

Adopted Levels

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	ENSDF	10-Jun-2015

$Q(\beta^-)=11320$ SY; $S(n)=2750$ SY; $S(p)=17220$ CA; $Q(\alpha)=-11090$ SY [2012Wa38,1997Mo25](#)

$S(p)$ from [1997Mo25](#); all other values from [2012Wa38](#).

Estimated uncertainties ([2012Wa38](#)): 760 for $Q(\beta^-)$, 920 for $S(n)$, 900 for $Q(\alpha)$.

$Q(\beta^-n)=6510$ 730, $S(2n)=7510$ 860 (syst,[2012Wa38](#)). $S(2p)=33120$ (theory,[1997Mo25](#)).

[2010Oh02](#): ^{111}Zr nuclide identified in $\text{Be}(^{238}\text{U},\text{F})$ and $\text{Pb}(^{238}\text{U},\text{F})$ reactions with a $^{238}\text{U}^{86+}$ beam energy of 345 MeV/nucleon produced by the cascade operation of the RBIF accelerator complex of the linear accelerator RILAC and four cyclotrons RRC, fRC, IRC and SRC. Identification of ^{111}Zr nuclei was made on the basis of magnetic rigidity, time-of-flight and energy loss of the fragments using BigRIPS fragment separator. Experiments performed at RIKEN facility. Based on A/Q spectrum and Z versus A/Q plot, 26 counts were assigned to ^{111}Zr isotope. (Q =charge state). Measured $\sigma=20$ pb ([2010Oh02](#)), systematic uncertainty $\approx 40\%$.

[2015Lo04](#): ^{111}Zr nuclide produced at RIBF-RIKEN facility in $^9\text{Be}(^{238}\text{U},\text{F})$ reaction at $E=345$ MeV/nucleon with an average intensity of 6×10^{10} ions/s. Identification of ^{111}Zr was made by determining atomic Z and mass-to-charge ratio A/Q, where Q =charge state of the ions. The selectivity of ions was based on magnetic rigidity, time-of-flight and energy loss. The separated nuclei were implanted at a rate of 50 ions/s in a stack of eight double-sided silicon-strip detector (WAS3ABi), surrounded by EURICA array of 84 HPGe detectors. Correlations were recorded between the implanted ions and β rays. The half-life of ^{111}Zr isotope was measured from the correlated ion- β decay curves and maximum likelihood analysis technique as described in [2014Xu07](#). Comparison of measured half-lives with FRDM+QRPA, KTUY+GT2 and DF3+CQRPA theoretical calculations.

[Additional information 1](#).

 ^{111}Zr Levels

E(level)	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0	24.0 ms 50	$\% \beta^- = 100$; $\% \beta^- n = ?$; $\% \beta^- 2n = ?$ Theoretical $\% \beta^- n = 14.7$, $\% \beta^- 2n = 1.0$ (2003Mo09). E(level): it is assumed that the measured half-life corresponds to the g.s. of ^{111}Zr . J^π : $1/2^-$ in theoretical considerations (1997Mo25). $T_{1/2}$: from 2015Lo04 from analysis of the (ion) β -correlated decay curve; and maximum likelihood method. Note that the 2015Lo04 list 24.0 ms 5 but judging from the value plotted in their Fig. 2, as well as from the uncertainties quoted for other isotopes, it seems to be 5 ms.