

^{120}Ag IT decay (0.32 s) 1971Fo22,1973Fr19

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	K. Kitao, Y. Tendow and A. Hashizume		NDS 96, 241 (2002)	1-Dec-2001

Parent: ^{120}Ag : E=203.0 10; $J^\pi=6^{-}$; $T_{1/2}=0.32$ s 4; %IT decay≈37.0

^{120}Ag -%IT decay: from 1971Fo22. The evaluators regard value as uncertain since I_γ from 1973Fr19 for ^{120}Ag IT decay plus β^- decays do not agree with those from 1971Fo22. No data are given by 1973Fr19.

1971Fo22: $^{235}\text{U}(\text{n},\text{F})$ E=th, on-line mass separation; semi γ , ce, $\gamma\gamma$.

1973Fr19: $^{238}\text{U}(\alpha,\text{F})$ E=43 MeV, on-line mass separation; semi G.

See also ^{120}Ag β^- decay (0.32 s).

 ^{120}Ag Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$
0.0	$3^{(+)}$	1.23 s 4
203.0 10	$6^{(-)}$	0.32 s 4

[†] From Adopted Levels.

 $\gamma(^{120}\text{Ag})$

E_γ	I_γ [†]	E_i (level)	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	$\alpha^{\#}$	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ [‡]	Comments
203 1	100	203.0	$6^{(-)}$	0.0	$3^{(+)}$	E3	0.605 18	161 5	$\text{ce(K)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.275$; $\text{ce(L)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.0826$; $\text{ce(M)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.0163$; $\text{ce(N)}/(\gamma+\text{ce})=0.00301$ Mult.: from α and ce ratios. Data not given (1971Fo22).

[†] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by ≈0.23.

[‡] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by ≈0.23.

Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

$^{120}\text{Ag IT decay (0.32 s)}$ **1971Fo22,1973Fr19**Decay Scheme

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays
 $\%IT \approx 37.0$

