

$^{149}\text{Dy IT decay (0.490 s)}$ [1980Da18](#),[1976St08](#),[1980Ja16](#)

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen		NDS 185,2 (2022)	23-Aug-2022

Parent: ^{149}Dy : E=2661.2 5; $J^\pi=(27/2)^-$; $T_{1/2}=0.490$ s 15; %IT decay=99.3 3

^{149}Dy -E: 2660.94 34 in the Adopted Levels.

^{149}Dy - $J^\pi, T_{1/2}$: From the Adopted Levels.

^{149}Dy -%IT decay: from $\%e + \%\beta^+ = 0.7$ 3 ([1988Ba02](#)).

[1980Da18](#) (also [1983JuZY](#)): $^{152}\text{Gd}(\alpha, 7n\gamma)$ E=106 MeV, this measurement updates and extends that by [1976St08](#) at the same laboratory; measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, $\gamma(\theta)$, $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$, $\gamma(t)$, $\gamma\gamma(t)$. $^{136}\text{Ce}(^{16}\text{O}, 3n\gamma)$ E=92 MeV ^{16}O beam from the Emperor Tandem at the MPI Heidelberg on >99% enriched ^{136}Xe target (in oxide form); measured conversion electrons with a solenoid spectrometer. Deduced levels, J^π , isomer $T_{1/2}$, configurations, conversion coefficients, γ -ray multipolarities, transition strengths. Systematics of neighboring isotones. See also the $^{152}\text{Gd}(\alpha, 7n\gamma)$ dataset for additional data.

[1976St08](#) (also [1976St01](#)): $^{152}\text{Gd}(\alpha, 7n\gamma)$ E=106 MeV α beam was produced from the Julich cyclotron. Target was 1.2 mg enriched (>99.6%) ^{152}Gd on a 500 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ mylar backing. γ rays were detected with two Ge(Li) detectors. Measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, $\gamma(\theta)$, $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$, $\gamma(t)$, $\gamma\gamma(t)$. Deduced levels, J^π , isomer $T_{1/2}$, γ -ray multipolarities. [1976St08](#) extends the measurement of [1976St01](#) and determines $T_{1/2}$, spin and parity of the isomer.

[1980Ja16](#): $^{144}\text{Sm}(^{12}\text{C}, X\gamma)$ E=70-130 MeV ^{12}C beam from the Grenoble variable-energy cyclotron. Measured $E\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, $\gamma(t)$ with a Ge(Li) and a NaI detector. Deduced isomer $T_{1/2}$.

Others:

[2003Li42](#): ^{149}Dy isomer nuclei produced in fragmentation of ^{209}Bi beam at 900 MeV/nucleon; separated in flight with the fragment separator (FRS) and stored in the cooler ring (ESR) at GSI. Measured half-life of fully-ionized isomeric state at 2661 keV.

See [1988Ba02](#) (also [1987BaZV](#)) and [1993KIZZ](#) for ε decay of this isomer.

 ^{149}Dy Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi \dagger$	$T_{1/2} \dagger$	Comments
0.0	$7/2^-$	4.2 min 2	
1073.2 1	$(13/2)^+$		
2251.81 15	$(17/2)^+$		
2550.4 2	$(21/2)^+$		
2661.2 5	$(27/2)^-$	0.490 s 15	$T_{1/2}$: adopted value from weighted average of 0.500 s 30 (1976St08), 0.510 s 10 (1980Ja16), 0.47 s 1 (1987BaZV). Other: for fully-ionized atom, $T_{1/2}=11$ s 1 (2003Li42). Configuration= $\pi h_{11/2}^2 \otimes \nu f_{7/2}$ (1976St08 , 1980Da18).

\dagger From the Adopted Levels.

¹⁴⁹Dy IT decay (0.490 s) 1980Da18,1976St08,1980Ja16 (continued)

<u>$\gamma(^{149}\text{Dy})$</u>									
$E_\gamma^{\dagger@}$	$I_\gamma^{#&}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [‡]	a^a	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}^{&}$	Comments
110.8 4	3.52 8	2661.2	(27/2) ⁻	2550.4	(21/2) ⁺	E3	27.3 7	100	%I γ =3.50 7 ce(K)/(γ +ce)=0.1086 30; ce(L)/(γ +ce)=0.651 12; ce(M)/(γ +ce)=0.164 5 ce(N)/(γ +ce)=0.0370 12; ce(O)/(γ +ce)=0.00435 15; ce(P)/(γ +ce)=6.74×10 ⁻⁶ 20 α (K)=3.07 5; α (L)=18.4 5; α (M)=4.63 12 α (N)=1.044 26; α (O)=0.1229 31; α (P)=0.0001904 35 I γ : for fully-ionized atom, I γ ≈100 per 100 decays of the isomer with T _{1/2} =11 s 1 (2003Li42); since internal conversion is not allowed for bare atoms. I γ : relative intensity≈3. Mult.: α (L)exp=13 5 (1980Da18), 16 4 (1987BaZV). %I γ =93.20 29
298.6 1	93.86 8	2550.4	(21/2) ⁺	2251.81	(17/2) ⁺	E2	0.0654 9	100	A ₂ =0.00 2; A ₄ =-0.04 3 (1976St01); α (K)exp=0.049 7 (1980Da18) ce(K)/(γ +ce)=0.0460 6; ce(L)/(γ +ce)=0.01198 17; ce(M)/(γ +ce)=0.00276 4 ce(N)/(γ +ce)=0.000627 9; ce(O)/(γ +ce)=8.24×10 ⁻⁵ 12; ce(P)/(γ +ce)=2.393×10 ⁻⁶ 34 α (K)=0.0490 7; α (L)=0.01276 18; α (M)=0.00294 4 α (N)=0.000668 9; α (O)=8.78×10 ⁻⁵ 12; α (P)=2.55×10 ⁻⁶ 4 I γ : relative intensity=83 8 (1980Da18). Mult.: α (K)exp and $\gamma(\theta)$. %I γ =98.75 30
1073.2 1	99.446 8	1073.2	(13/2) ⁺	0.0	7/2 ⁻	E3	0.00557 8	100	A ₂ =+0.01 3; A ₄ =+0.02 4 (1976St01); α (K)exp=0.0046 5 (1980Da18) ce(K)/(γ +ce)=0.00453 6; ce(L)/(γ +ce)=0.000784 11; ce(M)/(γ +ce)=0.0001754 25 ce(N)/(γ +ce)=4.04×10 ⁻⁵ 6; ce(O)/(γ +ce)=5.73×10 ⁻⁶ 8; ce(P)/(γ +ce)=2.77×10 ⁻⁷ 4 α (K)=0.00456 6; α (L)=0.000788 11; α (M)=0.0001763 25 α (N)=4.06×10 ⁻⁵ 6; α (O)=5.76×10 ⁻⁶ 8; α (P)=2.78×10 ⁻⁷ 4 I γ : relative intensity=100 (1980Da18). Mult.: from α (K)exp. %I γ =99.08 30
1178.6 1	99.782 3	2251.81	(17/2) ⁺	1073.2	(13/2) ⁺	E2	2.18×10 ⁻³ 3	100	A ₂ =+0.01 3; A ₄ =-0.03 4 (1976St01); α (K)exp=0.0017 3 (1980Da18) ce(K)/(γ +ce)=0.001836 26; ce(L)/(γ +ce)=0.000265 4; ce(M)/(γ +ce)=5.80×10 ⁻⁵ 8 ce(N)/(γ +ce)=1.337×10 ⁻⁵ 19; ce(O)/(γ +ce)=1.937×10 ⁻⁶

¹⁴⁹₆₆Dy IT decay (0.490 s) 1980Da18, 1976St08, 1980Ja16 (continued) $\gamma(^{149}\text{Dy})$ (continued)

$E_\gamma^{\dagger @}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	Comments
	27; ce(P)/(γ +ce)= 1.061×10^{-7} 15 $\alpha(K)=0.001840$ 26; $\alpha(L)=0.000265$ 4; $\alpha(M)=5.81 \times 10^{-5}$ 8 $\alpha(N)=1.340 \times 10^{-5}$ 19; $\alpha(O)=1.941 \times 10^{-6}$ 27; $\alpha(P)=1.063 \times 10^{-7}$ 15; $\alpha(IPF)=3.36 \times 10^{-6}$ 5 I_γ : relative intensity=91 9 (1980Da18). Mult: from $\alpha(K)$ exp and $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$. IPC/T=3.35E-6 5. $(298.6\gamma)(1178.6\gamma)(\theta)$: $A_2=+0.05$ 7 (1976St01).	

[†] From 1980Da18. The same data are also presented in ¹⁵²Gd($\alpha, 7n\gamma$) dataset.

[‡] From ce data, $\gamma(\theta)$ and $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ in 1980Da18 and $\gamma(\theta)$ in 1976St01. The same multipolarities are adopted in the Adopted Gammas. The same $\gamma(\theta)$ and $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ are also presented in ¹⁵²Gd($\alpha, 7n\gamma$) dataset.

[#] Deduced by evaluators from assumed $I(\gamma+ce)=100$ and theoretical α from BrIcc.

[@] From a least-squares fit to γ -ray energies.

[&] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.993 3.

^a Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

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