

$^{135}\text{Te}$  IT decay (0.511  $\mu\text{s}$ ) 1980Ka30

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh, Alexander A. Rodionov And Yuri L. Khazov		NDS 109, 517 (2008)	22-Jan-2008

Parent:  $^{135}\text{Te}$ : E=1555.3 4;  $J^\pi=(19/2^-)$ ;  $T_{1/2}=0.511 \mu\text{s}$  20; %IT decay=100.0

$^{135}\text{Te}$ -E: 1554.89 16 in 'Adopted Levels'.

Other: 1974ClZX: measured yield of  $^{135}\text{Te}$  isomer from  $^{252}\text{Cf}$  SF decay.

[Additional information 1.](#)

Total decay energy of 1504 keV 95 calculated (by RADLIST code) from level scheme agrees with the expected value of 1555 keV.

 $^{135}\text{Te}$  Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^\pi$ <sup>‡</sup>	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )		Configuration= $\pi g_{7/2}^2$ 0+ $\otimes$ $\nu f_{7/2}$ (1980Ka30); 0 <sup>+</sup> refers to g.s. in $^{134}\text{Te}$ .
1180.3 3	(11/2 <sup>-</sup> )	$\leq 0.3$ ns	Configuration= $\pi g_{7/2}^2$ 2+ $\otimes$ $\nu f_{7/2}$ (1980Ka30); 2 <sup>+</sup> refers to first 2 <sup>+</sup> state in $^{134}\text{Te}$ . $T_{1/2}$ : $\gamma\gamma(t)$ (1980Ka30).
1505.3 4	(15/2 <sup>-</sup> )	$\leq 0.6$ ns	Configuration= $\pi g_{7/2}^2$ 4+ $\otimes$ $\nu f_{7/2}$ (1980Ka30); 4 <sup>+</sup> refers to first 4 <sup>+</sup> state in $^{134}\text{Te}$ . $T_{1/2}$ : $\gamma\gamma(t)$ (1980Ka30).
1555.3 4	(19/2 <sup>-</sup> )	0.511 $\mu\text{s}$ 20	E(level): 1554.89 16 in 'Adopted Levels'. Configuration= $\pi g_{7/2}^2$ 6+ $\otimes$ $\nu f_{7/2}$ (1980Ka30); 6 <sup>+</sup> refers to first 6 <sup>+</sup> state in $^{134}\text{Te}$ . $T_{1/2}$ : from delayed $\gamma$ timing, weighted average of 0.512 $\mu\text{s}$ 22 (2001Mi22) and 0.510 $\mu\text{s}$ 20 (1980Ka30). Others: 1970Gr38, 1970Jo20, 1974ClZX, 1977SeZJ, 1978Ba47.

<sup>†</sup> From E $\gamma$ 's.

<sup>‡</sup> From 'Adopted Levels', based mainly on shell-model predictions.

 $\gamma(^{135}\text{Te})$ 

I $\gamma$  normalization: Ti(325 $\gamma$ )=100.

I(K $\alpha$  x ray)=28.2 30 (1980Ka30).

$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma$ <sup>†</sup>	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult.	$\alpha$ <sup>#</sup>	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ <sup>‡</sup>	Comments
50.0 1	4.7 5	1555.3	(19/2 <sup>-</sup> )	1505.3	(15/2 <sup>-</sup> )	E2	20.7	100	$\alpha(K)\text{exp}=8.8$ 11, $\alpha(\text{exp})=21$ 3. Mult.: from $\alpha(K)\text{exp}=8.8$ 11 (absolute K x ray and $\gamma$ -ray counting) and $\alpha(\text{exp})=21$ 3 (intensity balance).
325.0 1	100 5	1505.3	(15/2 <sup>-</sup> )	1180.3	(11/2 <sup>-</sup> )	[E2]	0.0298	100	
1180.3 3	105 6	1180.3	(11/2 <sup>-</sup> )	0.0	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )			100	

<sup>†</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.96 5.

<sup>‡</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.





<sup>#</sup> Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

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## Decay Scheme

Intensities:  $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$  per 100 parent decays  
%IT=100.0

## Legend

-   $I_{\gamma} < 2\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
-   $I_{\gamma} < 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
-   $I_{\gamma} > 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
-  Coincidence

