

$^{248}\text{Cm SF decay}$     [2007Ur03](#)

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen		NDS 185, 2 (2022)	23-Aug-2022

Parent:  $^{248}\text{Cm}$ : E=0;  $J^\pi=0^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=3.48 \times 10^5$  y 6; %SF decay=8.39 16

$^{248}\text{Cm-T}_{1/2}$ : From  $^{248}\text{Cm}$  Adopted Levels in the ENSDF database (Sept 2014 update).

$^{248}\text{Cm}$ -%SF decay: %SF=8.39 16 for  $^{248}\text{Cm}$  decay.

[2007Ur03](#): measured  $E\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$  coin using EUROGAM2 and four low-energy photon detectors. Deduced levels,  $J^\pi$ , band structure.

[Additional information 1](#).

 $^{149}\text{La}$  Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^\pi$ <sup>‡</sup>	Comments
0	(3/2)	$J^\pi$ : 3/2 is considered as favored by <a href="#">2007Ur03</a> . Other possible spin of 5/2 is not completely ruled out but less probable.
$0+x^{\#}$	(7/2 $^-$ )	<a href="#">Additional information 2</a> . E(level): x<35 keV if 3/2 for g.s. and <20 keV if 5/2 for g.s., estimated by <a href="#">2007Ur03</a> from non-observation of a $\gamma$ ray of this energy or enhanced intensity of x rays.
81.5+x <sup>#</sup> 3	(11/2 $^-$ )	
280.8+x <sup>#</sup> 5	(15/2 $^-$ )	
598.3+x <sup>#</sup> 6	(19/2 $^-$ )	
1016.5+x <sup>#</sup> 6	(23/2 $^-$ )	
1510.3+x <sup>#</sup> 7	(27/2 $^-$ )	
2051.1+x <sup>#</sup> 8	(31/2 $^-$ )	
2606.7+x <sup>#</sup> 8	(35/2 $^-$ )	

<sup>†</sup> From a least-squares fit to  $E\gamma$  values, assuming an uncertainty of 0.3 keV for each  $\gamma$  ray.

<sup>‡</sup> As assigned by [2007Ur03](#), based on band structure and  $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$  data.

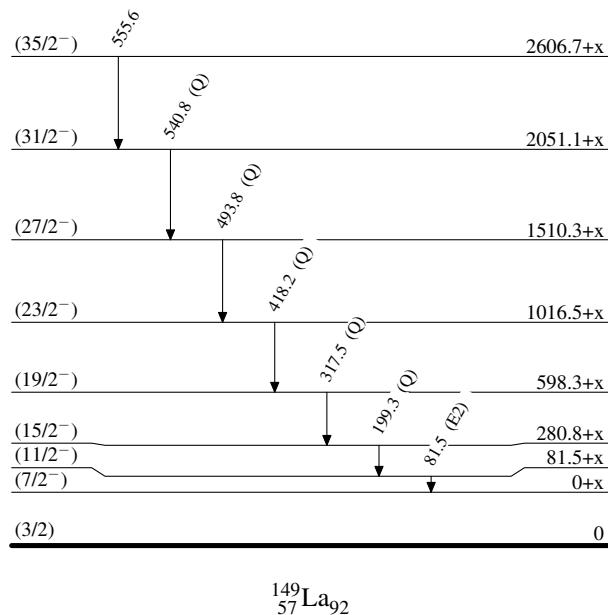
# Band(A): Probable  $\pi 3/2[541], \alpha=-1/2$ .

 $\gamma(^{149}\text{La})$ 

$E_\gamma$	$E_i$ (level)	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. <sup>†</sup>	$\alpha$ <sup>‡</sup>	Comments
81.5	81.5+x	(11/2 $^-$ )	0+x	(7/2 $^-$ )	(E2)	4.15 6	$\alpha(\text{exp})=6$ 1; $\alpha(K)\text{exp}=3.5$ 6 Mult.: from $\alpha(\text{exp})$ and $\alpha(K)\text{exp}$ .
199.3	280.8+x	(15/2 $^-$ )	81.5+x	(11/2 $^-$ )	(Q)		(199.2 $\gamma$ )(81.5 $\gamma$ )( $\theta$ ): $A_2=+0.07$ 1, $A_4=-0.04$ 2.
317.5	598.3+x	(19/2 $^-$ )	280.8+x	(15/2 $^-$ )	(Q)		(199.3 $\gamma$ )(317.5 $\gamma$ )( $\theta$ ): $A_2=+0.11$ 2, $A_4=-0.03$ 2.
418.2	1016.5+x	(23/2 $^-$ )	598.3+x	(19/2 $^-$ )	(Q)		(317.5 $\gamma$ )(418.2 $\gamma$ )( $\theta$ ): $A_2=+0.09$ 2, $A_4=+0.02$ 3.
493.8	1510.3+x	(27/2 $^-$ )	1016.5+x	(23/2 $^-$ )	(Q)		(199.3 $\gamma$ +317.5 $\gamma$ )(493.8 $\gamma$ )( $\theta$ ): $A_2=+0.07$ 2, $A_4=+0.04$ 5.
540.8	2051.1+x	(31/2 $^-$ )	1510.3+x	(27/2 $^-$ )	(Q)		(199.3 $\gamma$ +317.5 $\gamma$ +418.3 $\gamma$ )(540.1 $\gamma$ )( $\theta$ ): $A_2=+0.12$ 4, $A_4=+0.01$ 6.
555.6	2606.7+x	(35/2 $^-$ )	2051.1+x	(31/2 $^-$ )			

<sup>†</sup> From  $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$  data in [2007Ur03](#). Mult=(Q) is for  $\Delta J=2$ , quadrupole (most likely E2) transition, unless otherwise stated. [2007Ur03](#) assigned (E2).

<sup>‡</sup> Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

$^{248}\text{Cm SF decay} \quad 2007\text{Ur03}$ Level Scheme

$^{248}\text{Cm}$  SF decay    2007Ur03

Band(A); Probable  
 $\pi 3/2[541], \alpha = -1/2$

