¹⁴¹Ho p decay (7.4 μs) 1999Ry04,2001Se03,2008Ka16

		History	
Туре	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	N. Nica	NDS 154, 1 (2018)	20-Nov-2018

Parent: ¹⁴¹Ho: E=67 17; $J^{\pi}=(1/2^+)$; $T_{1/2}=7.4 \ \mu s$ 3; Q(p)=1177 8; %p decay=100.0

¹⁴¹Ho-E: from difference E(p)=1235 9 and 1169 8 for decay of isomer and g.s. of ¹⁴¹Ho, respectively.

¹⁴¹Ho-T_{1/2}: From timing of proton spectra (2008Ka16); other values: 8 μ s 3 (1999Ry04), 6.5 μ s +9-7 (2001Se03),

¹⁴¹Ho-Q(p): from E(p)=1169 8 (1998Da03) from proton decay of ¹⁴¹Ho g.s.

¹⁴¹Ho-Configuration= $\pi([411]1/2^+)$ (1999Ry04).

¹⁴¹Ho-%p decay: Decay modes other than p were not observed and their calculated $T_{1/2}$ are far larger than the experimental $T_{1/2}$; as a consequence we adopt %p=100.

Dataset based on unevaluated XUNDL files compiled from 2008Ka16 by F.G. Kondev (ANL) and edited by B. Singh (McMaster); for older references, see also 2002So02 (p-decay evaluation).

1999Ry04: observation of isomer, 92 Mo(54 Fe,p4n) E=315 MeV, $\sigma \approx 13$ nb, recoil mass separator with PSAC/DSSD detectors at focal plane (ORNL). The proton decay of the g.s. of E(p)=1169 8 keV previously observed by 1998Da03 (see 141 Ho p decay (4.1 ms)) was also observed and used for calibration of the DSSD energy spectra together with other well-known proton lines.

2001Se03: ⁹²Mo(⁵⁴Fe,p4n) in both direct and inverse kinematics, E(cm)=184-186 MeV, and a combination of recoil mass separator with DSSD detectors; used recoil-decay tagging method. High statistics work.

2008Ka16: see description in ¹⁴¹Ho p Decay (4.1 ms) dataset.

¹⁴⁰Dy Levels

E(level) [†]	$J^{\pi \dagger}$
0.0	0^{+}
202.20 20	(2^{+})

[†] Adopted values.

Protons (140Dy)

E(p)	E(¹⁴⁰ Dy)	I(p)	Comments
1031 14	202.20		E(p): from the observed 204 keV 11 (2008Ka16) energy difference between the main peak at 1235
1234 8	0.0	98.3 5	E(p): weighted average of 1230 20 (1999Ry04) and 1235 9 (2001Se03). I(p): from 2008Ka16.