

$^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	J. H. Kelley, C. G. Sheu and J. E. Purcell		NDS 198,1 (2024)	1-Aug-2024

- 1969Ba06:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$ E=40-50 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 75° . Deduced optical model parameters, level energies, L, J. Discussed shell configurations.
- 1970Nu02:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$ E=14 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 10^\circ$ to 150° . Deduced optical model parameters for $^{13}\text{N}^*(0,2.36 \text{ MeV})$.
- 1981Pe08:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$ E=43.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(E({}^3\text{He}),\theta)$, $\sigma(E_t,\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 60° . Deduced $^{13}\text{N}/^{13}\text{C}$ isoscalar, isovector transition amplitude ratio, β_L deformation parameters.
- 1987Be25:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$ E=0.6-2.3 GeV; measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 4° . Deduced isovector strength ratio.
- 1990De31:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$ E=39.6 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 100° . Deduced optical model parameters.
- 1991Ja04:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$ E=200 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta=0^\circ)$. See also (1993JaZZ).
- 1994Ak02:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$ E=450 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta=0^\circ)$.
- 1996Fu06:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t}+\text{p})$ E=450 MeV; measured proton decay from $^{13}\text{N}^*$ relevant to states populated in $^{13}\text{C}+\nu$ interactions. Populated $^{13}\text{N}^*(0, 3.51, 8.92, 10.83, 11.88, 15.06)$ plus SDRs at 18 and 21.5 MeV. Qualitative discussion on proton decay branches.
- 1996BuZZ:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$ E=60 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 100° . Analyzed diffraction effects.
- 2003Bu01:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$ E=60 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 120° . DWBA analysis for $^{13}\text{N}^*(0, 2.36, 3.51+3.55)$. Discussed refractive properties.
- 2004Fu12:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$ E=150 MeV/nucleon; measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 17° . Analyzed GT strengths. Measured protons from $^{13}\text{N}^*$ decay in coincidence with $\theta=0^\circ$ tritons; deduced branching ratios. XUNDL dataset by McMaster (2004).
- 2007Ze06, 2008Ze01:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$ E=420 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta \approx 0^\circ)$. Analyzed relation between B(GT) and σ . In (2008Ze01), the B(GT) unit cross section is normalized using the σ to $^{13}\text{N}^*(15.1:3/2^-)$ and B(GT)=1.37 7 is deduced for $^{13}\text{N}^*(3.50:3/2^-)$.
- 2011Pe12:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$ E=420 MeV; analyzed relation between B(GT) and $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ)$. Global analysis of unit cross section.
- 2016De39, 2017De38:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$; analyzed $^{13}\text{N}^*(2.37)$ wavefunction. Deduced formation of a proton halo. Developed method to determine nuclear radii of excited states. See also (2023De29).
- 2019Li48:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$; Eikonal approach analysis of $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 2023He16:** $^{13}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\text{t})$; initial plans for development of a semicylindrical TPC chamber for charge exchange reactions.

 ^{13}N Levels

E(level) ^{†&}	$J^\pi\#$	L ^{#&}	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻	0 @	$\beta_0=0.061$ (1981Pe08).
2.36×10^3	1/2 ⁺	1	$\beta_1=0.035$ (1981Pe08)
3.53×10^3		2	E(level): Doublet reported at 3.53 MeV 3 in (1969Ba06). %p ₀ (¹² C _{g.s.}) = 71 17 (2004Fu12).
3.55×10^3		3	E(level): Unresolved.
6.36×10^3	5/2 ⁺	3	$\beta_3=0.041$ (1981Pe08)
6.89×10^3	3/2 ⁺	1	$\beta_1=0.025$ (1981Pe08)
7.16×10^3	7/2 ⁺	3	$\beta_3=0.060$ (1981Pe08)
7.38×10^3	5/2 ⁻	2 @	$\beta_2=0.056$ (1981Pe08)
8920 40	1/2 ⁻	0 @	J^π : From (1969Ba06). %p ₀ (¹² C _{g.s.}) = 60 9, %p ₁ (¹² C(4.44)) = 30 5 (2004Fu12).
$9.0 \times 10^3 \dagger$	9/2 ⁺	5	$\beta_5=0.083$ (1981Pe08)
$9.48 \times 10^3 \dagger$	3/2 ⁻	2	%p ₀ =58 11, %p ₁ =43 9 (2004Fu12).
$10.36 \times 10^3 \dagger$	(5/2 ⁻ , 7/2 ⁻)	2	$\beta_2=0.019$ (1981Pe08)
10780 40	(3/2, 5/2) ⁻	2	E(level): Known doublet. %p ₂ =0.037 (1981Pe08)
			E(level): Reported as 10.833 MeV in (1981Pe08). J^π : (1981Pe08) indicate L=2, which implies (3/2, 5/2) ⁻ , but this disagrees with the $J^\pi=1/2^-$ from their ¹² C(³ He, d) result in (1980Pe13). %p ₀ =5 1, %p ₁ =54 9, %p ₂ =43 16 (2004Fu12).

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$^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},\text{t})$ (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

E(level) ^{†&}	$J^{\pi\#}$	Γ^b	L ^{#&}	Comments
11850 40	(3/2 ⁻)	98 keV	2	$\beta_2=0.20$ (1981Pe08) $\%p_0=8$ 1, $\%p_1=35$ 5, $\%p_2=10$ 2 (2004Fu12). T=3/2
15.07×10 ³	3/2 ⁻		2@	$\beta_2=0.065$ (1981Pe08) $\%p_0=16$ 2, $\%p_1=13$ 2, $\%p_2=3$ 1 (2004Fu12). E(level): (2004Fu12) report this state has a considerable amount of the isospin violation component in the wave function, surpassing the weak γ -ray decay rates, as the 15060, T=3/2 state in ^{13}N decays to the forbidden T=0 states in ^{12}C . $\beta_3=0.094$ (1981Pe08)
15980 50	7/2 ⁺	163 keV	3	
17.68×10 ³ 3		1212 keV 74	1	
18.12×10 ³ 2		276 keV 41		
18.37×10 ³ 1		23 keV		
19.11×10 ³ 1		183 keV 41		
19.83×10 ³ 2		1542 keV 84	a	
21.20×10 ³ 1		581 keV 44	2	
22.14×10 ³ 1		1706 keV 82	a	
24.50×10 ³ 4		2.46 MeV 22	a	
26.9×10 ³ 9		4.38 MeV 47		

[†] From ([1969Ba06](#)) unless otherwise indicated.

[‡] Observed in ([1981Pe08](#)).

[#] From DWBA comparison of ^{13}C and ^{13}N analog states in $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},^3\text{He})$, $(^3\text{He},\text{t})$ and $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha)$ reactions ([1981Pe08](#)).

[@] From ([1969Ba06](#)).

[&] Above $E_x=17$ MeV from ([2004Fu12](#)).

^a Assumed $\Delta L=1$ spin-dipole resonances.

^b From ([2004Fu12](#)).