

$^{129}\text{Pr } \varepsilon$  decay (30 s)    1996Gi08

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Janos Timar and Zoltan Elekes, Balraj Singh		NDS 121, 143 (2014)	31-May-2014

Parent:  $^{129}\text{Pr}$ : E=0.0;  $J^\pi=(3/2^+)$ ;  $T_{1/2}=30$  s 4;  $Q(\varepsilon)=6510$  40; % $\varepsilon$ +% $\beta^+$  decay≈100.0

$^{129}\text{Pr-Q}(\varepsilon)$ : From 2012Wa38.

$^{129}\text{Pr-J}^\pi, T_{1/2}$ : From  $^{129}\text{Pr}$  Adopted Levels.

$^{129}\text{Pr-E}$ : Assumed contribution from only one activity.

1996Gi08:  $^{94,96}\text{Mo}(^{40}\text{Ca},\text{X})$ , E=255 MeV; Ge detectors, He-jet; measured  $\gamma\gamma(t)$ -,(x ray) $\gamma(t)$ -coin.

Other: 1977Bo02.

#### Additional information 1.

From assignment of  $9/2^-$  to the 60-ns isomer at 108 keV, 1998Io01 assigned  $7/2^+$  to g.s. and increased spin by one unit all the positive-parity levels. For the negative-parity band, a new level was proposed at 119.4 keV with  $J^\pi=11/2^-$  and energies of higher levels were adjusted accordingly, and the spins increased by 2 units. The placements of  $619\gamma$ ,  $701\gamma$ ,  $1028\gamma$ ,  $1040\gamma$ , and  $1217\gamma$  were revised also. These modifications of the decay scheme proposed in 1998Io01 have not been adopted by the evaluators, since the spin of  $9/2$  for the 60-ns isomer at 107.6 is not considered by the evaluators as definitely determined. The experimental quadrupole interaction pattern (figure 1 in 1998Io01) fits  $9/2$  better than  $7/2$ , but the fit for  $9/2$  still suffers from somewhat large  $\chi^2$  of 2.7. Assignment of  $9/2^-$  for the isomer also leads to serious discrepancies with band structures and theoretical predictions.

No meaningful  $\varepsilon$  and  $\beta^+$  feedings can be deduced since feeding to ground state of  $^{129}\text{Ce}$  is unknown and multipolarities of several low-energy transitions, with expected large conversion coefficients, are unknown. For these reasons, the decay scheme cannot be normalized to obtain  $\gamma$ -ray intensities per 100  $^{129}\text{Pr}$  nuclei.

 $^{129}\text{Ce}$  Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^\pi$ <sup>‡</sup>	$T_{1/2}$ <sup>‡</sup>	Comments
0.0	( $5/2^+$ )	3.5 min 3	$J^\pi$ : see discussion in Adopted Levels for ( $5/2^+$ ) assignment rather than $7/2^+$ as proposed by 1998Io01.
0.0+x	( $1/2^+$ )		E(level): x<0.5 keV from parallel decay paths from the 918.8 level to g.s. and the 0.0+x level; expected to be an isomer.
39.50+x 9	( $3/2^+$ )		
107.58 10	( $7/2^-$ )	60 ns 2	$J^\pi$ : see discussion in Adopted Levels for ( $7/2^-$ ) assignment rather than $9/2^-$ as proposed by 1998Io01.
144.41 15	( $7/2^+$ )		
189.55 13	( $9/2^-$ )		
243.30+x 9	( $5/2^+$ )		
279.02 9	( $9/2^+, 7/2^+$ )		
331.30+x 20	( $7/2^+$ )		
334.89 14	( $11/2^-$ )		
347.72 25	( $9/2^+$ )		
589.10 25	( $11/2^+$ )		
613.60 16			
616.9+x 5			
671.40+x 22	( $9/2^+$ )		
748.06 20			
781.1 4			
789.8+x 5			
806+x 3	( $11/2^+$ )		
808.6 3			
820.3 3			
830.02 24			
831.41+x 22			
835.0+x 4			
866.7 11	( $13/2^+$ )		
918.8+x 4			
979.92 24			

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$^{129}\text{Pr } \varepsilon \text{ decay (30 s)} \quad \textbf{1996Gi08 (continued)}$  $^{129}\text{Ce Levels (continued)}$ 

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	$J^\pi\ddagger$	$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	$J^\pi\ddagger$	$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	$E(\text{level})^\dagger$
1134.0+x 5	(3/2,5/2)	1324.6 10		1347.5+x 10	1678.5+x 4
1135.5 4		1337.6 4		1445.4 11	1825.9+x 4
1229.6 5		1340+x 3	(3/2,5/2)	1549.9 5	2008.9 4

<sup>†</sup> From least-squares fit to  $E\gamma$  data, 305.3 $\gamma$  not used in the fitting procedure.<sup>‡</sup> From Adopted Levels. $\gamma(^{129}\text{Ce})$ 

$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult.	$a^{\text{@}}$	Comments
39.5 1	50 6	39.50+x	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )	0.0+x	(1/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
81.9 1	18.3 15	189.55	(9/2 <sup>-</sup> )	107.58	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )			
88.0 5	5.3 7	331.30+x	(7/2 <sup>+</sup> )	243.30+x	(5/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
107.6 1	100	107.58	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )	0.0	(5/2 <sup>+</sup> )	[E1]	0.199	$\alpha(K)=0.1692\ 24$ ; $\alpha(L)=0.0234\ 4$ ; $\alpha(M)=0.00487\ 7$ $\alpha(N)=0.001065\ 16$ ; $\alpha(O)=0.0001660\ 24$ ; $\alpha(P)=1.030\times 10^{-5}\ 15$
134.6 2	6.4 9	279.02	(9/2 <sup>+</sup> ,7/2 <sup>+</sup> )	144.41	(7/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
144.4 2	90 4	144.41	(7/2 <sup>+</sup> )	0.0	(5/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
145.4 2	21 1	334.89	(11/2 <sup>-</sup> )	189.55	(9/2 <sup>-</sup> )			
203.3 2	16 2	347.72	(9/2 <sup>+</sup> )	144.41	(7/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
203.8 2	117 6	243.30+x	(5/2 <sup>+</sup> )	39.50+x	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
227.3 1	2.3 2	334.89	(11/2 <sup>-</sup> )	107.58	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )			
241 <sup>†</sup> 1	17 <sup>†</sup> 3	589.10	(11/2 <sup>+</sup> )	347.72	(9/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
243.3 1	93 5	243.30+x	(5/2 <sup>+</sup> )	0.0+x	(1/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
279.0 1	39 2	279.02	(9/2 <sup>+</sup> ,7/2 <sup>+</sup> )	0.0	(5/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
291.8 2	60 3	331.30+x	(7/2 <sup>+</sup> )	39.50+x	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
305.3 2	12.4 8	918.8+x		613.60				
334.5 2	4.0 5	613.60		279.02	(9/2 <sup>+</sup> ,7/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
340 1	2.5 5	671.40+x	(9/2 <sup>+</sup> )	331.30+x	(7/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
≈348 <sup>†</sup>	3.6 <sup>†</sup> 3	347.72	(9/2 <sup>+</sup> )	0.0	(5/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
373 1	5 <sup>†</sup> 1	616.9+x		243.30+x	(5/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
428.1 2	27 1	671.40+x	(9/2 <sup>+</sup> )	243.30+x	(5/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
x441.2 <sup>#</sup> 3	60.9 <sup>†</sup>							
444.7 2	17.5 5	589.10	(11/2 <sup>+</sup> )	144.41	(7/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
≈446	<1	781.1		334.89	(11/2 <sup>-</sup> )			
≈475	<1	806+x	(11/2 <sup>+</sup> )	331.30+x	(7/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
≈501	3 1	831.41+x		331.30+x	(7/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
506.1 2	24 2	613.60		107.58	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )			
519 1	<2	866.7	(13/2 <sup>+</sup> )	347.72	(9/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
546.5 5	50 <sup>†</sup> 5	789.8+x		243.30+x	(5/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
558.5 2	13.8 8	748.06		189.55	(9/2 <sup>-</sup> )			
577.5 5	120 <sup>†</sup> 9	616.9+x		39.50+x	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
588.1 2	66 2	831.41+x		243.30+x	(5/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
591.5 3	9.4 6	781.1		189.55	(9/2 <sup>-</sup> )			
591.7 3	10 1	835.0+x		243.30+x	(5/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
619 <sup>b</sup> 1	13.4 8	808.6		189.55	(9/2 <sup>-</sup> )			
630 1	5.2 4	820.3		189.55	(9/2 <sup>-</sup> )			

Additional information 2.

<sup>129</sup>Pr  $\varepsilon$  decay (30 s)    1996Gi08 (continued) $\gamma(^{129}\text{Ce})$  (continued)

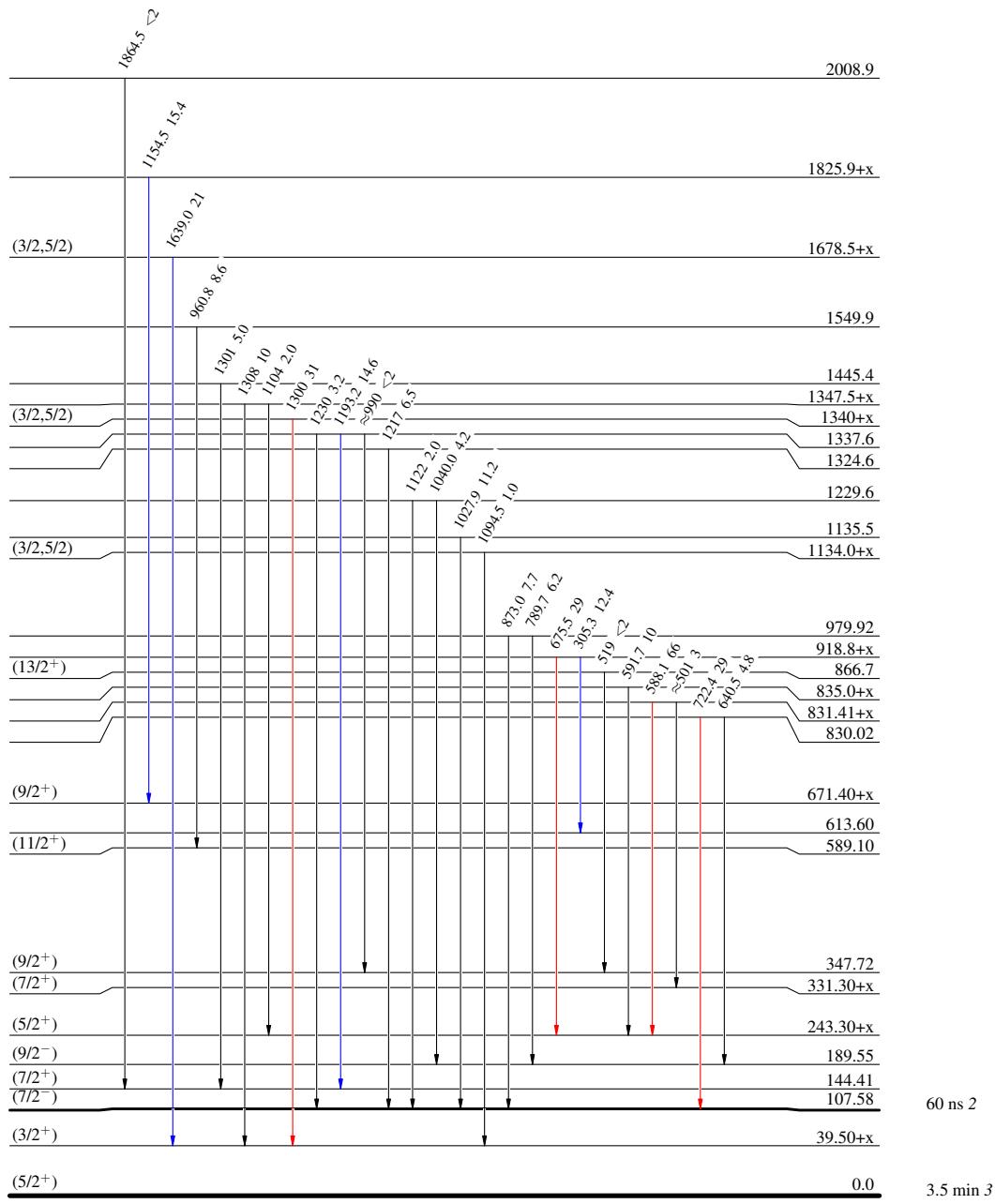
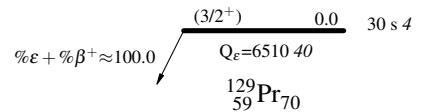
E $_{\gamma}$	I $_{\gamma}$	E $_i$ (level)	J $^{\pi}_i$	E $_f$	J $^{\pi}_f$
640.5 3	4.8 4	748.06		107.58	(7/2 $^-$ )
640.5 3	4.8 4	830.02		189.55	(9/2 $^-$ )
$\approx$ 675	6.2 5	781.1		107.58	(7/2 $^-$ )
675.5 3	29 2	918.8+x		243.30+x	(5/2 $^+$ )
701.0 <sup>b</sup> 3	9.3 6	808.6		107.58	(7/2 $^-$ )
712.8 3	6.8 5	820.3		107.58	(7/2 $^-$ )
722.4 3	29 2	830.02		107.58	(7/2 $^-$ )
789.7 3	6.2 5	979.92		189.55	(9/2 $^-$ )
873.0 3	7.7 5	979.92		107.58	(7/2 $^-$ )
960.8 4	8.6 6	1549.9		589.10	(11/2 $^+$ )
$\approx$ 990	<2	1337.6		347.72	(9/2 $^+$ )
1027.9 <sup>&amp;</sup> 3	11.2 8	1135.5		107.58	(7/2 $^-$ )
1040.0 <sup>&amp;</sup> 5	4.2 4	1229.6		189.55	(9/2 $^-$ )
1094.5 5	1.0 2	1134.0+x	(3/2,5/2)	39.50+x	(3/2 $^+$ )
1104 3	2.0 3	1347.5+x		243.30+x	(5/2 $^+$ )
1122 1	2.0 2	1229.6		107.58	(7/2 $^-$ )
1154.5 3	15.4 8	1825.9+x		671.40+x	(9/2 $^+$ )
1193.2 3	14.6 7	1337.6		144.41	(7/2 $^+$ )
1217 <sup>a</sup> 1	6.5 5	1324.6		107.58	(7/2 $^-$ )
1230 1	3.2 2	1337.6		107.58	(7/2 $^-$ )
1300 3	31 2	1340+x	(3/2,5/2)	39.50+x	(3/2 $^+$ )
1301 1	5.0 5	1445.4		144.41	(7/2 $^+$ )
1308 1	10 1	1347.5+x		39.50+x	(3/2 $^+$ )
1639.0 3	21 1	1678.5+x	(3/2,5/2)	39.50+x	(3/2 $^+$ )
1864.5 3	<2	2008.9		144.41	(7/2 $^+$ )

<sup>†</sup> Complex line.<sup>‡</sup> Intensity estimated from A=129 on-line singles spectra in <sup>92</sup>Mo(<sup>40</sup>Ca,X), E=190 MeV, and normalized to I $_{\gamma}$ (203.8 $\gamma$ ) and I $_{\gamma}$ (243.3 $\gamma$ ).<sup>#</sup> The  $\gamma$  line in coin with Ce x rays only.<sup>@</sup>  $\delta(E2/M1)=0.3$  assumed when not given.<sup>&</sup> Based on their assignment of 9/2 $^-$  for the 107.6 isomer, 1998Io01 proposed that 1040.0 $\gamma$  and 1027.9 $\gamma$  deexcite a new level at 1147.6; former transition to 107.6 level and the latter to a newly proposed 11/2 $^+$  level at 119.4 keV. The evaluators have not adopted this proposal.<sup>a</sup> Based on their assignment of 9/2 $^-$  for the 107.6 isomer, 1998Io01 proposed that 1217 $\gamma$  deexcites level at 1337.6 to a newly proposed 11/2 $^+$  level at 119.4 keV. The evaluators have not adopted this proposal.<sup>b</sup> Based on their assignment of 9/2 $^-$  for the 107.6 isomer, 1998Io01 proposed that 619 $\gamma$  and 701.0 $\gamma$  deexcite level at 820.4; former transition to a 201.3, 13/2 $^+$  level and the latter to a newly proposed 11/2 $^+$  level at 119.4 keV. The evaluators have not adopted this proposal.<sup>x</sup>  $\gamma$  ray not placed in level scheme.

$^{129}\text{Pr}$   $\varepsilon$  decay (30 s)    1996Gi08Decay SchemeIntensities: Relative  $I_\gamma$ 

## Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$



$^{129}\text{Pr}$   $\varepsilon$  decay (30 s) 1996Gi08Decay Scheme (continued)

## Legend

Intensities: Relative  $I_\gamma$ 