

$^{108}\text{Cd}({}^3\text{He},\text{d}) \quad 1983\text{Ta06}$

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	S. Kumar(a), J. Chen(b) and F. G. Kondev		NDS 137, 1 (2016)	31-May-2016

Target ^{108}Cd $J^\pi=0^+$.

1983Ta06: $E({}^3\text{He})=19.5$ and 21 MeV, Tandem Accelerator, University of Sao Paulo. Target: $40-50 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ thick with carbon backing, 82.4 % enriched. Detectors: Engel split-pole magnetic spectrometer ($\text{FWHM}=16$ keV), Nuclear emulsion plates with Al absorbers, Measured: $\sigma({}^3\text{He},\text{d})$ (12 angles ranging from 6° to 56° at 19.5 MeV, and 4 angles ranging from 10° to 40° at 21 MeV), angular distributions, DWBA analysis. Deduced: L, J, π , spectroscopic factor. Absolute cross-sections were obtained by normalising the results with elastic ${}^3\text{He}$ cross-section measured at 38.6° 4, which lead to 12% systematic uncertainty.

 ^{109}In Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [†]	L [‡]	C^2S [‡]	Comments
0.0	$9/2^+$	4	0.17	C^2S : 0.17 at $E({}^3\text{He})=21$ MeV.
647 4	$1/2^-$	1	0.071	C^2S : 0.067 at $E({}^3\text{He})=21$ MeV.
981 4	$3/2^-$	1	0.040	C^2S : 0.043 at $E({}^3\text{He})=21$ MeV.
1098 4	$5/2^+$	2	0.50	C^2S : 0.48 at $E({}^3\text{He})=21$ MeV.
1171 4	$1/2^+$	0	0.34	C^2S : 0.33 at $E({}^3\text{He})=21$ MeV.
1321 7				
1484 5	$3/2^+, 5/2^+$	2	0.27, 0.14	C^2S : 0.26, 0.14 at $E({}^3\text{He})=21$ MeV.
1723 5	$7/2^+, 9/2^+$	4	0.47, 0.21	C^2S : 0.37, 0.16 at $E({}^3\text{He})=21$ MeV.
1957 7	$(3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	(2)	0.049, 0.026	C^2S : 0.040, 0.021 at $E({}^3\text{He})=21$ MeV.
2030 6	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	(0,2)		C^2S : 0.066, 0.098, 0.051 at $E({}^3\text{He})=19.5$ MeV, 0.056, 0.088, 0.046 at 21 MeV.
2076 5	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	(0,2)		C^2S : 0.063, 0.088, 0.046 at $E({}^3\text{He})=19.5$ MeV, 0.043, 0.061, 0.032 at 21 MeV.
2140 5	$(3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	(2)	0.070, 0.036	C^2S : 0.046, 0.024 at $E({}^3\text{He})=21$ MeV.
2210 5	$(1/2^-, 3/2, 5/2^+)$	(1,2)		C^2S : 0.048, 0.021, 0.028, 0.015 at $E({}^3\text{He})=19.5$ MeV, 0.042, 0.018, 0.026, 0.014 at 21 MeV.
2266 5	$(3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	(2)	0.059, 0.031	C^2S : 0.057, 0.030 at 21 MeV.
2307 5	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2)$	(0,2,3)		C^2S : 0.022, 0.031, 0.016, 0.10 at $E({}^3\text{He})=19.5$ MeV, 0.023, 0.030, 0.015, 0.12 at 21 MeV.
2332 5	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	(0,2)		C^2S : 0.020, 0.030, 0.016 at $E({}^3\text{He})=19.5$ MeV, 0.017, 0.028, 0.014 at 21 MeV.
2360 6				
2474 7				
2564 6	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	(0,2)		C^2S : 0.053, 0.078, 0.041 at $E({}^3\text{He})=19.5$ MeV, 0.050, 0.079, 0.041 at 21 MeV.
2585 6	$(7/2^+, 9/2^+)$	(4)	0.54, 0.24	C^2S : 0.41, 0.18 at $E({}^3\text{He})=21$ MeV.
2674 6	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	(0,2)		C^2S : 0.060, 0.090, 0.048 at $E({}^3\text{He})=19.5$ MeV, 0.046, 0.064, 0.033 at 21 MeV.
2709 6				
2812 7	$(1/2^+)$	(0)	0.046	C^2S : 0.045 at 21 MeV.
2839 6				
2888 7	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2)$	(0,2,3)		C^2S : 0.047, 0.067, 0.035, 0.21 at $E({}^3\text{He})=19.5$ MeV, 0.052, 0.076, 0.038, 0.25 at 21 MeV.
2993 6	$(3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	(2)	0.12, 0.066	C^2S : 0.14, 0.071 at $E({}^3\text{He})=21$ MeV.

[†] From 1983Ta06.

[‡] From 1983Ta06, by comparing the experimental differential cross-sections with results from DWBA calculations. The latter used finite range and non-locality corrections (DWUCK II code), proton parameters radius=1.25 fm, diffuseness=0.65 fm, and spin-orbit-coupling strength=25 for 19.5 MeV. Spectroscopic factors are normalized by $\Sigma(2J+1)C^2S=2$ and the first three levels (1983Ta06). Values quoted are for $E({}^3\text{He})=19.5$ MeV and values for $E({}^3\text{He})=21$ MeV are given in comments.