

$^{149}\text{Eu } \varepsilon \text{ decay (93.1 d)}$ 1982Me10,1992Ca11

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen		NDS 185, 2 (2022)	23-Aug-2022

Parent: ^{149}Eu : E=0.0; $J^\pi=5/2^+$; $T_{1/2}=93.1$ d 4; $Q(\varepsilon)=695$ 4; % ε decay=100.0

$^{149}\text{Eu}-J^\pi, T_{1/2}$: From ^{149}Eu Adopted Levels.

$^{149}\text{Eu}-Q(\varepsilon)$: From 2021Wa16.

1982Me10: measured γ , $\gamma\gamma$, ce using a mass-separated source and a Compton suppression spectrometer at LLNL.

1992Ca11: measured E γ , ce using a mass-separated source and a double focusing magnetic spectrometer at CERN.

2004Mi43: measured emission probabilities of 277.1 γ and 327.5 γ as 4.13 3 and 4.75 3, respectively using a $4\pi \beta\gamma$ coin apparatus at JAERI.

2011In01, 2011In04: measurement of high-resolution ce data for 22.5-keV transition using a combined electrostatic electron spectrometer consisting of a retarding sphere followed by a double-pass cylindrical mirror energy analyzer. The electron spectra were recorded by sweeping the retarding voltage while the analyzer voltage was kept constant. FWHM=7 eV. Sources of ^{149}Eu were prepared from bombardment of natural Er by 500-MeV protons from JINR accelerator followed by chemical separation of Eu fraction as Eu_2O_3 and EuF_3 compounds. Conversion lines of 22.5-keV transition recorded were: L1, L2, L3, M1, M2, M3, M4+M5, N1, N2, N3, O1, O2+O3. Natural widths of Sm atomic levels were deduced from the conversion electron lines of 22.5-keV transition as follows: 3.9 eV 1 for L1 shell, 3.6 eV 1 for L2 shell, 3.3 eV 1 for L3 shell, 13.4 eV 3 for M1 shell, 5.9 eV 3 for M2 shell, 7.3 eV 4 for M3 shell, 5.6 eV 4 for N1 shell, 2.3 eV 8 for N3 shell. Values are averages from Eu_2O_3 and EuF_3 sources (2011In04).

1996Vy01 (also 1979VyZV): analysis of $^{149}\text{Eu } \varepsilon$ decay data from authors' earlier (1978-1980) studies reported in secondary publications; five excited states reported at 22.5, 277.1, 350.0, 528.5 and 558.4 with $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ feedings for g.s. and the five excited states.

γ , $\gamma\gamma$ -coin: 1976Ga10, 1970Ch09, 1968Ad01, 1968Wi21, 1966Mc11, 1966Wi12, 1966Av05, 1962Wa32.

ce: 1981Ar17, 1970An17. Others: 1966Mc11, 1966Av05, 1966Wi12, 1962Wa32, 1962Dz02, 1961Ha23, 1959An36.

$\gamma\gamma(\theta)$: 1980Kr15 (semi-semi and semi-scint systems), 1963Ha43.

$\gamma\gamma(\theta,\text{H,T})$: 1981KrZS, 1983Kr19.

$\gamma\gamma(t)$ and $\text{ce}\gamma(t)$: 1970Ko30, 1966Be39, 1963Ki15.

Production and $T_{1/2}$ of ^{149}Eu : 1970Ch09, 1962Dz02, 1961Ha40, 1953Ma17, 1951Ho30.

Total decay energy deposit of 682 keV 39 calculated by RADLIST code is in agreement with expected value of 695 keV 4, indicating the completeness of the decay scheme.

 ^{149}Sm Levels

E(level) [‡]	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$ [†]	Comments
0.0 22.5002 8	$7/2^-$ $5/2^-$	stable 7.33 ns 9	E(level): 22.499 7 (1996Vy01). $T_{1/2}$: weighted average of 7.12 ns 11 (ce(x-ray)(t), 1970Ko30) and 7.37 ns 5 ($\gamma\gamma(t)$, 1996Vy01). Others: 6.9 ns 5 (1966Be39), 7.6 ns 5 (1963Ki15).
277.072 7	$5/2^-$	≤ 0.2 ns	E(level): 277.083 4 (1996Vy01). $T_{1/2}$: adopted value from $\gamma(x\text{-ray})(t)$ (1970Ko30).
285.951 10 350.036 6	$9/2^-$ $3/2^-$	0.22 ns 4 9.5 ps 3	E(level): 350.00 5 (1996Vy01). $T_{1/2}$: value from this dataset: ≤ 0.2 ns from (x-ray) $\gamma(t)$ (1970Ko30).
399.08 7 528.592 7 558.374 7 590.880 10 636.421 17 658.62 4	($1/2^-$, $3/2^-$) $3/2^-$ $5/2^-$ $9/2^-$ $7/2^-$ ($\leq 7/2$)	24 ps 3 24 ps 8	E(level): 528.484 7 (1996Vy01). E(level): 558.409 16 (1996Vy01).

[†] From the Adopted Levels. Comments are given for the source of the Adopted values.

[‡] From least squares fit to E γ data.

^{149}Eu ε decay (93.1 d) 1982Me10,1992Ca11 (continued) **ε radiations**

E(decay)	E(level)	I ε^{\dagger}	Log ft	Comments
(36 4)	658.62	0.0082 15	8.0 2	$\varepsilon L=0.705 +9-12$; $\varepsilon M+=0.295 +12-9$
(59 4)	636.421	4.85×10^{-4} 17	9.8 1	$\varepsilon K=0.218 +84-94$; $\varepsilon L=0.576 +66-60$; $\varepsilon M+=0.206 +28-24$
(104 4)	590.880	1.43×10^{-4} 14	9.9 ^{1u} 1	$\varepsilon K=0.171 24$; $\varepsilon L=0.601 17$; $\varepsilon M+=0.2281 79$
(137 4)	558.374	0.164 5	8.55 4	$\varepsilon K=0.7241 +53-58$; $\varepsilon L=0.2100 +43-39$; $\varepsilon M+=0.0660 15$ I ε : other: 0.13 1 (1996Vy01). I ε : other: 1.05 5 (1996Vy01).
(166 4)	528.592	1.310 15	7.88 3	$\varepsilon K=0.7551 +30-32$; $\varepsilon L=0.1872 +24-22$; $\varepsilon M+=0.05780 +85-79$ I ε : other: 1.05 5 (1996Vy01).
(296 [‡] 4)	399.08	<0.0005	>11.3 ^{1u}	$\varepsilon K=0.7087 30$; $\varepsilon L=0.2206 22$; $\varepsilon M+=0.07066 +83-79$
(345 4)	350.036	5.53 5	8.01 1	$\varepsilon K=0.81066 49$; $\varepsilon L=0.14598 37$; $\varepsilon M+=0.04336 13$ I ε : other: 4.65 18 (1996Vy01).
(409 4)	285.951	0.00072 28	11.8 ^{1u} 2	$\varepsilon K=0.7626 12$; $\varepsilon L=0.18126 +90-87$; $\varepsilon M+=0.05613 32$
(418 4)	277.072	5.30 5	8.22 1	$\varepsilon K=0.81785 32$; $\varepsilon L=0.14064 24$; $\varepsilon M+=4.1515 \times 10^{-2} +82-80$ I ε : other: 4.29 14 (1996Vy01).
(672 4)	22.5002	77.5 33	7.50 2	$\varepsilon K=0.82970 11$; $\varepsilon L=0.131819 82$; $\varepsilon M+=3.8483 \times 10^{-2} 28$ I ε : see comment for I ε to g.s. Values of 25 (1982Me10) and 5 (1978LeZA,1976Ho17) are incorrect. Other: 60 8 (1996Vy01).
(695 4)	0.0	10.2 33	8.4 2	$\varepsilon K=0.83029 10$; $\varepsilon L=0.131375 76$; $\varepsilon M+=3.8331 \times 10^{-2} 26$ I ε : from I($\gamma+ce$) imbalance. Note that 1982Me10 and earlier compilations (1978LeZA,1976Ho17) give I ε =65 and 85, respectively. The discrepancy is most probably due to incorrect value of $\alpha(22\gamma)$ used by 1982Me10 and 1978LeZA . Other: 31 9 (1996Vy01).

[†] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.[‡] Existence of this branch is questionable.

$^{149}\text{Eu } \varepsilon$ decay (93.1 d) 1982Me10,1992Ca11 (continued)

$\gamma(^{149}\text{Sm})$

Iy normalization: From Iy/100 decays=4.75 4 for 327.5γ by $4\pi\beta\gamma$ coin method (2004Mi43). Other: 0.0403 4 (1982Me10, from I(K x ray)/Iy(327.5γ) and decay scheme.

Measured x-ray intensities per 100 decays (1982Me10): 22.6 8 for $\text{K}\alpha_2$, 41.0 8 for $\text{K}\alpha_1$, 12.3 2 for $\text{K}\beta_1$, 3.18 7 for $\text{K}\beta_2$, and 79.1 14 for all the x-rays.

Experimental values of $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}$, $\alpha(\text{L})_{\text{exp}}$, $\alpha(\text{M})_{\text{exp}}$ given under comments have been deduced from present Iy data and Ice(K), Ice(L), and Ice(M) from 1982Me10. For 254γ , 277γ , 281γ and 327γ , weighted average of electron intensities available from 1992Ca11 and 1982Me10 are taken. The data have been normalized to the 350γ treated as pure E2. On the basis of $\approx 3\%$ uncertainty on Iy data and 5% on Ice data an uncertainty of $\approx 7\%$ is assigned to $\alpha(\text{exp})$ values. It may be noted that in some cases the $\alpha(\text{exp})$ data given by 1982Me10 cannot be reproduced from their intensities. In these cases it appears that the electron intensities are in error.

E_γ^{\dagger}	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger a}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.&	$\delta^{\&}$	α^b	Comments
22.5002 8	57.1 @ 20	22.5002	$5/2^-$	0.0	$7/2^-$	M1+E2	0.0784 9	30.0 5	%Iy=2.71 10 $\alpha(\text{L})=23.5$ 4; $\alpha(\text{M})=5.17$ 8 $\alpha(\text{N})=1.155$ 18; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.1620$ 25; $\alpha(\text{P})=0.00718$ 10 E_γ : weighted average of 22.4999 9 deduced from an average of nine conversion electron lines and 22.5012 17 from gamma-ray spectroscopy, both measured by 2011In01. Others: 22.519 8 (1982Me10) and 22.494 11 (1970An17). Relative Iy=55.5 20 (1992Ca11), 59.6 25 (1982Me10), 56.8 40 (1976Ga10). %I(y+ce)=84 4 from Iy and α . From Ice(22 γ)/Ice(27K)=185 8 (1970An17), %I(y+ce)=56 3. The ce data of 1966Av05 give %I(y+ce)(22 γ)=82. Discrepancy is probably due to problems in finding relative ce intensities. Mult., δ : from 2011In01 for penetration parameter $\Lambda=-2$ 10 (2011In01). $\delta=0.0742$ 18 for $\Lambda=2.9$ 12 and 0.0722 20 for $\Lambda=1.5$ 15 Other: 0.0715 11 (1981Ar17,1970An17). Subshell ratios from ce data: L2/L1=0.30 2, 0.30 2; L3/L1=0.30 2, 0.29 2; M2/M1=0.29 2, 0.29 2; M3/M1=0.32 2, 0.31 2; N3/N1=0.25 6, 0.26 5; P1/N1=0.013 2, 0.014 3; (O2+O3)/O1=0.59 7, 0.64 8. First value for Eu_2O_3 , second for EuF_3 (2011In04). Measured electron intensities (2011In01): L1:L2:L3:M1:M2:M3:N1:N3:P1:O1:O2+O3:(49.1 3):(14.5 2):(14.7 2): (10.9 1):(3.1 1):(3.5 1):(2.4 2):(0.6 2):(0.03 1):(0.32 3):(0.21 2). L- and M- subshell ratios. Weighted average of values deduced from 1981Ar17 and 1970An17. 1981Ar17 give following Ice values relative to ce(K)=100 for 277 γ . ce(L1)=10640, ce(L2)=2756 85, ce(L3)=2809 85, ce(M1)=2490 150, ce(M2)=585 64, ce(M3)=585 64, ce(N)=745 110, ce(O)+ce(P)=160 53. Values from 1970An17 are: ce(L1)=9100 700, ce(L2)=2590 180, ce(L3)=2560 170, ce(M1)=2050 50, ce(M2)=590 80, ce(M3)=570 120, ce(N)=800 100, ce(O)+ce(P)=200 50. Others: 1966Av05, 1962Wa32, 1961Ha23.

¹⁴⁹₆₂Eu ε decay (93.1 d) 1982Me10,1992Ca11 (continued)

<u>γ(¹⁴⁹Sm) (continued)</u>									
E _γ [†]	I _γ ^{‡a}	E _i (level)	J _i ^π	E _f	J _f ^π	Mult. ^{&}	δ ^{&}	a ^b	Comments
72.983 10	0.347 [@] 17	350.036	3/2 ⁻	277.072	5/2 ⁻	M1+E2	0.23 4	4.36 9	%I _γ =0.0165 8 α(L)=0.72 7; α(M)=0.13 2 α(K)=3.50 5; α(L)=0.67 6; α(M)=0.148 14 α(N)=0.0332 31; α(O)=0.0047 4; α(P)=0.000221 4 Relative I _γ =0.38 4 (1992Ca11), 0.342 17 (1982Me10), 0.33 11 (1976Ga10). δ: from ce data.
122.0 2	0.007 [#] 5	399.08	(1/2 ⁻ ,3/2 ⁻)	277.072	5/2 ⁻	[M1,E2]		1.05 10	%I _γ =0.00033 24 α(K)=0.74 7; α(L)=0.24 13; α(M)=0.055 30 α(N)=0.012 7; α(O)=0.0016 8; α(P)=4.1×10 ⁻⁵ 11
129.50 7	0.010 [#] 5	528.592	3/2 ⁻	399.08	(1/2 ⁻ ,3/2 ⁻)	[M1,E2]		0.87 6	%I _γ =0.00047 24 α(K)=0.63 6; α(L)=0.19 9; α(M)=0.043 22 α(N)=0.010 5; α(O)=0.0013 6; α(P)=3.5×10 ⁻⁵ 9
130.098 ^c 35	0.077 [#] 20	658.62	(≤7/2)	528.592	3/2 ⁻				%I _γ =0.0037 10
178.580 16	0.54 [@] 3	528.592	3/2 ⁻	350.036	3/2 ⁻	M1+E2	+0.5 2	0.325 6	%I _γ =0.0257 14 α(K)=0.27 3; α(L)=0.019 2; α(M)=0.009 1 α(K)=0.266 9; α(L)=0.046 4; α(M)=0.0100 10 α(N)=0.00226 22; α(O)=0.000325 25; α(P)=1.63×10 ⁻⁵ 10 1982Me10 deduce α(L)=exp=0.05, incorrectly. Relative I _γ =0.52 5 (1992Ca11), 0.571 25 (1982Me10), 0.45 1 (1976Ga10); NRM weighted average. δ: from ce data and γγ(θ) assuming δ(328γ)=+0.27 40 (1980Kr15). (179γ)(328γ)(θ): A ₂ =+0.114 36, A ₄ =+0.03 4 (1980Kr15).
208.283 21	0.305 [@] 25	558.374	5/2 ⁻	350.036	3/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.45 15	0.210 4	%I _γ =0.0145 12 α(K)=0.056 6; α(L)=exp=0.016 2 α(K)=0.175 5; α(L)=0.0279 13; α(M)=0.00606 33 α(N)=0.00137 7; α(O)=0.000199 7; α(P)=1.08×10 ⁻⁵ 5 1982Me10 give α(K)=exp=0.13, α(L)=exp=0.04, which cannot be reproduced from their intensity data. Relative I _γ =0.28 3 (1992Ca11), 0.323 25 (1982Me10). δ: from γ(θ) in in-beam γ-ray.
251.510 37	0.273 [@] 25	528.592	3/2 ⁻	277.072	5/2 ⁻	[M1,E2]		0.114 16	%I _γ =0.0130 12 α(K)=0.092 18; α(L)=0.0170 17; α(M)=0.0037 5 α(N)=0.00084 9; α(O)=0.000119 7; α(P)=5.4×10 ⁻⁶ 16

¹⁴⁹Eu ε decay (93.1 d) 1982Me10,1992Ca11 (continued)

<u>$\gamma(^{149}\text{Sm})$ (continued)</u>									
E_γ^{\dagger}	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger a}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. <i>&</i>	$\delta^{\&}$	α^b	Comments
254.566 23	15.78 [@] 20	277.072	5/2 ⁻	22.5002	5/2 ⁻	M1+E2	+0.20 +8-6	0.1242 20	Relative $I_\gamma=0.26$ 5 (1992Ca11), 0.273 25 (1982Me10), 0.34 11 (1976Ga10). % $I_\gamma=0.750$ 11 $\alpha(K)\exp=0.097$ 8; $\alpha(L)\exp=0.0147$ 12; $\alpha(M)\exp=0.0034$ 4 $\alpha(K)=0.1052$ 19; $\alpha(L)=0.01494$ 23; $\alpha(M)=0.00321$ 5 $\alpha(N)=0.000728$ 12; $\alpha(O)=0.0001087$ 16; $\alpha(P)=6.63\times 10^{-6}$ 14
272.21 ^c 14	0.0032 [#] 22	558.374	5/2 ⁻	285.951	9/2 ⁻	[E2]		0.0763 11	Relative $I_\gamma=15.8$ 2 (1992Ca11), 15.73 20 (1982Me10), 15.8 2 (1976Ga10). δ : from $\gamma(\theta)$ in in-beam γ -ray. $\gamma(\theta,T)$ in ¹⁴⁹ Eu ε decay gives +0.6 4 (1981KrZS); $\delta(E2/M1)<0.9$ from ce data.
277.089 10	88.0 [@] 4	277.072	5/2 ⁻	0.0	7/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.08 +1-2	0.0997 14	% $I_\gamma=4.18$ 4 $\alpha(K)\exp=0.085$ 8; $\alpha(L)\exp=0.0123$ 12; $\alpha(M)\exp=0.0029$ 3 $\alpha(K)=0.0847$ 12; $\alpha(L)=0.01179$ 17; $\alpha(M)=0.002530$ 35 $\alpha(N)=0.000574$ 8; $\alpha(O)=8.61\times 10^{-5}$ 12; $\alpha(P)=5.36\times 10^{-6}$ 8 Relative $I_\gamma=86.9$ 5 (2004Mi43), 88.4 4 (1992Ca11), 88.1 10 (1982Me10), 88.2 3 (1976Ga10). Measured $I_\gamma/100$ decays=4.13 3 (2004Mi43), 3.55 4 (1982Me10). δ : from $\gamma(\theta)$ in in-beam γ -ray. Others: $\gamma(\theta,T)$ in ¹⁴⁹ Eu ε decay gives +0.036 18 (1981KrZS); $\delta(E2/M1)<1.0$ from ce data.
281.295 16	0.554 [@] 25	558.374	5/2 ⁻	277.072	5/2 ⁻	M1+E2	+0.14 9	0.0954 16	% $I_\gamma=0.0263$ 12 $\alpha(K)=0.0810$ 14; $\alpha(L)=0.01134$ 16; $\alpha(M)=0.002433$ 35 $\alpha(N)=0.000552$ 8; $\alpha(O)=8.27\times 10^{-5}$ 12; $\alpha(P)=5.11\times 10^{-6}$ 10 $\alpha(K)\exp=0.092$ 10 Relative $I_\gamma=0.53$ 3 (1992Ca11), 0.571 25 (1982Me10). δ : from $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ (1980Kr15). (281 γ)(277 γ) (θ) : $A_2=-0.043$ 35, $A_4=-0.032$ 40 (1980Kr15).
285.95 1	0.017 [#] 5	285.951	9/2 ⁻	0.0	7/2 ⁻	M1(+E2)	+0.06 6	0.0917 13	% $I_\gamma=0.00081$ 24 $\alpha(K)=0.0780$ 11; $\alpha(L)=0.01083$ 15; $\alpha(M)=0.002323$ 33 $\alpha(N)=0.000527$ 7; $\alpha(O)=7.91\times 10^{-5}$ 11; $\alpha(P)=4.93\times 10^{-6}$ 7 δ : from $\gamma(\theta,T)$ in ¹⁴⁹ Pm β^- decay.

¹⁴⁹₆₂Eu ε decay (93.1 d) 1982Me10,1992Ca11 (continued)

<u>$\gamma(^{149}\text{Sm})$ (continued)</u>									
E_γ^{\dagger}	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger a}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. $\&$	δ^b	α^b	Comments
308.0 ^c 1	0.0025# 25	658.62	(≤7/2)	350.036	3/2 ⁻				%Iγ=0.00012 12 Eγ: fitted energy deviates by 0.5 keV.
327.526 10	100.0# 5	350.036	3/2 ⁻	22.5002	5/2 ⁻	M1+E2	+0.14 3	0.0637 9	%Iγ=4.75 5 $\alpha(K)\exp=0.056$ 5; $\alpha(L)\exp=0.0083$ 8; $\alpha(M)\exp=0.0019$ 2 $\alpha(K)=0.0542$ 8; $\alpha(L)=0.00753$ 11; $\alpha(M)=0.001614$ 23 $\alpha(N)=0.000366$ 5; $\alpha(O)=5.49\times 10^{-5}$ 8; $\alpha(P)=3.41\times 10^{-6}$ 5 Relative Iγ=100.0 6 (2004Mi43), 100 (1992Ca11), 100.0 10 (1982Me10), 100.0 4 (1976Ga10). Measured Iγ/100 decays=4.75 4 (2004Mi43), 4.03 4 (1982Me10). δ : from $\gamma(\theta,T)$ (1981KrZS). Other: <0.6 from ce data.
350.016 10	8.95@ 14	350.036	3/2 ⁻	0.0	7/2 ⁻	E2		0.0352 5	%Iγ=0.425 8 $\alpha(L)\exp=0.0048$ 5; $\alpha(M)\exp=0.0012$ 1 $\alpha(K)=0.0279$ 4; $\alpha(L)=0.00565$ 8; $\alpha(M)=0.001252$ 18 $\alpha(N)=0.000279$ 4; $\alpha(O)=3.89\times 10^{-5}$ 5; $\alpha(P)=1.539\times 10^{-6}$ 22 $\alpha(K)$ (theory)=0.028 is used for normalization of ce data for other transitions. Relative Iγ=8.7 3 (1992Ca11), 8.91 10 (1982Me10), 9.6 2 (1976Ga10); NRM weighted average taken.
376.5 ^c 2	0.0007# 5	399.08	(1/2 ⁻ ,3/2 ⁻)	22.5002	5/2 ⁻				%Iγ=3.3×10 ⁻⁵ 24
381.7 2	0.086@ 20	658.62	(≤7/2)	277.072	5/2 ⁻				%Iγ=0.0041 10 Relative Iγ=0.094 20 (1992Ca11), 0.074 25 (1982Me10).
506.093 10	13.58@ 11	528.592	3/2 ⁻	22.5002	5/2 ⁻	E2+M1	+4.9 +31-15	0.0128 4	%Iγ=0.645 8 $\alpha(K)\exp=0.0115$ 11; $\alpha(L)\exp=0.00157$ 16; $\alpha(M)\exp=0.00039$ 4 $\alpha(K)=0.01051$ 34; $\alpha(L)=0.00176$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.000385$ 8 $\alpha(N)=8.65\times 10^{-5}$ 18; $\alpha(O)=1.242\times 10^{-5}$ 28; $\alpha(P)=6.09\times 10^{-7}$ 23 Relative Iγ=13.60 8 (1992Ca11), 13.45 13 (1982Me10), 14.5 2 (1976Ga10); NRM weighted average. δ : from $\gamma(\theta,T)$ (1981KrZS). Other: >1.8 from ce data.
528.587 10	12.73@ 18	528.592	3/2 ⁻	0.0	7/2 ⁻	E2		0.01108 16	%Iγ=0.605 10

^{149}Eu ε decay (93.1 d) 1982Me10,1992Ca11 (continued)

$\gamma(^{149}\text{Sm})$ (continued)									
E_γ^{\dagger}	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger a}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. &	$\delta^{\&}$	a^b	Comments
535.897 12	1.128@ 36	558.374	5/2 ⁻	22.5002	5/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.65 +23-43	0.0159 18	$\alpha(K)\exp=0.0090$ 9; $\alpha(L)\exp=0.0013$ 2; $\alpha(M)\exp=0.00035$ 4 $\alpha(K)=0.00913$ 13; $\alpha(L)=0.001528$ 21; $\alpha(M)=0.000334$ 5 $\alpha(N)=7.49\times 10^{-5}$ 10; $\alpha(O)=1.076\times 10^{-5}$ 15; $\alpha(P)=5.28\times 10^{-7}$ 7 Relative $I_\gamma=12.10$ 4 (1992Ca11), 12.73 13 (1982Me10), 13.0 2 (1976Ga10); NRM weighted average.
558.372 10	1.32@ 8	558.374	5/2 ⁻	0.0	7/2 ⁻	M1+E2	1.2 +7-4	0.0124 13	% $I_\gamma=0.0536$ 18 $\alpha(K)\exp=0.0082$ 8; $\alpha(L)\exp=0.0014$ 3 $\alpha(K)=0.0135$ 16; $\alpha(L)=0.00191$ 15; $\alpha(M)=0.000410$ 31 $\alpha(N)=9.3\times 10^{-5}$ 7; $\alpha(O)=1.38\times 10^{-5}$ 12; $\alpha(P)=8.3\times 10^{-7}$ 11 Relative $I_\gamma=1.35$ 4 (1992Ca11), 1.117 25 (1982Me10), 1.1 1 (1976Ga10); NRM weighted average. Mult.: from $\alpha(K)\exp$ (1982Me10). δ : from $\gamma(\theta,T)$ (1981KrZS). Other: >3 from ce data.
568.27 10	0.00060# 20	590.880	9/2 ⁻	22.5002	5/2 ⁻	E2		0.00919 13	% $I_\gamma=0.063$ 4 $\alpha(K)\exp=0.0097$ 10; $\alpha(L)\exp=0.0016$ 2; $\alpha(M)\exp=0.00041$ 5 $\alpha(K)=0.0104$ 12; $\alpha(L)=0.00154$ 12; $\alpha(M)=0.000333$ 24 $\alpha(N)=7.5\times 10^{-5}$ 6; $\alpha(O)=1.11\times 10^{-5}$ 9; $\alpha(P)=6.3\times 10^{-7}$ 8 Relative $I_\gamma=1.20$ 3 (1992Ca11), 1.464 35 (1982Me10), 1.3 1 (1976Ga10). δ : from $\alpha(K)\exp$.
590.88 1	0.00238# 20	590.880	9/2 ⁻	0.0	7/2 ⁻	E2+M1	-1.5 +9-4	0.0101 25	% $I_\gamma=0.000113$ 10 $\alpha(K)=0.0085$ 22; $\alpha(L)=0.00127$ 22; $\alpha(M)=0.00027$ 5 $\alpha(N)=6.2\times 10^{-5}$ 11; $\alpha(O)=9.1\times 10^{-6}$ 17; $\alpha(P)=5.1\times 10^{-7}$ 15 1982Me10 give $\alpha(K)\exp=0.0086$ and assign M1+E2. But from authors' intensities evaluators deduce $\alpha(K)\exp=0.28$ which is too high for an M1+E2 assignment. Evaluators suggests that $I_{ce}(K)=0.96$ 8 (1982Me10) is in error.
613.915 17	0.00645# 25	636.421	7/2 ⁻	22.5002	5/2 ⁻				% $I_\gamma=0.000306$ 12 From authors' intensities, evaluators deduce $\alpha(K)\exp=0.10$ 1. Evaluators suspect that $I_{ce}(K)=0.96$ 8 (1982Me10) is in error.

$^{149}\text{Eu } \varepsilon$ decay (93.1 d) [1982Me10](#),[1992Ca11](#) (continued)

<u>$\gamma(^{149}\text{Sm})$ (continued)</u>									
E_γ^{\dagger}	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger a}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. ^{&}	$\delta^{\&}$	α^b	Comments
636.05 ^c 10	0.0074 [#]	658.62	($\leq 7/2$)	22.5002	$5/2^-$				%I γ =3.5×10 ⁻⁴
636.50 7	0.00372 [#] 25	636.421	$7/2^-$	0.0	$7/2^-$	M1+E2	-0.30 +16-18	0.0114 5	%I γ =0.000177 12 $\alpha(K)=0.0097\ 5$; $\alpha(L)=0.00132\ 5$; $\alpha(M)=0.000282\ 11$ $\alpha(N)=6.40\times 10^{-5}\ 24$; $\alpha(O)=9.6\times 10^{-6}\ 4$; $\alpha(P)=6.02\times 10^{-7}\ 31$ $\alpha(K)\text{exp}=0.058\ 12$ for doublet. Evaluators suggest that $\text{Ice}(K)=0.95\ 8$ (1982Me10) is in error.

[†] From [1982Me10](#). In several cases [1982Me10](#) give uncertainties of less than 10 eV. The evaluators have adopted a lowest uncertainty of 10 eV based on least squares fit to $E\gamma$ values in the level scheme.

[‡] Relative intensities with respect to 100.0 for 327.5γ . Values in [1982Me10](#) were given as intensities per 1000 decays. These have been converted to relative values with respect to $I\gamma(327.5\gamma)=100$ ($I\gamma/1000=40.3\ 4$ in [1982Me10](#)) using a multiplicative factor of 2.4814.

[#] From [1982Me10](#), converted to relative intensity.

[@] Weighted average of [1992Ca11](#), [1982Me10](#) and [1976Ga10](#).

[&] From the Adopted Gammas. Adopted values are based on ce data ([1982Me10](#)), unless otherwise noted. For 22.5γ the data are from [2011In01](#) and [2011In04](#).
 Others: [1981Ar17](#) and [1970An17](#). For normalization, mult(350γ) was used as pure E2 ([1982Me10](#)).

^a For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.0475 4.

^b Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

^c Placement of transition in the level scheme is uncertain.

$^{149}\text{Eu } \varepsilon \text{ decay (93.1 d)} \quad 1982\text{Me10,1992Ca11}$

Legend

Decay Scheme
Intensities: I_γ per 100 parent decays

