

$^{238}\text{U}(^9\text{Be},\text{X}\gamma)$  2011Ni01

<u>Type</u>	<u>Author</u>	<u>History</u>	<u>Citation</u>	<u>Literature Cutoff Date</u>
Full Evaluation	S. Lalkovski, F. G. Kondev		NDS 124, 157 (2015)	1-Aug-2014

[2011Ni01](#):  $^{112}\text{Nb}$  nuclide produced in  $\text{Be}(^{238}\text{U},\text{F})$  reactions at  $E=345$  MeV/nucleon produced by the cascade operation of the RBIF complex of accelerators at RIKEN. Target= $550$  mg/cm<sup>2</sup>. Identification of  $^{112}\text{Nb}$  made on the basis of magnetic rigidity, time-of-flight and energy loss. The separated nuclei were implanted in a nine-layer double-sided silicon-strip detector (DSSSD). Correlations were recorded between the heavy ions and  $\beta$  rays. The half-life of  $^{112}\text{Nb}$  isotope was measured from the correlated ion- $\beta$  decay curves and maximum likelihood analysis technique. In the analysis of the decay curve,  $\beta$ -detection efficiency, background rate, daughter and granddaughter (including those populated in delayed neutron decays) half-lives, and  $\beta$ -delayed neutron emission probabilities were considered.

 $^{112}\text{Nb}$  Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>T<sub>1/2</sub></u>	<u>Comments</u>
0.0	33 ms +9-6	T <sub>1/2</sub> : using maximum-likelihood analysis of HI- $\beta(t)$ data in <a href="#">2011Ni01</a> .