

$^{119}\text{Sn}$  IT decay **1968Bo09**

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
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Parent:  $^{119}\text{Sn}$ : E=89.535 15;  $J^\pi=11/2^-$ ;  $T_{1/2}=293$  d 1; %IT decay=100.0

[Additional information 1.](#)

$\alpha$ : [Additional information 2.](#)

1968Bo09: 15 MeV  $\alpha$  on Cd, chemi; mag spect ce.

1971Be04: scin, mag spect ce, X $\gamma$ (t).

1975Ab03: semi  $\gamma$ , K x ray.

1988GeZS: semi  $\gamma$ , K x ray.

X $\gamma$ (t), ce $\gamma$ (t): 1980La03 scin-scin semi-scin; 1976Ab01 scin-semi; 1971Dr04, 1957O105 scin-scin.

Others: 1966Bo13, 1968Ko12, 1971Dr04, 1973So09, 1973Ra17.

For simultaneous emission of two conversion electrons see 1999Vi15 and 1998BoZY.

 $^{119}\text{Sn}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi^\dagger$	$T_{1/2}^\dagger$	Comments
0	1/2 <sup>+</sup>	stable	
23.875 10	3/2 <sup>+</sup>	18.03 ns 7	
89.535 15	11/2 <sup>-</sup>	293 d 1	$T_{1/2}$ : Weighted average of 285 d 8 (2003Po21), 293.1 d 7 (1988GeZS), 293.0 d 13 (1976Ma63), 245 d 20 (1950Ne52). $T_{1/2}$ : For variation of the half-life of $^{119}\text{mSn}$ (293 d) possibly caused by radiation from Mossbauer excitation of the intermediate 23.87-keV level see: 1998Go25, 1999Go25, 1998ViZY, 2002Go20, 2007LoZZ, and 2008Al24.

<sup>†</sup> From Adopted Levels, unless otherwise specified.

<sup>119</sup>Sn IT decay **1968Bo09** (continued)

γ(<sup>119</sup>Sn)

I<sub>γ</sub> normalization: From %IT=100.

Kα x ray/I<sub>γ</sub>(23.9γ)=1.40 3 (2003Po21); Kα x ray/I<sub>γ</sub>(23.9γ)=1.66 3 (1968Ko12). Other: 1988GeZS.

$E_\gamma$ <sup>†</sup>	$I_\gamma$ <sup>‡</sup>	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult.	$\delta$	$\alpha$	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ <sup>‡</sup>	Comments
23.875 10	16.5 2	23.875	3/2 <sup>+</sup>	0	1/2 <sup>+</sup>	M1+E2	<0.003	5.06 8	100	α(L)=4.09 6; α(M)=0.803 12; α(N+..)=0.1636 23 α(N)=0.1506 22; α(O)=0.01291 19 Mult.: From α(exp)=5.5 7 (1971Be04), α(exp)=5.12 7 (if α(L1)(theor.)=3.75 7) (1968Bo09), α(exp)=5.2 3 (1964Be16), α(exp)=5.13 15 (from Kα x ray/I <sub>γ</sub> (23.8) =1.66 3, 1968Ko12). Notice that all Kα x ray reported are from internal conversion emission of the 65.7-keV γ-ray transition. I <sub>γ</sub> : From I(γ+ce)=100 and α=5.06 8. Other: 15.9 3 (1988GeZS). δ: Deduced by evaluators from L1/L3=45.7 15 (1968Bo09) and theoretical conversion coefficients calculated with code bricc.
65.66 1	0.0200 3	89.535	11/2 <sup>-</sup>	23.875	3/2 <sup>+</sup>	M4		5.00×10 <sup>3</sup>	100	ce(K)/(γ+ce)=0.323 6; ce(L)/(γ+ce)=0.527 8; ce(M)/(γ+ce)=0.1258 24; ce(N+)/(γ+ce)=0.0234 5 ce(N)/(γ+ce)=0.0227 5; ce(O)/(γ+ce)=0.000693 14 Mult.: From α(K)exp=1610 82 if ω(K)=0.868 28 (1975Ab03), K/L=0.613 15 (1971Be04). I <sub>γ</sub> : From I(γ+ce)=100 and α=5000 70.

<sup>†</sup> From E(ce) (1968Bo09).

<sup>‡</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

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## Decay Scheme

Intensities:  $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$  per 100 parent decays  
%IT=100.0

## Legend

- $I_{\gamma} < 2\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
- $I_{\gamma} < 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
- $I_{\gamma} > 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$

