

$^{132}\text{Te} \beta^-$  decay (3.204 d)    1966Fr02, 1981Yo02

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Yu. Khazov, A. A. Rodionov and S. Sakharov, Balraj Singh		NDS 104, 497 (2005)	10-Feb-2005

Parent:  $^{132}\text{Te}$ : E=0.0;  $J^\pi=0^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=3.204$  d 13;  $Q(\beta^-)=518$  4; % $\beta^-$  decay=100.0

1966Fr02: measured  $E\gamma$ ,  $I\gamma$ , ce.

1981Yo02: measured  $\gamma$ ,  $I\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma(t)$ ,  $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ , oriented nuclei,  $\beta\gamma$  coin.

Others:

Lifetimes by  $\gamma\gamma(t)$ ,  $\beta\gamma(t)$ : 1999Da03, 1969Ho42, 1967Sc39, 1966Go23.

$\gamma$ , ce: 1979Bo26, 1965Si17, 1965Iv01, 1960Ga06, 1958Ch28, 1951La25.

$\beta$ : 1999Fo01, 1965Iv01, 1951La25, 1943Bo02.

Moments: 1969Si06 ( $\gamma\gamma(\theta,H)$ , g factor); 1979Oo01 ( $\gamma\gamma(\theta,V_{zz},t), \beta\gamma(\theta,H,V_{zz},t)$ ), deduced  $\mu$  and Q.

$T_{1/2}$ ( $^{132}\text{Te}$  isotope): 1983Wa26, 1971BaZW, 1965An05, 1958Ch28, 1956Fl15, 1951Pa33, 1939Ab02, 1939Ha13.

 $^{132}\text{I}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi$	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	$4^+$		
49.72 1	$3^+$	7.14 ns 14	Q=0.23 7 (1979Oo01) $T_{1/2}$ : from 1981Yo02, used plastic with lead-iron filter for $228\gamma$ and NaI(Tl) or Ge(Li) for $49\gamma$ , integral and differential directional correlations of $228\gamma - 49\gamma$ cascade confirms value obtained. Others: 0.96 ns 4 (1966Go23), used two plastics for registration of $232\beta, \gamma$ -28.5 X-ray), 0.93 ns 4 (1969Ho42), 2.94 ns 11 (1999Da03), used two NaI(Tl) detectors for detecting $228\gamma$ and $49\gamma$ . g: +0.74 10 was obtained using IPAC (1969Si06) and $T_{1/2}=0.951$ ns 22. However, $\gamma\gamma(t)$ and $\gamma\gamma(\theta,t)$ measurements of 1981Yo02 cast doubt on this value, since 1981Yo02 obtain $T_{1/2}=7.14$ ns 14 (g=0.099 13) and perturbation coefficient of 0.41 9 for the 228-49 cascade As opposed to unperturbed correlation assumed by 1969Si06. g: for $T_{1/2}=0.951$ ns 22; 0.099 13 for $T_{1/2}=7.14$ ns.
161.52 7	$2^+$	3.57 ns 7	$T_{1/2}$ : from 1981Yo02, used plastic for 116 $\gamma$ and NaI(Tl) for 111 $\gamma$ , uranium shield used non-simultaneously for each detector. Others: 0.55 ns 4 1999Da03, used two CsI for detecting 116 $\gamma$ and 111 $\gamma$ , fig. 1b corresponds to half-life of 1.14 ns.
277.86 6	$1^+$	1.42 ns 2	$\mu=+1.88$ 14; $Q=-0.170$ 6 (1979Oo01) $T_{1/2}$ : from 1981Yo02. Others: 1.42 ns 5 (1966Go23), 1.41 ns 7 (1969Ho42). Configuration= $\pi d_{5/2} \nu d_{3/2}^{-1}$ .

 $\beta^-$  radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^-$ <sup>†</sup>	Log ft	Comments
239 4	277.86	100 4	4.69 4	av $E\beta=$ 59.8 12 E(decay): from 1999Fo01. Others: 215 4 1965Iv01.

<sup>†</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{132}\text{I})$ 

$I\gamma$  normalization: From  $\Sigma I(\gamma+ce)=100$  to g.s.

$E_\gamma$ <sup>†</sup>	$I_\gamma$ <sup>‡@</sup>	$E_i$ (level)	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. <sup>#</sup>	$\alpha$ &	Comments
49.72 1	17.0 3	49.72	$3^+$	0.0	$4^+$	M1	5.71	$\alpha(K)\exp=4.9$ 4; $\alpha(L1)\exp=0.59$ 4; $\alpha(L2)\exp=0.046$ 4; $\alpha(L3)\exp=0.0114$ 20 $\alpha(K)=4.90$ 15; $\alpha(L)=0.645$ 20; $\alpha(M)=0.129$ 4

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**$^{132}\text{Te} \beta^-$  decay (3.204 d)    1966Fr02,1981Yo02 (continued)**

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$\gamma(^{132}\text{I})$  (continued)

$E_\gamma^\dagger$	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger @}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. <sup>#</sup>	$\delta^\#$	$a^&$	Comments
111.76 8	1.98 5	161.52	2 <sup>+</sup>	49.72 3 <sup>+</sup>	M1+E2	0.58 10	0.71 5		<u>Additional information 1.</u> $\delta(E2/M1) < 0.02$ from $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ and ce data. $\alpha(K)\exp=0.57$ 4; $\alpha(L1)\exp=0.074$ 9; $\alpha(L2)\exp=0.029$ 8; $\alpha(L3)\exp=0.025$ 8
116.30 8	2.23 6	277.86	1 <sup>+</sup>	161.52 2 <sup>+</sup>	M1+E2	0.60 9	0.64 4		<u>Additional information 2.</u> $\alpha(K)\exp=0.49$ 4; $\alpha(L1)\exp=0.051$ 15; $\alpha(L2)\exp<0.022$ ; $\alpha(L3)\exp<0.015$ $\alpha(K)=0.509$ 19; $\alpha(L)=0.102$ 11; $\alpha(M)=0.0210$ 22; $\alpha(N+..)=0.0050$ 5
228.16 6	100 2	277.86	1 <sup>+</sup>	49.72 3 <sup>+</sup>	E2		0.100		<u>Additional information 3.</u> ordering of 116-112 cascade firmly established by 1981Yo02. $\alpha(K)=0.0807$ $\alpha(L1)\exp=0.0092$ 11; $\alpha(L2)\exp=0.0037$ 6; $\alpha(L3)\exp=0.0037$ 8 $E_\gamma$ : other: 228.327 3 (curved-crystal spectrometer, 1979Bo26). $(228\gamma)(50\gamma)(\theta)$ : $A_2=-0.061$ 4, $A_4=+0.011$ 7 (1969Si06); perturbation coefficient assumed As 1. $(228\gamma)(50\gamma)(\theta)$ : $A_2=-0.031$ 7, $A_4=-0.009$ 13 (1981Yo02); perturbation coefficient=0.44 16, 0.41 9 (1981Yo02).

<sup>†</sup> From 1966Fr02.

<sup>‡</sup> From 1981Yo02.

<sup>#</sup> From ce data (1966Fr02);  $\alpha(\exp)=I_{ce}/I_\gamma$  normalized to  $\alpha(K)(228.16\gamma)=0.0807$  (E2, 1968Ha53).

@ For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.88 3.

& Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

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