¹¹⁴Ba α decay (0.43 s) 2002Ma19,1997Ja12

History

Type Author Citation Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation G. Gürdal and F. G. Kondev NDS 113, 1315 (2012)

1-Aug-2011

Parent: 114 Ba: E=0; J^{π} =0+; $T_{1/2}$ =0.43 s +30-15; $Q(\alpha)$ =3534 42; % α decay=0.9 3

2002Ma19: Parent ¹¹⁴Ba was produced through the ⁵⁸Ni(⁵⁸Ni,2n) reaction at the GSI online mass separator. ⁵⁸Ni beam energy was varied between 222 MeV and 248 MeV. Highly enriched ⁵⁸Ni target thicknesses ranged from 2.0 mg/cm² to 3.8 mg/cm². α particles were detected using E-ΔE telescopes consisting of two silicon surface-barrier detectors. Measured: Eα, %α, T_{1/2}. Others: 2005Ja03, 2003Mb01, 2003Ro08, 2001Ro35, 1995Gu10, 1995Gu01, 1981Sc17.

¹¹⁰Xe Levels

E(level) J^{π} $T_{1/2}$ Comments 0 0^{+} 93 ms 3 $\%\alpha$ =64 35 (2002Ma19), deduced by assuming $\%\alpha$ (114 Ba)=0.9 3 and $\%\alpha$ (106 Te)=100. $E\alpha$ =3737 30 (1981Sc17) and 3730 30 (2002Ma19). $T_{1/2}$: From Adopted Levels.

α radiations

 $E\alpha$ E(level) $I\alpha^{\ddagger}$ HF^{\dagger} Comments

3410 40 0 100 1 $E\alpha$: From 2002Ma19, deduced using anti-coincidences between ΔE and E detectors.

 $^{^{114}}$ Ba-Q(α): From 2011AuZZ and 2003Au03 based on E α =3410 40 (2002Ma19).

¹¹⁴Ba-T_{1/2}: From the measured grow-in and decay patterns in 1997Ja12.

¹¹⁴Ba-%α decay: %α=0.9 3 in 2002Ma19, deduced by comparing the observed 39 α events with the 980 βp events, detected simultaneously in ΔE-E coincidence, and %βp=17 2 from 1997Gu22.

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ $r_0(^{110}\text{Xe}){=}1.756~84$ was deduced when HF(3410 $\alpha){=}1.$

[‡] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.009 3.