

$^{146}\text{Gd } \varepsilon \text{ decay }$ **1981Ka07,1978Ma47**

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Yu. Khazov, A. Rodionov and G. Shulyak		NDS 136, 163 (2016)	14-Jul-2016

Parent: ^{146}Gd : E=0.0; $J^\pi=0^+$; $T_{1/2}=48.27$ d 9; $Q(\varepsilon)=1032$ 7; $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+$ decay=100.0

$^{146}\text{Gd-T}_{1/2}$ from 'Adopted Levels', $Q(g.s.)$ from [2012Wa38](#).

1981Ka07: $^{146}\text{Gd } \varepsilon$ decay [from $^{144}\text{Sm}(\alpha,2n)$, E=27 MeV]; measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$, γ (X-ray) coin. Deduced levels, J^π . Cyclotron, mass-separator, Ge(Li), X-ray detectors.

1978Ma47,1973Ga26: $^{146}\text{Gd } \varepsilon$ decay [from $\text{Ta}(p,X)$, E=660 MeV]; measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $E(\text{ce})$, $I(\text{ce})$, L-subshell ratios. Deduced levels, J^π , α , δ . Ge(Li) detector, magnetic β spectrometer.

1976Se02: $^{146}\text{Gd } \varepsilon$ decay [from $^{144}\text{Sm}(\alpha,2n)$, E=27 MeV]; measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$, γ (X-ray) coin, $\gamma(t)$, $T_{1/2}$. Deduced levels, J^π , δ .

1970An18: $^{146}\text{Gd } \varepsilon$ decay; measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $I(\text{ce})$, K-, L-, M-subshell ratios. Deduced levels, α , J^π , δ .

2013Bh07: $^{146}\text{Gd } \varepsilon$ decay [from $^{144}\text{Sm}(\alpha,2n)$, $E\alpha=32$ MeV]; measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, level $T_{1/2}$ by $\gamma\gamma(t)$. Deduced levels, J^π , β feedings, log ft , configurations. Measured $T_{1/2}$ by $\gamma\gamma(t)$. Mirror symmetric centroid difference method for half-life.

Others: [1958Go86](#), [1963Fr02](#), [1963Bo44](#), [1966Av04](#), [1970Ag01](#), [1970Ch09](#), [1970Ko16](#), [1972Ho51](#).

The ^{146}Eu level scheme from $^{146}\text{Gd } \varepsilon$ decay is that proposed by [1981Ka07](#) on the basis of γ , $\gamma\gamma$, (X-ray) γ coin. It differs from the earlier proposed schemes by repositioning in the cascade of coincident γ rays: the 114.7 keV level decays by the 114.7 keV transition and the 230.2 keV level decays by 115.5 keV transition. Such a sequence is supported by the measurements of (p,2n) reactions and $^{146}\text{Gd } \varepsilon$ decay ([2013Bh07](#)). The analysis of the [2013Bh07](#) data shows that the work is done with a poor energy calibration.

[Additional information 1](#).

 ^{146}Eu Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	4^-		
114.712 20	3^-	3.7 ps 16	$T_{1/2}$: from $\beta\gamma(t)$ using mirror symmetric centroid (MSCD) analysis (2013Bh07). Others: <0.160 ns (1972Ho51), <0.3 ns (1976Se02).
230.23 3	2^-	5.8 ps 15	$T_{1/2}$: from $\beta\gamma(t)$ using mirror symmetric centroid (MSCD) analysis (2013Bh07). Others: <0.165 ns (1972Ho51), <0.3 ns (1976Se02).
384.80 4	1^-		
421.62 7	$(3)^-$		
498.16 7	$(2)^-$		
690.71 20	$(2)^-$		

[†] From a least-squares fit to $E\gamma$ data; normalized $\chi^2=0.7$.

[‡] From 'Adopted Levels, Gammas'.

 ε, β^+ radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\varepsilon$ [†]	Log ft	Comments
(341 7)	690.71	0.067 10	9.66 7	$\varepsilon K=0.8069$ 10; $\varepsilon L=0.1486$ 8; $\varepsilon M+=0.0445$ 3
(534 7)	498.16	0.23 8	9.53 ^{1u} 16	$\varepsilon K=0.7849$ 12; $\varepsilon L=0.1647$ 9; $\varepsilon M+=0.0504$ 3
(647 7)	384.80	72.1 14	7.241 14	$\varepsilon K=0.8268$ 3; $\varepsilon L=0.13383$ 17; $\varepsilon M+=0.03933$ 6
(802 7)	230.23	26.5 16	8.22 ^{1u} 3	$\varepsilon K=0.8100$ 4; $\varepsilon L=0.1463$ 3; $\varepsilon M+=0.04375$ 11

Note that this value of log ft is lower than log $ft>8.5$ expected for 1u β transitions.

[†] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 ^{146}Gd ε decay 1981Ka07,1978Ma47 (continued)

 $\gamma(^{146}\text{Eu})$ I γ normalization: assuming $\Sigma(I(\gamma+\text{ce})$ to g.s.)=100.

E $_{\gamma}^{\dagger}$	I $_{\gamma}^{\dagger\&}$	E $_i$ (level)	J $^{\pi}_i$	E $_f$	J $^{\pi}_f$	Mult. ‡	$\delta^{\#}$	$\alpha^{\#}$	Comments
76.54 1	0.05 2	498.16	(2 $^-$)	421.62	(3 $^-$)	[M1,E2]	5.3 13		$\alpha(K)=2.8~6; \alpha(L)=1.9~15; \alpha(M)=0.4~4$ $\alpha(N)=0.10~8; \alpha(O)=0.014~10;$ $\alpha(P)=0.00027~11$
114.71 2	94.5 10	114.712	3 $^-$	0.0	4 $^-$	M1+(E2)	<0.04	1.247	$\alpha(K)=1.055~15; \alpha(L)=0.1510~22;$ $\alpha(M)=0.0326~5$ $\alpha(N)=0.00747~11; \alpha(O)=0.001184~17;$ $\alpha(P)=0.0001167~17$ $\alpha(\text{exp}): \text{ce}(K)=204~12~(1978\text{Ma47});$ $\text{ce}(K)=102~5, \text{ce}(L1)=13, \text{ce}(L2)=0.95$ $15, \text{ce}(L3)=0.26~8~(1973\text{Ga26});$ $K:L1:L2:L3:M1:M2:M3^+:N:O+=100.0$ $35:13.6~5:1.00~15:<0.3:2.9~4:0.32$ $16:<0.2:0.80~11:0.18~8~(1970\text{An18}).$
115.51 2	94.5 10	230.23	2 $^-$	114.712	3 $^-$	M1+(E2)	<0.022	1.223	$\alpha: KC:L1C:L2C:L3C:M1C:M2C:M3C+:$ $NC:(OC+PC)=100.0~14:13.05~18:1.025$ $16:0.1918~60:2.805~40:0.2474~40:0.0472$ $40:0.707~12:0.1233~17~\text{from exp.}$ subshell ratios. $\delta: \text{from } 1973\text{Ga26}. \delta<0.01~(1963\text{Bo44}).$ $\delta=0.000~8~\text{from exp. subshell ratios.}$
154.57 2	100 1	384.80	1 $^-$	230.23	2 $^-$	M1+(E2)	<0.071	0.537	$\alpha(K)=1.034~15; \alpha(L)=0.1478~21;$ $\alpha(M)=0.0319~5$ $\alpha(N)=0.00731~11; \alpha(O)=0.001160~17;$ $\alpha(P)=0.0001144~16$ $\alpha(\text{exp}): \text{ce}(K)=208~12~(1978\text{Ma47});$ $\text{ce}(K)=104~4, \text{ce}(L1)=13.8~4,$ $\text{ce}(L2)=1.1~1, \text{ce}(L3)=0.18~2$ $(1973\text{Ga26});$ $K:L1:L2:L3:M1:M2:M3^+:N:O+P=102.2$ $35:13.6~4:1.02~15:0.10~6:3.0~4:0.27$ $14:<0.1:0.77~9:0.16~8~(1970\text{An18}).$
									$\alpha: \alpha(K):\alpha(L1):\alpha(L2):\alpha(L3):\alpha(M1):$ $\alpha(M2):\alpha(M3)^+:\alpha(N):(\alpha(O)+\alpha(P))=$ $100.0~14:13.03~18:~1.071~22:0.204$ $17:2.794~40:0.2406~50:0.0501~40:0.708$ $10:0.1233~17~\text{from exp. subshell ratios.}$
									$\delta: \text{from } 1973\text{Ga26}. \delta<0.01~(1963\text{Bo44}).$ $\delta=0.0000~25~\text{from exp. subshell ratios.}$
									$\alpha(K)=0.455~7; \alpha(L)=0.0649~10;$ $\alpha(M)=0.01402~21$ $\alpha(N)=0.00321~5; \alpha(O)=0.000509~8;$ $\alpha(P)=5.02\times 10^{-5}~7$
									$I_{\gamma}: \Delta I_{\gamma} \text{ is not specified by the authors of }$ 1981Ka07 , the evaluators assumed $\Delta I_{\gamma}=1$ by analogy with the data for other transitions.
									$\alpha(\text{exp}): \text{ce}(K)=100~(1978\text{Ma47}); \text{ce}(K)=50$ $3, \text{ce}(L1)=6.5~5, \text{ce}(L2)=0.50~7,$ $\text{ce}(L3)=0.085~20~(1973\text{Ga26});$ $K:L1:L2:L3:M1:M2:M3^+:N:O+P=50.7$ $30:6.78~20:0.54~9:<0.1:1.44~15:0.15$ $8:<0.1:0.42~8:<0.1~(1970\text{An18}).$
									$\alpha: \alpha(K):\alpha(L1):\alpha(L2):\alpha(L3):\alpha(M1):$

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{146}\text{Gd } \varepsilon$ decay 1981Ka07,1978Ma47 (continued) $\gamma(^{146}\text{Eu})$ (continued)

E_γ^{\dagger}	$I_\gamma^{\dagger\&}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [‡]	$\alpha^\#$	Comments
230.51 20	0.19 10	230.23	2 ⁻	0.0	4 ⁻	[E2]	0.1347	$14:13.02$ 18:1.04 30:0.206 30:2.789 40:0.2444 $80:0.0507$ 70:0.708 10:0.1230 17 from exp. subshell ratios. δ : from 1973Ga26. $-0.041 < \delta < -0.018$ (1963Bo44). $\delta=0.08$ 15 from exp. subshell ratios.
267.8 2	0.08 4	498.16	(2 ⁻)	230.23	2 ⁻	(M1,E2)	0.101 18	$\alpha(K)=0.0989$ 14; $\alpha(L)=0.0278$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.00632$ 10 $\alpha(N)=0.001417$ 21; $\alpha(O)=0.000204$ 3; $\alpha(P)=8.73 \times 10^{-6}$ 13 E_γ : from 1976Se02; not observed by 1981Ka07. $E_\gamma=230.2$ 5, $I_\gamma \approx 0.02$ (1978Ma47).
^x 270.1	<0.01							I_γ : from 1976Se02, normalized to 1981Ka07 by the evaluators.
383.5 1	0.10 4	498.16	(2 ⁻)	114.712	3 ⁻			$ce(K)=0.020$ 8 (1978Ma47); $\alpha(K)_{\text{exp}}=0.11$ 6
421.6 1	0.174 20	421.62	(3) ⁻	0.0	4 ⁻	M1	0.0361	$\alpha(K)=0.082$ 19; $\alpha(L)=0.0149$ 8; $\alpha(M)=0.00330$ 25 $\alpha(N)=0.00075$ 5; $\alpha(O)=0.000114$ 3; $\alpha(P)=8.E-6$ 3
576.0 2	0.14 2	690.71	(2) ⁻	114.712	3 ⁻	M1	0.01634	E_γ : not observed by 1981Ka07. $E_\gamma=269.28$ 4, $I_\gamma=0.15$ 6 (1978Ma47).
^x 742	<0.02							$ce(K)=0.016$ 4; $\alpha(K)_{\text{exp}}=0.032$ 6 (1978Ma47) $\alpha(K)=0.0307$ 5; $\alpha(L)=0.00425$ 6; $\alpha(M)=0.000914$ 13 $\alpha(N)=0.000209$ 3; $\alpha(O)=3.33 \times 10^{-5}$ 5; $\alpha(P)=3.34 \times 10^{-6}$ 5 $ce(K)=0.0038$ 4; $\alpha(K)_{\text{exp}}=0.013$ 4 (1978Ma47) $\alpha(K)=0.01392$ 20; $\alpha(L)=0.00190$ 3; $\alpha(M)=0.000410$ 6 $\alpha(N)=9.38 \times 10^{-5}$ 14; $\alpha(O)=1.493 \times 10^{-5}$ 21; $\alpha(P)=1.507 \times 10^{-6}$ 22 E_γ : not observed by 1981Ka07.

[†] From 1981Ka07, except as noted.[‡] from $\alpha(K)_{\text{exp}}$ and subshell ratios; $\alpha(K)(154.6\gamma)$ of M1 mult. normalized to 0.455 (2008Ki07).[#] Additional information 2.[@] If No value given it was assumed $\delta=1.00$ for E2/M1.[&] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.469 7.^x γ ray not placed in level scheme.

$^{146}\text{Gd } \varepsilon$ decay 1981Ka07,1978Ma47Decay Scheme

Legend

Intensities: I_γ per 100 parent decays