

**<sup>136</sup>Eu ε decay:mixed source 1989Vi04**

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	E. A. Mccutchan	NDS 152, 331 (2018)	1-Apr-2018

Parent: <sup>136</sup>Eu: E=x; J<sup>π</sup>=(7<sup>+</sup>); T<sub>1/2</sub>=3.3 s 3; Q(ε)=1.057×10<sup>4</sup> SY; %ε+%β<sup>+</sup> decay=?

Parent: <sup>136</sup>Eu: E=y; J<sup>π</sup>=(3<sup>+</sup>); T<sub>1/2</sub>=3.8 s 3; Q(ε)=1.057×10<sup>4</sup> SY; %ε+%β<sup>+</sup> decay=?

**1989Vi04:** <sup>136</sup>Eu activity from <sup>92</sup>Mo(<sup>46</sup>Ti,pn) with E(<sup>46</sup>Ti)=192 MeV followed by mass separation. Measured: E<sub>γ</sub>, I<sub>γ</sub>, β<sup>+</sup>, K x ray, X<sub>γ</sub>, γγ, γ<sup>±</sup>, γ(t) using Si(Au) ΔE-E telescope, thin planar HPGe x-ray detector, thick plastic scintillator and n-type Ge detector.

**1987Ke05:** <sup>136</sup>Eu activity from <sup>92</sup>Mo(<sup>48</sup>Ti,p3n) with E(<sup>48</sup>Ti)=220 MeV followed by mass separation. Measured E<sub>γ</sub>, I<sub>γ</sub> using two Ge detectors.

Others: **1988BeYG**, **1986MIZZ**.

From strong feeding of 2<sup>+</sup> and 8<sup>+</sup> levels in ε decay **1989Vi04** conclude that the decay is due to both a high- and a low-spin isomer measuring T<sub>1/2</sub>(255.1γ)=3.7 s 3, T<sub>1/2</sub>(431.7γ)=3.3 s 3. Similarly **1987Ke05** observe strong population in ε decay of the yrast band up to J<sup>π</sup>=6<sup>+</sup> and the 714-keV, 2<sup>+</sup> level.

**1989Vi04** provide I(β<sup>+</sup>+ε) feedings and log ft values based upon I(γ<sup>±</sup>), I(K x ray) measurements and estimated Q(ε)=10.4 MeV.

To correct I(K x ray) due to internal conversion, γ's of unknown multipolarity were assumed M1. The low and high spin decays of <sup>136</sup>Eu were estimated as 85% and 15%, respectively, based on an analogy with <sup>134</sup>Pm. As several assumptions are involved in these calculations, they are not adopted here.

<sup>136</sup>Sm Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	J <sup>π</sup> <sup>‡</sup>
0.0	0 <sup>+</sup>
255.08 16	2 <sup>+</sup>
686.84 23	4 <sup>+</sup>
713.02 16	(2 <sup>+</sup> )
1170.50 24	(4 <sup>+</sup> )
1221.5 3	6 <sup>+</sup>
1490.92 20	(2 <sup>+</sup> )
1797.1 4	8 <sup>+</sup>

<sup>†</sup> From a least-squares fit to E<sub>γ</sub>, by evaluator.

<sup>‡</sup> From the Adopted Levels.

γ(<sup>136</sup>Sm)

E <sub>γ</sub> <sup>†</sup>	I <sub>γ</sub> <sup>†</sup>	E <sub>i</sub> (level)	J <sub>i</sub> <sup>π</sup>	E <sub>f</sub>	J <sub>f</sub> <sup>π</sup>	Mult. <sup>‡</sup>	α <sup>#</sup>	Comments
<sup>x</sup> 109.1 4	1.0 5							
<sup>x</sup> 211.8 4	2.5 5							
<sup>x</sup> 234.0 5	0.4 2							
255.1 2	100 10	255.08	2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	0 <sup>+</sup>	E2	0.0938	α(K)=0.0712 11; α(L)=0.0177 3; α(M)=0.00396 6; α(N)=0.000880 13; α(O)=0.0001194 17 α(P)=3.71×10 <sup>-6</sup> 6
<sup>x</sup> 284.0 5	0.3 1							
320.1 3	2.0 5	1490.92	(2 <sup>+</sup> )	1170.50	(4 <sup>+</sup> )	[E2]	0.0460	α(K)=0.0362 6; α(L)=0.00771 11; α(M)=0.001715 25; α(N)=0.000382 6; α(O)=5.28×10 <sup>-5</sup> 8 α(P)=1.97×10 <sup>-6</sup> 3
<sup>x</sup> 384.0 5	0.4 2							
431.7 2	34 5	686.84	4 <sup>+</sup>	255.08	2 <sup>+</sup>	E2	0.0192	α(K)=0.01555 22; α(L)=0.00283 4; α(M)=0.000622 9; α(N)=0.0001393 20; α(O)=1.97×10 <sup>-5</sup> 3 α(P)=8.81×10 <sup>-7</sup> 13
457.3 3	3 1	1170.50	(4 <sup>+</sup> )	713.02	(2 <sup>+</sup> )	(E2)	0.01633	α(K)=0.01331 19; α(L)=0.00236 4; α(M)=0.000518

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{136}\text{Eu}$   $\varepsilon$  decay:mixed source **1989Vi04** (continued) $\gamma(^{136}\text{Sm})$  (continued)

$E_\gamma^\dagger$	$I_\gamma^\dagger$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. $^\ddagger$	$\alpha^\#$	Comments
								8; $\alpha(\text{N})=0.0001161$ 17 $\alpha(\text{O})=1.652\times 10^{-5}$ 24; $\alpha(\text{P})=7.59\times 10^{-7}$ 11
458.0 2	20 5	713.02	(2 <sup>+</sup> )	255.08	2 <sup>+</sup>			
483.5 3	3 1	1170.50	(4 <sup>+</sup> )	686.84	4 <sup>+</sup>			
534.7 2	10 3	1221.5	6 <sup>+</sup>	686.84	4 <sup>+</sup>	E2	0.01075	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00887$ 13; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.001478$ 21; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000322$ 5; $\alpha(\text{N})=7.24\times 10^{-5}$ 11 $\alpha(\text{O})=1.041\times 10^{-5}$ 15; $\alpha(\text{P})=5.13\times 10^{-7}$ 8
<sup>x</sup> 540.0 4	0.9 3							
<sup>x</sup> 544.0 3	3 1							
575.6 2	7 3	1797.1	8 <sup>+</sup>	1221.5	6 <sup>+</sup>	E2	0.00890	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00737$ 11; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.001197$ 17; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000260$ 4; $\alpha(\text{N})=5.85\times 10^{-5}$ 9; $\alpha(\text{O})=8.46\times 10^{-6}$ 12 $\alpha(\text{P})=4.29\times 10^{-7}$ 6
<sup>x</sup> 583.9 3	7 2							
<sup>x</sup> 592.7 3	7 2							
<sup>x</sup> 660.6 5	$\approx 3$							
<sup>x</sup> 668.5 5	$\approx 4$							
<sup>x</sup> 696.0 3	4 2							
713.0 2	17 5	713.02	(2 <sup>+</sup> )	0.0	0 <sup>+</sup>	[E2]	0.00528	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00442$ 7; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.000672$ 10; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.0001454$ 21; $\alpha(\text{N})=3.27\times 10^{-5}$ 5; $\alpha(\text{O})=4.79\times 10^{-6}$ 7 $\alpha(\text{P})=2.60\times 10^{-7}$ 4
778.0 2	17 5	1490.92	(2 <sup>+</sup> )	713.02	(2 <sup>+</sup> )			
<sup>x</sup> 815.0 4	4 1							
<sup>x</sup> 1001.0 3	10 5							
1236.0 4	3.0 5	1490.92	(2 <sup>+</sup> )	255.08	2 <sup>+</sup>			
1490.9 5	3.0 5	1490.92	(2 <sup>+</sup> )	0.0	0 <sup>+</sup>	[E2]	$1.19\times 10^{-3}$	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.000953$ 14; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.0001272$ 18; $\alpha(\text{M})=2.72\times 10^{-5}$ 4; $\alpha(\text{N})=6.15\times 10^{-6}$ 9 $\alpha(\text{O})=9.19\times 10^{-7}$ 13; $\alpha(\text{P})=5.68\times 10^{-8}$ 8

$^\dagger$  From **1989Vi04**.

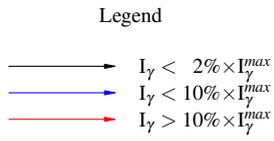
$^\ddagger$  From the Adopted Gammas.

$^\#$  Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (**2008Ki07**) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multiplicities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

<sup>x</sup>  $\gamma$  ray not placed in level scheme.

$^{136}\text{Eu}$   $\epsilon$  decay:mixed source 1989Vi04

## Decay Scheme

Intensities: Relative  $I_\gamma$ 