

¹⁴⁴Pm ε decay 1975Av01,1999Ro18

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	A. A. Sonzogni	NDS 93, 599 (2001)	1-Dec-2000

Parent: ¹⁴⁴Pm: E=0.0; J^π=5⁻; T_{1/2}=363 d 14; Q(ε)=2331.7 22; %ε+%β⁺ decay=100.0

Adopted information: ce from 1975Av01, γγ(θ) from 1999Ro18 (Gammasphere experiment).

1998Za03: Using Gammasphere array, determined an upper limit of 7.4×10⁻⁶% for the β⁺ decay to 697 keV 2+ state; β⁺ decay to higher lying levels is not energetically possible, and the decay to 0⁺ g.s. is highly hindered due to ΔI=5.

Others: 1973Ra10, 1990BeZG, 1994Hi05, 1996Ro13.

¹⁴⁴Nd Levels

E(level)	J ^π †	T _{1/2}	Comments
0.0	0 ⁺		
696.561	2 ⁺		
1314.662	4 ⁺		
1510.794	3 ⁻		
1791.433	6 ⁺	20.8 ps 2I	T _{1/2} : from 2000Ro29.
2093.33	5 ⁻		
2109.964	4 ⁺		
2204.79	4 ⁻		

† From Adopted Levels.

ε,β⁺ radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	I _ε †	Log ft	I(ε+β ⁺)†	Comments
(126.9 22)	2204.79	0.6 1	8.44 8	0.6 1	εK=0.728 4; εL=0.2076 25; εM+=0.0647 9
(221.7 22)	2109.964	0.0043 1	11.208 23	0.0043 1	εK=0.7934 8; εL=0.1590 6; εM+=0.04761 19
(238.4 22)	2093.33	1.9 1	8.64 3	1.9 1	εK=0.7983 6; εL=0.1553 5; εM+=0.04635 16
(540.3 22)	1791.433	42.0 8	8.090 19	42.0 8	εK=0.82968 9; εL=0.13197 7; εM+=0.03835 3
(1017.0 22)	1314.662	55.3 13	8.549 20	55.3 13	εK=0.8394; εL=0.12472 2; εM+=0.035890 6

† Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

γ(¹⁴⁴Nd)

I_γ normalization: from Ti(696γ)=100.

E _γ †	I _γ ‡&	E _i (level)	J _i ^π	E _f	J _f ^π	Mult.#	α ^a	Comments
301.7 2	0.18 4	2093.33	5 ⁻	1791.433	6 ⁺	E1	0.0134	α(K)=0.01146; α(L)=0.00152 α(K)exp=0.0129 25 I _γ : from 1973Ra10.
476.78 3	44 2	1791.433	6 ⁺	1314.662	4 ⁺	E2	0.0134	If Mult.=M2+E1, δ=-0.005 +9-8 (1999Ro18). α(K)=0.01109; α(L)=0.00184 α(K)exp=0.0110 5
582.4 2	0.19 2	2093.33	5 ⁻	1510.794	3 ⁻	E2	0.00762	If Mult.=M3+E2, δ=-0.002 +3-2 (1999Ro18). α(K)= 0.00659; α(L)=0.00103 α(K)exp=0.0072 11 I _γ : from 1973Ra10. If Mult.=M3+E2, δ=0.006 +13-12 (1999Ro18).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

^{144}Pm ε decay [1975Av01](#),[1999Ro18](#) (continued) $\gamma(^{144}\text{Nd})$ (continued)

E_γ^\dagger	$I_\gamma^\ddagger\&$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^\ddagger	E_f	J_f^\ddagger	Mult.#	$\delta^\@$	α^a	Comments
618.01 3	99 3	1314.662	4 ⁺	696.561	2 ⁺	E2		0.00685	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00569$; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00087$ Other ce values normalized assuming this is an E2 transition. If Mult.=M3+E2, $\delta=-0.001$ +3-4 (1999Ro18).
694.0 2	0.55 10	2204.79	4 ⁻	1510.794	3 ⁻	E2+M1	-0.65 3	0.00708 5	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.000624$ 5; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00084$ 6 I _{γ} : from 1973Ra10 . $\alpha(\text{K})=0.00427$; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00063$ $\alpha(\text{K})\text{exp}=0.00430$ 24
696.49 3	100	696.561	2 ⁺	0.0	0 ⁺	E2		0.00511	$\alpha(\text{K})\text{exp}=0.00430$ 24
778.57 6	1.51 3	2093.33	5 ⁻	1314.662	4 ⁺	E1		0.0014 8	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00131$; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00017$ $\alpha(\text{K})\text{exp}=0.0195$ 13 If Mult.=M2+E1, $\delta=-0.004$ +3-4 (1999Ro18).
814.14 6	0.55 1	1510.794	3 ⁻	696.561	2 ⁺	E1		0.00135	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00120$; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00015$ $\alpha(\text{L}+\text{M}+\dots)\text{exp}=0.00020$ 5. If Mult.=M2+E1, $\delta=-0.012$ 4 (1999Ro18).
890.1 2	0.039 1	2204.79	4 ⁻	1314.662	4 ⁺	E1			$\alpha(\text{K})\text{exp}=0.0168$ 24, inconsistent with $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ value. If Mult.=M2+E1, $\delta=-0.01$ +3-4 (1999Ro18).
1396.6 3	0.00049 7	2093.33	5 ⁻	696.561	2 ⁺	E3			Mult.: from 1996Ro13 .
1413	0.0043 1	2109.964	4 ⁺	696.561	2 ⁺	E2			
1508.1	0.00020 15	2204.79	4 ⁻	696.561	2 ⁺				
1510.6	0.00013 2	1510.794	3 ⁻	0.0	0 ⁺	E3			

[†] From [1973Ra10](#).

[‡] From [1996Ro13](#), unless noted otherwise.

From $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ and ce values.

@ From $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ [1999Ro18](#).

& For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.9949 2.

^a Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multiplicities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

^{144}Pm ϵ decay 1975Av01,1999Ro18

Decay Scheme

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$

Intensities: I_γ per 100 parent decays

