

$^{235}\text{U}(\text{n},\text{F}\gamma)$ E=thermal 2012Mu08,2016H01

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	N. Nica	NDS 154, 1 (2018)	20-Nov-2018

Includes $^{241}\text{Pu}(\text{n},\text{F}\gamma)$ reaction (2016H01).

2016H01 compiled for XUNDL compilation by B. Singh (McMaster).

2012Mu08 compiled for XUNDL compilation by E. Thiagalingam and B. Singh (McMaster).

2016H01: E=thermal or cold high-flux neutrons from ILL-Grenoble reactor. Measured E_γ , level lifetimes by $\gamma\gamma(t)$ using EXILL array of eight HPGe EXOGAM clover detectors and FATIMA array of 16 LaBr₃(Ce) fast scintillation detectors. The time spectra were analyzed by generalized centroid difference method. Deduced quadrupole behavior. Comparison with shell-model calculations.

2012Mu08: E=thermal neutrons from the Canada India Research Utility Services (CIRUS) reactor facility, Bhabha Atomic Research Center (BARC), Mumbai. Target ≈ 5.1 gm/cm³ UAl₃ (17% enriched ^{235}U). Gamma rays were detected by two clover HPGe detectors equipped with anti-Compton shields, in coincidence mode. Measured E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma\gamma$ -coin. Deduced levels, J, π , isotopic yield, angular momentum distribution.

 ^{140}Xe Levels

E(level)	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0 [‡]	0 ⁺		
377 [‡]	2 ⁺	70.7 ps 49	$T_{1/2}$: from 2016H01, from gate on 582 transition in Ge detectors and on 377 transition in LaBr ₃ (Ce) detector. Corresponding $T_{1/2}$ =68.6 ps 125 using $^{241}\text{Pu}(\text{n},\text{F}\gamma)$ reaction also from 2016H01. 2016H01 deduce g factor=0.56 19 using their lifetime and measured $g\tau$ from 2009Go09, as compared to g factor=0.35 12 in 2009Go09.
835 [‡]	4 ⁺	11.8 ps 35	$T_{1/2}$: from 2016H01, from gate on 377 transition in Ge detectors and on 582 transition in LaBr ₃ (Ce) detector.
1417 [‡]	6 ⁺		
1573			
1772 [#]	5 ⁻		
1955			
1984 [‡]	8 ⁺		
2184 [#]	7 ⁻		
2591 [‡]	10 ⁺		
2735 [#]	9 ⁻		
3270 [‡]	(12 ⁺)		

[†] From the Adopted Levels.

[‡] Band(A): g.s. band.

[#] Band(B): Band based on 5⁻.

 $\gamma(^{140}\text{Xe})$

E_γ	I_γ [†]	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	E_γ	I_γ [†]	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π
377	>100	377	2 ⁺	0.0	0 ⁺	582	59 3	1417	6 ⁺	835	4 ⁺
382		1955		1573		607	27 4	2591	10 ⁺	1984	8 ⁺
412		2184	7 ⁻	1772	5 ⁻	679	21 3	3270	(12 ⁺)	2591	10 ⁺
458	100 5	835	4 ⁺	377	2 ⁺	738		1573		835	4 ⁺
551		2735	9 ⁻	2184	7 ⁻	767		2184	7 ⁻	1417	6 ⁺
567	42 6	1984	8 ⁺	1417	6 ⁺	937		1772	5 ⁻	835	4 ⁺

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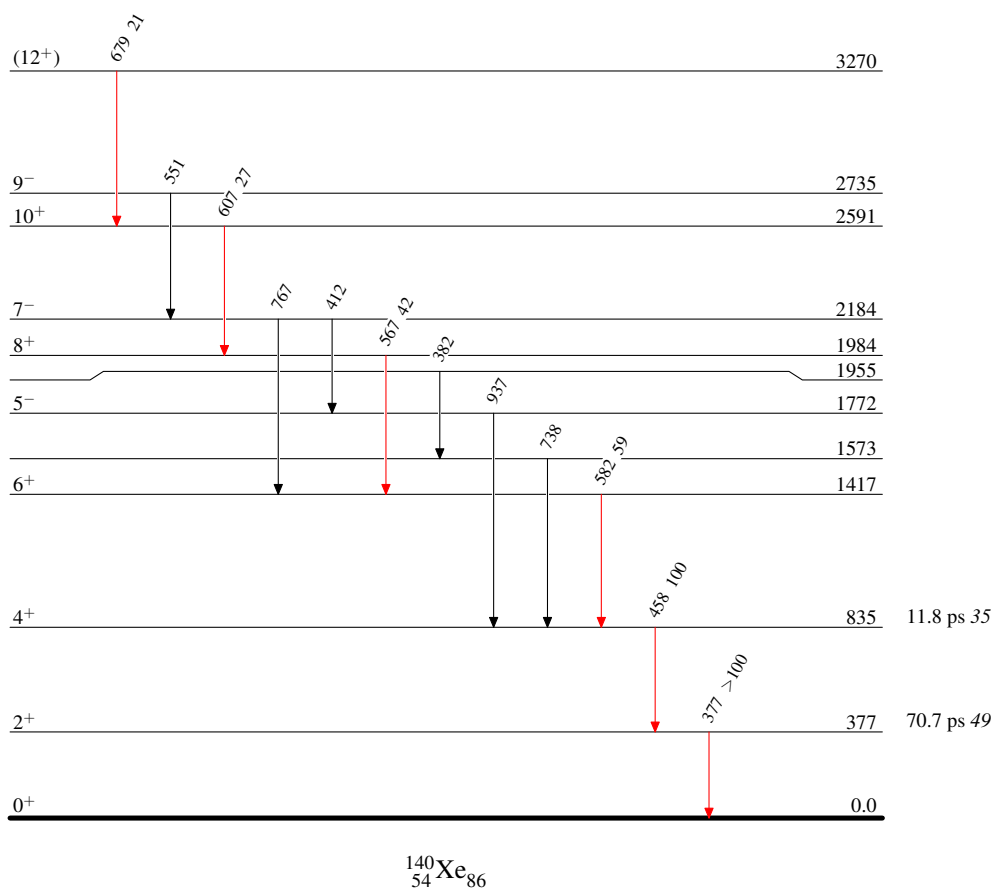
$^{235}\text{U}(\text{n},\text{F}\gamma)$ E=thermal 2012Mu08,2016H01 (continued) $\gamma(^{140}\text{Xe})$ (continued)

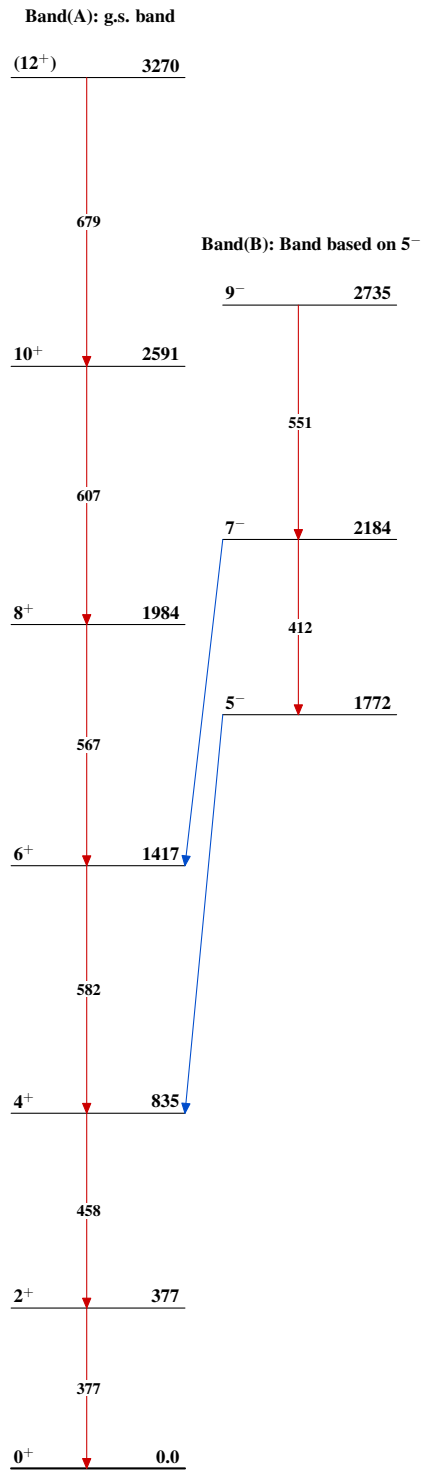
† 2012Mu08 mention uncertainties of 5% to 25% depending on the γ -ray intensity. The following uncertainties for intensities were adopted : 5% for γ rays with $I_\gamma \geq 50$, 15% for $I_\gamma = 20-50$, and 25% for $I_\gamma < 20$.

 $^{235}\text{U}(\text{n},\text{F}\gamma)$ E=thermal 2012Mu08,2016H01Level SchemeIntensities: Relative I_γ

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$

 $^{140}_{54}\text{Xe}_{86}$

$^{235}\text{U}(n,F\gamma)$ E=thermal 2012Mu08,2016H01 $^{140}_{54}\text{Xe}_{86}$