

$^{148}\text{Nd}(\text{d},3\text{n}\gamma)$     1995Ur01

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	N. Nica and B. Singh		NDS 181, 1 (2022)	9-Mar-2022

1995Ur01: E(d)=18 MeV; measured E $\gamma$ , I $\gamma$ , ce, ce $\gamma$  coin,  $\gamma\gamma$  using Orsay electron spectrometer and Ge detectors.

 $^{147}\text{Pm}$  Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	J $^{\pi}$ <sup>‡</sup>						
0.0	7/2 $^{+}$	489.36 15	7/2 $^{+}$	730.70 18	9/2 $^{+}$	1077.56 24	(11/2 $^{+}$ )
91.11 9	5/2 $^{+}$	531.02 14	5/2 $^{+}$	807.3 4		1434.2 3	(13/2 $^{+}$ )
410.66 15	3/2 $^{+}$	686.06 16	5/2 $^{+}$	1049.09 25	(7/2 $^{+}$ )		

<sup>†</sup> Deduced by evaluator from least-squares fit to E $\gamma$  data.

<sup>‡</sup> As proposed by 1995Ur01 from multipolarities deduced from ce data, and previous assignments for low-lying levels.

 $\gamma(^{147}\text{Pm})$ 

E $\gamma$	I $\gamma$	E $i$ (level)	J $^{\pi}_i$	E $f$	J $^{\pi}_f$	Mult. <sup>†</sup>	$\alpha$ <sup>‡</sup>	Comments
91.1 1	100	91.11	5/2 $^{+}$	0.0	7/2 $^{+}$	M1+E2	2.6 6	$\alpha(K)\text{exp}=1.4$ 3
120.1 3	3 1	531.02	5/2 $^{+}$	410.66	3/2 $^{+}$	M1+E2	1.05 13	$\alpha(K)=1.63$ 9; $\alpha(L)=0.75$ 52; $\alpha(M)=0.17$ 12
196.6 3	5 2	686.06	5/2 $^{+}$	489.36	7/2 $^{+}$			$\alpha(K)\text{exp}=1.3$ 4
241.4 3	15 3	730.70	9/2 $^{+}$	489.36	7/2 $^{+}$	M1+E2	0.121 13	$\alpha(K)=0.74$ 4; $\alpha(L)=0.24$ 13; $\alpha(M)=0.053$ 30
275.5 3	7 2	686.06	5/2 $^{+}$	410.66	3/2 $^{+}$			$\alpha(K)\text{exp}=0.025$ 12
319.5 2	36 4	410.66	3/2 $^{+}$	91.11	5/2 $^{+}$	M1+E2	0.054 10	Mult.: 1995Ur01 give E1 from $\alpha(K)\text{exp}$ , but M1 or M1+E2 is expected from their $J^{\pi}$ assignments of the two levels connected by this transition.
346.8 3	12 3	1077.56	(11/2 $^{+}$ )	730.70	9/2 $^{+}$			$\alpha(K)\text{exp}=0.033$ 8
356.5 3	5 2	1434.2	(13/2 $^{+}$ )	1077.56	(11/2 $^{+}$ )			$\alpha(K)=0.045$ 10; $\alpha(L)=0.00732$ 11;
363.1 3	5 2	1049.09	(7/2 $^{+}$ )	686.06	5/2 $^{+}$			$\alpha(M)=0.00159$ 3
398.2 2	43 4	489.36	7/2 $^{+}$	91.11	5/2 $^{+}$	M1+E2	0.029 7	$\delta$ : $\alpha(K)\text{exp}$ gives $\delta>1.5$ , but $-0.37$ 1 in the Adopted Gammas.
410.6 3	4 2	410.66	3/2 $^{+}$	0.0	7/2 $^{+}$			$\alpha(K)\text{exp}=0.018$ 5
439.9 2	31 7	531.02	5/2 $^{+}$	91.11	5/2 $^{+}$			$\alpha(K)=0.025$ 6; $\alpha(L)=0.0038$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.00082$ 7
489.3 3	11 3	489.36	7/2 $^{+}$	0.0	7/2 $^{+}$			$\delta$ : $\alpha(K)\text{exp}$ gives $\delta>1.3$ , but $+0.30$ 3 in the Adopted Gammas.
518.0 3	6 2	1049.09	(7/2 $^{+}$ )	531.02	5/2 $^{+}$			
531.1 2	25 5	531.02	5/2 $^{+}$	0.0	7/2 $^{+}$			
588.1 3	11 3	1077.56	(11/2 $^{+}$ )	489.36	7/2 $^{+}$			
595.0 3	7 2	686.06	5/2 $^{+}$	91.11	5/2 $^{+}$			
639.6 2	21 4	730.70	9/2 $^{+}$	91.11	5/2 $^{+}$			
686.1 3	18 4	686.06	5/2 $^{+}$	0.0	7/2 $^{+}$			
703.7 3	10 3	1434.2	(13/2 $^{+}$ )	730.70	9/2 $^{+}$			
716.2 3	12 3	807.3		91.11	5/2 $^{+}$			

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

---

 **$^{148}\text{Nd}(\text{d},3\text{n}\gamma)$     1995Ur01 (continued)** **$\gamma(^{147}\text{Pm})$  (continued)**

<sup>†</sup> Based on  $\alpha(\text{K})\exp$  ([1995Ur01](#)).

<sup>‡</sup> Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

