

$^{126}\text{Te}(\text{t},\alpha)$ **1973Co33**

Type	Author	History		Literature Cutoff Date
		Citation		
Full Evaluation	J. Katakura	NDS 112, 495 (2011)		1-Jan-2010

1980Sh03: E=16 MeV, magnetic spectrograph, FWHM=30 keV.

1973Co33: E=11.76 MeV, multiangle spectrometer, enriched target 97.0%, FWHM=30 keV, $\theta=12.5^\circ-175^\circ$.

 ^{125}Sb Levels

E(level) [†]	L	$\text{C}^2\text{S}^{\ddagger}$	Comments
0.0	4	1.45	
325 <i>I</i> 0	2	0.43	
641 <i>I</i> 0	2	0.12	
912 <i>I</i> 0	0	0.03	
1813 <i>I</i> 0	4	2	
1894 <i>I</i> 0			
2118 <i>I</i> 0	1	0.80	
2299 <i>I</i> 0	1	0.39	
2515 <i>I</i> 0	1		C^2S : 0.20 if 2p1/2, 0.17 if 2p3/2.
2678 <i>I</i> 0	3,4		C^2S : 0.58 if 1f5/2 or 0.36 if 1g9/2.
3122 <i>I</i> 0	4	0.50	
3190 <i>I</i> 0	3	0.61	
3462 <i>I</i> 0	1		C^2S : 0.19 if 2p1/2, 0.15 if 2p3/2.

[†] From 1973Co33.

[‡] From 1973Co33, normalized to $\Sigma(\text{C}^2\text{S})=2$ with the assumption that ^{126}Te can be represented by two protons above Z=50 core distributed among the 1g7/2, 2d5/2, 2d3/2, 3s1/2 and 1h11/2 orbitals. Assignments of L=0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 are 3s1/2, 2p1/2 or 2p3/2, 2d3/2 (641) or 2d5/2 (325), 1f5/2 and 1g7/2 (g.s.) or 1g9/2.