

$^{147}\text{Dy IT decay (55.2 s)}$ **1976Ra07**

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	N. Nica and B. Singh		NDS 181, 1 (2022)	9-Mar-2022

Parent: ^{147}Dy : E=750.5 4; $J^\pi=(11/2^-)$; $T_{1/2}=55.2$ s 5; %IT decay=31.1 23

^{147}Dy -E, J^π , $T_{1/2}$: from Adopted Levels; other: E(isomer)=750.5 ([2005Ge10](#)).

Others: [1982No08](#), [1985Br07](#), [1975To04](#).

 $^{147}\text{Dy Levels}$

E(level)	$J^\pi \dagger$	$T_{1/2} \dagger$	Comments
0.0	(1/2 ⁺)	67 s 7	% ε +% β^+ =100 (1983AlZN); % β^+ p= 5×10^{-2} (1984To07) % ε +% β^+ ,% β^+ p: from Adopted Levels.
72.0 3	(3/2 ⁺)		
750.5 4	(11/2 ⁻)	55.2 s 5	%IT=31.1 23 (1997Co21); % ε +% β^+ =68.9 23 %IT,% ε +% β^+ : from Adopted Levels.

\dagger From Adopted Levels.

 $\gamma(^{147}\text{Dy})$

$E_\gamma \ddagger$	$I_\gamma \#&$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. \circledast	δ	$\alpha \dagger$	$I_{(\gamma+ce)} \&$	Comments
72.0 3	13.5 6	72.0	(3/2 ⁺)	0.0	(1/2 ⁺)	M1+(E2)	<0.4	6.4 3	100	ce(K)/(γ +ce)=0.673 17; ce(L)/(γ +ce)=0.149 39; ce(M)/(γ +ce)=0.034 11 ce(N)/(γ +ce)=0.0078 25; ce(O)/(γ +ce)=0.00105 29; ce(P)/(γ +ce)= 4.2×10^{-5} 3 α (K)=4.98 23; α (L)=1.11 34; α (M)=0.251 83 α (N)=0.057 19; α (O)=0.0078 21; α (P)=0.000309 17 Mult.: α (K)exp=5.2 5 from (K x ray) $\gamma/\gamma\gamma$ (1982To01). ce(K)/(γ +ce)=0.1352 17; ce(L)/(γ +ce)=0.0300 5; ce(M)/(γ +ce)=0.00696 10 ce(N)/(γ +ce)=0.001613 23; ce(O)/(γ +ce)=0.000228 4; ce(P)/(γ +ce)= 1.100×10^{-5} 16 α (K)=0.1636 23; α (L)=0.0364 6; α (M)=0.00843 12 α (N)=0.00195 3; α (O)=0.000276 4; α (P)= 1.332×10^{-5} 19
678.4 3	82.6	750.5	(11/2 ⁻)	72.0	(3/2 ⁺)	(M4)	0.211	100		

\dagger Additional information 1.

\ddagger From Adopted Gammas.

From the assumption that $I(\gamma+ce)(72.0)=I(\gamma+ce)(678.4)=100$ per 100 decays. These transitions follow the 55-s isomer in ^{147}Dy , and their intensities are significant only in relation to each other.

\circledast From Adopted Gammas.

& For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.311 23.

