	<u><math>T_{1/2}</math></u>
0.0	$1/2^+$	4.12 h 3

$\dagger$  From the Adopted Levels.

 $\alpha$  radiations

<u><math>E\alpha</math></u>	<u>E(level)</u>	<u><math>I\alpha</math></u>	<u>HF</u>	<u>Comments</u>
4010 5	0.0	100	3.3 15	$E\alpha$ : weighted average of 4011 5 ( <a href="#">1974Sc19</a> ), 4008 10 ( <a href="#">1978AfZZ</a> ) and 4010 5 ( <a href="#">1968Go13</a> ).

$\dagger$  The nuclear radius parameter  $r_0(^{149}\text{Tb})=1.565$  11 is deduced from interpolation (or unweighted average) of radius parameters of the adjacent even-even nuclides in [2020Si16](#).

$\ddagger$  For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.0018 8.