## Adopted Levels

Type Author Citation Literature Cutoff Date

Full Evaluation S. Ohya NDS 111,1619 (2010) 20-Jan-2009

 $S(p) = -890 \ 10$ ;  $Q(\alpha) = 2.5 \times 10^3 \ syst$  2012Wa38

Note: Current evaluation has used the following Q record -837 502508 syst.

S(p) from 2005Ro19, 2009AuZZ give -840~50, Q( $\alpha$ ) from 2009AuZZ,  $\Delta$ Q( $\alpha$ )=807 (syst,2009AuZZ), Q( $\epsilon$ p)=8820 862 (sys,2009AuZZ).

Identification: 2005Ro19;  $^{92}$ Mo( $^{36}$ Ar,p6n) reaction at E=240 MeV. fragment mass analyzer, measured E(p), I(p), lifetime, identified by A/q, time of arrival and energy-loss signal. A transition with E(p)=882 keV  $^{10}$  and  $^{12}$ Pr g.s.

1972Bo28,1990Bo39; <sup>96</sup>Ru(<sup>32</sup>S,p6n) E=275 MeV, on-line ms, helium jet, proportional counter, E(p)=0.83 MeV 5 proton emitter with T<sub>1/2</sub>=1.4 s 8 has been postulated as <sup>121</sup>Pr g.s. or a lighter isotope of Lanthanum (1972Bo28), confirmed <sup>121</sup>Pr g.s.(1990Bo39). However, the T<sub>1/2</sub> value is disagreement with 10 ms +6-3 (2005Ro19).

Tentative evidence of a second, weaker proton peak at  $\approx$ 930 keV could be due to proton decay of an isomeric state in <sup>121</sup>Pr (2005Ro19).

## 121Pr Levels

E(level)  $J^{\pi}$   $T_{1/2}$  S 0.0 (3/2)  $10 \text{ ms} \pm 6-3$  900 10 %

Comments

%p≈100

%p assumed by 2005Ro19 since the measured half-life is much shorter than the calculated  $\beta$ + decay half-life of  $\approx$ 300 ms (1997Mo25).

 $J^{\pi}$ : from calculation of with a highly prolate deformed  $3/2^+$  or  $3/2^-$  ground-state configuration (2005Ro19).

 $T_{1/2}$ : from 2005Ro19. Other: 1.4 s 8 (1972Bo28).