

$^{142}\text{Nd}(^{10}\text{B},3n\gamma)$ **1979Si19**

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen		NDS 185, 2 (2022)	23-Aug-2022

Also includes $^{141}\text{Pr}(^{12}\text{C},4n\gamma)$ from **1990Ad02**.

1979Si19: E=46-54 MeV ^{10}B beams were produced from the McMaster University FN tandem accelerator. Targets were self-supporting metal foils of 99% enriched ^{142}Nd , in thickness of 1.5 mg/cm² for conversion electron measurements and 5 mg/cm² for γ measurements. γ rays were detected with Ge(Li) detectors and conversion electrons were detected with the online orange β -ray spectrometer. Measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, $\gamma(\theta)$, $\gamma(\text{lin pol})$, $E\beta$, $I\beta$. Deduced levels, J^π , band structure, conversion coefficients, γ -ray multipolarities, mixing ratios.

1990Ad02: E=80 MeV ^{12}C beam was produced from the SF cyclotron of Institute for Nuclear Study, University of Tokyo. Targets were self-supporting foils of natural Pr with thickness of 10 to 20 mg/cm². γ rays were detected with Ge detectors. Measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma(\theta, \text{H})$, $\gamma(t)$, $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, $T_{1/2}$, g-factor.

^{149}Tb Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
35.75 [#] 8	11/2 ⁻	4.17 min 5	$\% \epsilon + \% \beta^+ = 99.978$ 4; $\% \alpha = 0.022$ 4 Energy, J^π , $T_{1/2}$ and decay modes from the Adopted Levels. Additional information 1 .
822.6 [#] 2	15/2 ⁻		Level and J^π based on data in the Adopted Levels.
841.3 5	13/2 ⁻		
1129.3 [@] 3	15/2 ⁺		
1382.3 [#] 3	19/2 ⁻		
1673.0 [#] 4	23/2 ⁻		
1813.4 5	21/2 ⁻		
1868.1 [@] 4	19/2 ⁺		
2303.3 [#] 4	27/2 ⁻		
2350.3 [@] 4	23/2 ⁺		
2518.8 [@] 4	27/2 ⁺	2.5 ns 2	$T_{1/2}$: weighted average of 2.6 ns 2 (1990Ad02) and 2.1 ns 4 (1979Si19). g factor=0.33 8 (1990Ad02) (integral PAD method). J^π : (25/2) ⁻ in the Adopted Levels.
2664.3 7	25/2 ⁻ , 29/2 ⁻		
2813.3 [@] 4	29/2 ⁺		
3142.7 [@] 5	31/2 ⁺		
3528.2 [@] 5	(33/2) ⁺		
4209.3 ^{&} 6	33/2 ⁺		
4464.2 ^{&} 6	35/2 ⁺		
4674.8 ^{&} 6	37/2 ⁺		
4923.9 ^{&} 8	39/2 ⁺		
5148.6 ^{&} 10	41/2 ⁺		

[†] From a least-squares fit to γ -ray energies.

[‡] As proposed by **1979Si19** based on measured $\gamma(\theta)$, $\gamma(\text{lin pol})$, ce data, band assignment and known assignments of low-lying states. Assignments in the Adopted Levels are almost the same, except that several spins are placed in parentheses due to lack of strong arguments.

[#] Band(A): $\Delta J=2$ band, based on 11/2⁻. Band assignment from **1979Si19**.

[@] Band(B): Band based on 15/2⁺. Band assignment from **1979Si19**.

[&] Band(C): $\Delta J=1$ band, based on 33/2⁺ Band assignment from **1979Si19**.

¹⁴²Nd(¹⁰B,3nγ) **1979Si19** (continued)

γ(¹⁴⁹Tb)

POL(exp) under comments (same as pol) are experimental polarization from counting rate asymmetry

$\Delta=(N_{||}-N_{\perp})/(N_{||}+N_{\perp})$ with respect to the reaction plane, and POL(AD) the polarization deduced from angular distribution coefficients A₂ and A₄ assuming pure multipole and no parity change, with

POL(AD)=[3A₂+1.25A₄]/[2-A₂+0.75A₄]. So for the ratio of POL(exp)/POL(AD), positive values indicate no parity change (like M1 or E2) while negative values indicate parity change (like E1) (**1979Si19**). Uncertainties in A₂ and A₄ are statistical only.

<u>E_γ[†]</u>	<u>I_γ[†]</u>	<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Mult.[‡]</u>	<u>δ[#]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
140.3 5	3.0	1813.4	21/2 ⁻	1673.0	23/2 ⁻	D+Q		A ₂ =-0.16 2; A ₄ =+0.17 3
168.4 5	9.7	2518.8	27/2 ⁺	2350.3	23/2 ⁺	E2		A ₂ =+0.27 3; A ₄ =-0.05 4; pol=+0.39 9 δ(O/Q)=-0.02 5. POL(AD)=+0.44 7, POL(exp)/POL(AD)=+0.89 28.
210.5 5	5.3	4674.8	37/2 ⁺	4464.2	35/2 ⁺	D+Q		A ₂ =-0.26 3; A ₄ =+0.06 4
215.3 2	32.9	2518.8	27/2 ⁺	2303.3	27/2 ⁻	E1		A ₂ =+0.29 2; A ₄ =0.00 1; pol=-0.52 3 δ(M2/E1)=+0.21 5, which gives unacceptable B(M2)(W.u.) as compared to RUL(B(M2)(W.u.))=1. POL(AD)=+0.53 3, POL(exp)/POL(AD)=-0.98 8.
224.7 5	4.6	5148.6	41/2 ⁺	4923.9	39/2 ⁺	D		A ₂ =-0.21 3; A ₄ =+0.08 4 δ(Q/D)=0.00 10.
249.1 5	8.2	4923.9	39/2 ⁺	4674.8	37/2 ⁺	D+Q	+0.09 4	A ₂ =-0.14 3; A ₄ =+0.03 3
254.7 5	5.3	4464.2	35/2 ⁺	4209.3	33/2 ⁺	D		A ₂ =-0.06 4; A ₄ =0.00 5
288.0 5	1.5	1129.3	15/2 ⁺	841.3	13/2 ⁻			Placement from Adopted Gammas. 1979Si19 place this transition from a 3816 level, which is not reported in other studies.
290.7 2	68.1	1673.0	23/2 ⁻	1382.3	19/2 ⁻	E2		A ₂ =+0.28 1; A ₄ =-0.14 1; α(K)exp=0.055 6; pol=+0.42 2 δ(Q/O)=-0.05 2. POL(AD)=+0.39 2, POL(exp)/POL(AD)=+1.08 7.
294.3 2	28.8	2813.3	29/2 ⁺	2518.8	27/2 ⁺	M1		A ₂ =-0.25 1; A ₄ =-0.02 2; α(K)exp=0.092 10; pol=-0.31 4 δ(Q/D)=0.00 2. POL(AD)=-0.35 5, POL(exp)/POL(AD)=+0.89 18.
306.7 2	14.0	1129.3	15/2 ⁺	822.6	15/2 ⁻	E1		A ₂ =+0.26 2; A ₄ =-0.04 2; α(K)exp=0.011 2; pol=-0.48 5 δ(Q/D)=+0.14 5. POL(AD)=+0.39 4, POL(exp)/POL(AD)=-1.23 16.
329.4 2	35.0	3142.7	31/2 ⁺	2813.3	29/2 ⁺	M1		A ₂ =-0.12 1; A ₄ =-0.02 2; pol=-0.24 4 POL(AD)=-0.21 3, POL(exp)/POL(AD)=+1.14 24.
361.0 5	5.0	2664.3	25/2 ⁻ ,29/2 ⁻	2303.3	27/2 ⁻	M1+E2		A ₂ =-0.20 5; A ₄ =+0.10 6; pol=-0.37 25 POL(AD)=-0.21 8, POL(exp)/POL(AD)=+1.8 12.
385.5 2	20.0	3528.2	(33/2) ⁺	3142.7	31/2 ⁺	M1		A ₂ =-0.31 3; A ₄ =+0.02 2; α(K)exp=0.059 6 δ(Q/D)=-0.04 3.
431.2 5	7.0	1813.4	21/2 ⁻	1382.3	19/2 ⁻	D+Q	+0.05 2	A ₂ =-0.18 4; A ₄ =+0.02 4
482.2 2	10.5	2350.3	23/2 ⁺	1868.1	19/2 ⁺	E2		A ₂ =+0.18 2; A ₄ =-0.06 2; pol=+0.26 9 δ(O/Q)=-0.07 3. POL(AD)=+0.35 5, POL(exp)/POL(AD)=+0.75 30.
510.2 2	20.0	2813.3	29/2 ⁺	2303.3	27/2 ⁻			
559.7 2	78.2	1382.3	19/2 ⁻	822.6	15/2 ⁻	E2		A ₂ =+0.25 1; A ₄ =-0.12 1; α(K)exp=0.0084 10; pol=+0.43 3 δ(Q/O)=-0.05 2. POL(AD)=+0.39 2, POL(exp)/POL(AD)=+1.10 9.
630.4 2	56.6	2303.3	27/2 ⁻	1673.0	23/2 ⁻	(Q)		A ₂ =+0.25 2; A ₄ =-0.03 2
738.7 2	12.1	1868.1	19/2 ⁺	1129.3	15/2 ⁺	E2		A ₂ =+0.31 4; A ₄ =-0.16 5; pol=+0.38 15

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{142}\text{Nd}(^{10}\text{B},3\text{n}\gamma)$ **1979Si19** (continued) $\gamma(^{149}\text{Tb})$ (continued)

E_γ [†]	I_γ [†]	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [‡]	Comments
786.8 2	100	822.6	15/2 ⁻	35.75	11/2 ⁻	E2	$\delta(\text{O}/\text{Q})=-0.05$ 7. POL(AD)=+0.32 5, POL(exp)/POL(AD)=+1.19 49. $A_2=+0.25$ 1; $A_4=-0.12$ 2; pol=+0.35 7
1146.7 5	8.6	4674.8	37/2 ⁺	3528.2	(33/2) ⁺	Q	$\delta(\text{Q}/\text{O})=-0.07$ 3. POL(AD)=+0.38 2, POL(exp)/POL(AD)=+0.92 19. $A_2=+0.29$ 4; $A_4=-0.09$ 5
1321.6 5	5.4	4464.2	35/2 ⁺	3142.7	31/2 ⁺	Q	$A_2=+0.33$ 7; $A_4=-0.18$ 10
1395.8 5	7.0	4209.3	33/2 ⁺	2813.3	29/2 ⁺	Q	$A_2=+0.27$ 5; $A_4=-0.09$ 7

[†] From **1979Si19**. Based on a general statement in **1979Si19** that the uncertainty in energy is 0.2 keV for strong lines and 0.5 keV for weak lines, the evaluators have assigned uncertainties as follows: $\Delta E_\gamma=0.2$ keV if $I_\gamma \geq 10$ and 0.5 keV otherwise.

[‡] From ce, $\gamma(\theta)$ and $\gamma(\text{lin pol})$ data in **1979Si19**, given under comments.

[#] From $\gamma(\theta)$ in **1979Si19**.

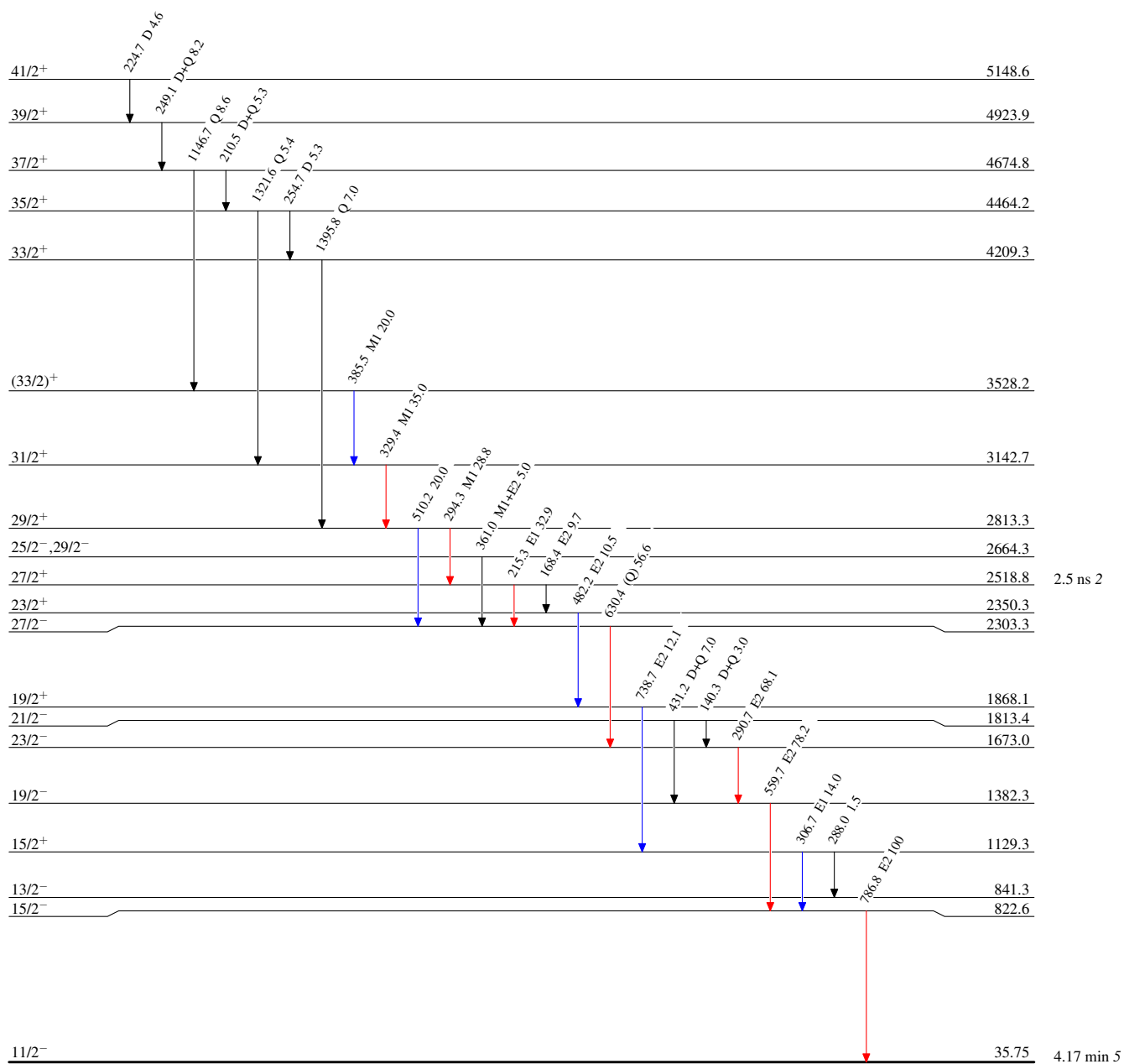
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Level Scheme

Intensities: Relative I_γ

Legend

- \longrightarrow $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- \longrightarrow $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- \longrightarrow $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$

 $^{149}\text{Tb}_{84}$

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