

$^{129}\text{Te IT decay (33.6 d)}$ **1969Di01**

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Janos Timar and Zoltan Elekes, Balraj Singh		NDS 121, 143 (2014)	31-May-2014

Parent: ^{129}Te : E=105.50 5; $J^\pi=11/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=33.6$ d 1; %IT decay=63 17**1969Di01**: produced by $^{130}\text{Te}(n,2n)$, $^{128}\text{Te}(n,\gamma)$; Ge detector, $\gamma\gamma$ -coin.See also ^{129}Sb β^- decay. ^{129}Te Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi \dagger$	$T_{1/2} \dagger$	Comments
0.0	$3/2^+$	69.6 min 3	
105.50 5	$11/2^-$	33.6 d 1	%IT=63 17; % β^- =37 17 %IT,% β^- : deduced by the evaluators from the measured ratio $I\beta$ (to g.s.)/ $I\beta$ (to 27 level in ^{129}I)=0.576 18 (1965Be26), 0.34 (1968Go34) in equilibrium of 33.6-d and 69.6-min ^{129}Te activities, along with the ^{129}I level scheme. Uncertainty in the ratio from 1965Be26 is estimated in 1972Ho55 NDS evaluation.

[†] From Adopted Levels. $\gamma(^{129}\text{Te})$

E_γ	$I_\gamma \dagger$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	α^\ddagger	$I_{(\gamma+ce)} \dagger$	Comments
105.50 5	0.23 1	105.50	$11/2^-$	0.0	$3/2^+$	M4	429 7	100	ce(K)/(γ +ce)=0.505 8; ce(L)/(γ +ce)=0.384 6; ce(M)/(γ +ce)=0.0895 18; ce(N+)/(γ +ce)=0.0188 4 ce(N)/(γ +ce)=0.0173 4; ce(O)/(γ +ce)=0.00152 3 α (K)=217 3; α (L)=165.3 24; α (M)=38.5 6; α (N)=7.43 11; α (O)=0.656 10 Mult.: α (K)exp=213 10 (1977So06). The ce data from 1972Ka61 , 1969Ka32 : ce(K)/(γ +ce)=0.503 7, ce(L)/(γ +ce)=0.383 7, ce(M+)/(γ +ce)=0.112 3; K:L:M:N+=1.29 4:1:<0.26:0.053 4; L1:L2:L3=0.767 39:0.166 18:1 (1972Ka61), M1/M23=1/1.84 53, (N+O)/L=0.053 4. Other: K/LM=1.06 5 (1968Go34).

[†] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.63 17.[‡] Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

^{129}Te IT decay (33.6 d) 1969Di01Decay Scheme

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays
%IT=63 17

