

<sup>153</sup>Er  $\alpha$  decay (37.1 s) 1996Pa01,1982Bo04,1982De11

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen		NDS 185, 2 (2022)	23-Aug-2022

Parent: <sup>153</sup>Er: E=0.0; J <sup>$\pi$</sup> =(7/2<sup>-</sup>); T<sub>1/2</sub>=37.1 s 2; Q( $\alpha$ )=4802.4 14; % $\alpha$  decay=53 3  
<sup>153</sup>Er-J <sup>$\pi$</sup> ,T<sub>1/2</sub>: From <sup>153</sup>Er Adopted Levels in the ENSDF database (August 2020 update).  
<sup>153</sup>Er-T<sub>1/2</sub>: [Additional information 1](#).  
<sup>153</sup>Er-Q( $\alpha$ ): From [2021Wa16](#).  
<sup>153</sup>Er-% $\alpha$  decay: 53% 3 from [1977Ha48](#). Deduced by comparison of I $\alpha$  of parent and daughter in equilibrium. Other measurement: 38 +19-7 ([1974To07](#)); 95 +5-20 from [1963Ma18](#) seems discrepant.  
[1996Pa01](#): <sup>106</sup>Cd,<sup>112</sup>Sn(<sup>58</sup>Ni,X) with E=300 MeV and 329 MeV <sup>58</sup>Ni, respectively, from the Daresbury Laboratory Nuclear Structure Facility. Measured E $\alpha$ .  
[1982Bo04](#)(also [1973BoXW](#)): spallation of uranium, thorium, gold and tantalum targets with 5 GeV proton from the LBNL Bevatron. Measured E $\alpha$ , T<sub>1/2</sub>.  
[1982De11](#): 245-300 MeV <sup>63</sup>Cu ions on silver, cadmium, indium and tin targets. Measured E $\alpha$ .  
[1980Da09](#): spallation of Ho, Tm, Ta, Re and Au targets with 480-MeV proton from the cyclotron at TRIUMF. Measured E $\alpha$ , T<sub>1/2</sub>.  
[1963Ma18](#): <sup>142</sup>Nd(<sup>16</sup>O,5n) E=75-151 MeV <sup>16</sup>O beam from the Berkeley heavy-ion accelerator (HILAC). Measured E $\alpha$ , T<sub>1/2</sub>, branching ratio.  
[1970To16](#): <sup>156</sup>Dy(<sup>3</sup>He,6n) E=97.3 MeV and <sup>162</sup>Er(<sup>3</sup>He, $\alpha$ 8n) E=101.2 MeV from the Oak Ridge isochronous cyclotron (ORIC). Measured E $\alpha$ , T<sub>1/2</sub>.  
[1974To07](#): <sup>147</sup>Sm(<sup>12</sup>C,6n) E=118 MeV from ORIC. Measured E $\alpha$ ,  $\gamma$ - and x-rays. Deduced branching ratio.  
[1977Ha48](#): spallation of Ta targets with 600-MeV proton from the CERN synchro-cyclotron. Measured E $\alpha$ , T<sub>1/2</sub>, branching ratio.  
[1978AfZZ](#):  $\alpha$  emitter was produced with 1 GeV proton from the synchro-cyclotron of Leningrad Nuclear Physics Institute (LNPI) at USSR. Measured E $\alpha$ , T<sub>1/2</sub>.  
[1979Ho10](#) (also [1981HoZM](#)): Ag, Pd, Rh(<sup>58</sup>Ni,X) with E=276 MeV beam from the UNILAC at GSI. Measured E $\alpha$ .  
Others: [1996Pa01](#), [1988To13](#), [1988KaZK](#), [1987B114](#).

<sup>149</sup>Dy Levels

E(level)	J <sup><math>\pi</math></sup>	T <sub>1/2</sub>	Comments
0.0	7/2 <sup>-</sup>	4.2 min 2	J <sup><math>\pi</math></sup> ,T <sub>1/2</sub> : from the Adopted Levels.

$\alpha$  radiations

E $\alpha$	E(level)	I $\alpha$ <sup>‡</sup>	HF <sup>†</sup>	Comments
4518 <sup>#</sup>				E $\alpha$ : The 4518-keV $\alpha$ group was reported by <a href="#">1980Da09</a> and was assigned to <sup>153</sup> Er from their measured T <sub>1/2</sub> =35.1 s 20. This $\alpha$ group was not observed by <a href="#">1979Ho10</a> nor by <a href="#">1974To07</a> , and appears unlikely to belong to the <sup>153</sup> Er $\alpha$ decay since it would populate a level in the daughter at 157 keV, and such a level does not exist in <sup>149</sup> Dy.
4674 2	0.0	100	1.25 8	E $\alpha$ : Weighted average of 4674 4 (1996Pa0), 4671 keV 3 ( <a href="#">1982Bo04</a> ), 4676 keV 2 ( <a href="#">1982De11</a> ), 4674 keV 10 ( <a href="#">1979Ho10</a> , <a href="#">1981HoZM</a> ), 4671 3 ( <a href="#">1978AfZZ</a> ), 4675 keV 10 ( <a href="#">1977Ha48</a> ), 4670 10 ( <a href="#">1970To16</a> ), and 4675 keV 20 ( <a href="#">1963Ma18</a> ). Others: 4671 ( <a href="#">1988To13</a> ), 4670 ( <a href="#">1987B114</a> ), 4673 and 4676 ( <a href="#">1980Da09</a> ).

<sup>†</sup> The nuclear radius parameter r<sub>0</sub>(<sup>149</sup>Dy)=1.558 10 is deduced from interpolation (or unweighted average) of radius parameters of the adjacent even-even nuclides in [2020Si16](#).

<sup>‡</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.53 3.

<sup>#</sup> Existence of this branch is questionable.