

$^{112}\text{In } \beta^- \text{ decay }$ **1962Ru05,1953Bi44**

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	S. Lalkovski, F. G. Kondev		NDS 124, 157 (2015)	1-Aug-2014

Parent: ^{112}In : E=0.0; $J^\pi=1^+$; $T_{1/2}=14.88$ min I_5 ; $Q(\beta^-)=665$ 4; % β^- decay=38 4

1962Ru05: Facility: Osaka University cyclotron; Source: ^{112}In from $^{112}\text{Cd}(d,2n)$ and $^{109}\text{Ag}(\alpha,n)$, where E(d)=11 MeV and E(α)=22 MeV; Detectors: β -spectrometer of Mushroom type, one NaI(Tl); Measured: $E\beta$, $I\beta$; Deduced: $\log ft$.

1953Bi44: chemically separated In source from $\alpha+\text{Ag}$ reaction, where E(α)=20 MeV; Measured: $E\beta$, $I\beta$, $\beta(t)$; Deduced: t, β -decay Branching.

 ^{112}Sn Levels

E(level)	J^π [†]
0.0	0^+

[†] From the Adopted Levels.

 β^- radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^-$ [†]	Log ft	Comments
658 6	0.0	100	4.19 5	av $E\beta=214.8$ 16 E(decay): waverage of 656 6 in 1953Bi44 and 670 15 in 1962Ru05 . $I\beta^-$: $I\beta^-/I\beta^+=1.94$ (1953Bi44), 2.04 (1962Ru05).

[†] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.38 4.