

$^{116}\text{Rh}$   $\beta^-$  decay (0.68 s)    2001Wa04,1988Ay02

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jean Blachot	NDS 111, 717 (2010)	1-Dec-2009

Parent:  $^{116}\text{Rh}$ : E=0.0;  $J^\pi=1^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=0.68$  s 6;  $Q(\beta^-)=9.22\times 10^3$  15; % $\beta^-$  decay=100.0

By taking advantage of higher production yields and more efficiency, detectors, 2001Wa04, same group as 1988Ay02 have remeasured the decay of  $^{116}\text{Rh}$ .

Activity:  $^{238}\text{U}$ (p,F) E(p)=20 MeV, mass separator IGISOL.

Measured:  $\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\beta\text{ce}$ ,  $T_{1/2}$ , Ge(Li), Si(Li).

Conversion electron measurements support the E2 character for  $340\gamma$ . No evidence for strong E0 transition (1988Ay02).

The g.s.  $\beta$  branching was determined by comparing the gross  $\beta$  intensity with the  $\beta$  intensity in coincidence with the  $2^+$  to  $0^+$ .

 $^{116}\text{Pd}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi$
0.0	$0^+$
340.19 13	$2^+$
737.84 10	$2^+$
1109.69 24	$(0^+)$
1732.8 3	$(0^+)$
2005.6 5	
2074.0 5	$(2^+)$

 $\beta^-$  radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^{-\dagger}$	Log ft	Comments
$(7.15\times 10^3$ 15)	2074.0	0.9 4	6.81 21	av $E\beta=3226$ 72
$(7.21\times 10^3$ 15)	2005.6	2.4 10	6.41 19	av $E\beta=3259$ 72
$(7.49\times 10^3$ 15)	1732.8	3.2 13	6.36 19	av $E\beta=3389$ 72
$(8.11\times 10^3$ 15)	1109.69	3.5 15	6.47 20	av $E\beta=3686$ 72
$(8.48\times 10^3$ 15)	737.84	22 9	5.76 19	av $E\beta=3863$ 72
$(8.88\times 10^3$ 15)	340.19	23 9	5.84 18	av $E\beta=4052$ 72
$(9.22\times 10^3$ 15)	0.0	45 22	5.62 22	av $E\beta=4213$ 72

$\dagger$  Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{116}\text{Pd})$ 

$I\gamma$  normalization: from  $\Sigma I(\gamma+\text{ce})+I\beta(\text{g.s.})=100$ ; with  $I\beta(\text{g.s.})=45$  22.

$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger\#}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult.	$\alpha^\dagger$	Comments
340.5 3	100	340.19	$2^+$	0.0	$0^+$	E2	0.0195	$\alpha(K)=0.01674$ 24; $\alpha(L)=0.00228$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.000430$ 7; $\alpha(N+..)=7.08\times 10^{-5}$ 11 $\alpha(N)=7.08\times 10^{-5}$ 11
397.7 1	33 4	737.84	$2^+$	340.19	$2^+$			
737.8 1	22 3	737.84	$2^+$	0.0	$0^+$			
769.5 2	7.7 9	1109.69	$(0^+)$	340.19	$2^+$			
995.4 5	3.3 2	1732.8	$(0^+)$	737.84	$2^+$			
1336.2 4	2.1 2	2074.0	$(2^+)$	737.84	$2^+$			
1392.5 3	3.7 5	1732.8	$(0^+)$	340.19	$2^+$			
1665.4 4	5.4 4	2005.6		340.19	$2^+$			

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 $^{116}\text{Rh} \beta^-$  decay (0.68 s)    2001Wa04, 1988Ay02 (continued) $\gamma(^{116}\text{Pd})$  (continued)

<sup>†</sup> Additional information 1.

<sup>‡</sup> See the 0.57 s decay for the discrimination in  $\gamma$  intensities.

<sup>#</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.82 9.

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## Decay Scheme

Intensities:  $I_\gamma$  per 100 parent decays

Legend

- $\rightarrow I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- $\rightarrow I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- $\rightarrow I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$

