

<sup>103</sup>Pd ε decay (16.991 d)

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	D. De Frenne	NDS 110, 2081 (2009)	1-Mar-2009

Parent: <sup>103</sup>Pd: E=0.0; J<sup>π</sup>=5/2<sup>+</sup>; T<sub>1/2</sub>=16.991 d 19; Q(ε)=543.1 8; %ε decay=100.0

**1969Gr13**: <sup>103</sup>Pd activity from <sup>102</sup>Pd(n,γ), <sup>103</sup>Rh(p,n), <sup>103</sup>Rh(d,2n). Measured: T<sub>1/2</sub>, Eγ, Iγ, Ice, I-Auger. Deduced: <sup>103</sup>Rh levels, log ft, J<sup>π</sup>, α. Natural and enriched targets.

**1969Zo02**: <sup>103</sup>Pd activity from <sup>102</sup>Rh(d,2n). Enriched target. Measured: Eγ, 7Iγ, γγ(θ), Ice, α. Deduced: <sup>103</sup>Rh levels, J<sup>π</sup>.

**1976Ma37**: <sup>103</sup>Pd activity from <sup>102</sup>Pd(n,γ). Enriched target. Measured: Eγ, Iγ, Xγ-coin. Deduced: <sup>103</sup>Rh levels, log ft, J<sup>π</sup>, α, δ, B(E2), B(M1).

Others: **1954Ri09**, **1955Sa16**, **1955Av11**, **1970NiZV**, **1974HeYW**.

<sup>103</sup>Rh Levels

E(level) <sup>‡</sup>	J <sup>π</sup> <sup>†</sup>	T <sub>1/2</sub>
0.0	1/2 <sup>-</sup>	stable
39.748 8	7/2 <sup>+</sup>	
93.038 13	9/2 <sup>+</sup>	
295.00 5	3/2 <sup>-</sup>	
357.43 4	5/2 <sup>-</sup>	
536.832 15	5/2 <sup>+</sup>	

<sup>†</sup> From Adopted Levels.

<sup>‡</sup> Calculated from the given gammas using a least-squares procedure.

ε radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	Iε <sup>†</sup>	Log ft	Comments
(6.3 8)	536.832	0.0040 2	5.1 2	εL=0.52 9; εM+=0.48 9 <a href="#">Additional information 1.</a>
(185.7 8)	357.43	0.0248 8	8.5 2	εK=0.8393 2; εL=0.1291 2; εM+=0.03159 4
(248.1 8)	295.00	0.00044 11	10.5 1	εK=0.8476; εL=0.12266 6; εM+=0.02977 2
(503.4 8)	39.748	99.9 1	5.8 2	εK=0.8589; εL=0.11382 2; εM+=0.027312 4
(543.1 <sup>‡</sup> 8)	0.0	≤0.1	≥8.9 <sup>1u</sup>	εK=0.8443; εL=0.12520 4; εM+=0.03055 1

<sup>†</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

<sup>‡</sup> Existence of this branch is questionable.

γ(<sup>103</sup>Rh)

Iγ normalization: From ΣI(γ+ce) to g.s.=100 assuming negligible (<0.1%) ε transition to g.s. (5/2<sup>+</sup> to 1/2<sup>-</sup> transition).

α(K)exp=ce(K)(**1969Gr13**)/Iγ(**1976Ma37**) normalized to α(K)exp(295γ)=0.0186 from <sup>103</sup>Ru β<sup>-</sup> decay.

Eγ <sup>†</sup>	Iγ <sup>‡@</sup>	E <sub>i</sub> (level)	J <sub>i</sub> <sup>π</sup>	E <sub>f</sub>	J <sub>f</sub> <sup>π</sup>	Mult. #	α&	Comments
39.748 8	100	39.748	7/2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	1/2 <sup>-</sup>	E3	1404 20	α(K)= 139.4; α(L)= 1043; α(M)= 210.5 Eγ: from <b>1969Gr13</b> . Mult.: from L1:L2:L3 ratios and K/L=0.143 12 ( <b>1969Gr13</b> ). Other: K/L=0.135 22 ( <b>1976Ma37</b> ).
53.29 1	0.04 4	93.038	9/2 <sup>+</sup>	39.748	7/2 <sup>+</sup>			

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{103}\text{Pd}$   $\varepsilon$  decay (16.991 d) (continued) $\gamma(^{103}\text{Rh})$  (continued)

$E_\gamma$ †	$I_\gamma$ †‡@	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. #	$\alpha$ &	Comments
62.41 3	1.52 5	357.43	5/2 <sup>-</sup>	295.00	3/2 <sup>-</sup>	M1	1.314 19	$\alpha(\text{L})_{\text{exp}}=0.15$ 3 $\alpha(\text{K})= 1.151$ ; $\alpha(\text{L})= 0.1414$ ; $\alpha(\text{M})= 0.0263$ ; $\alpha(\text{N}+.)=0.00513$ $E_\gamma$ : others: 62.30 12 (1969Gr13), 62.5 1 (1974HeYW). Mult.: from $\alpha(\text{L})_{\text{exp}}$ and L1/(L2+L3).
241.88 5	0.0007 7	536.832	5/2 <sup>+</sup>	295.00	3/2 <sup>-</sup>			
294.98 15	4.1 1	295.00	3/2 <sup>-</sup>	0.0	1/2 <sup>-</sup>			
317.72 5	0.022 1	357.43	5/2 <sup>-</sup>	39.748	7/2 <sup>+</sup>			
357.45 8	32.3 10	357.43	5/2 <sup>-</sup>	0.0	1/2 <sup>-</sup>	E2	0.01588 23	$\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.010$ 2 $\alpha(\text{K})=0.01369$ ; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00180$ ; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.00034$ $E_\gamma$ : others: 356.98 9 (1969Gr13), 357.5 1 (1974HeYW). Mult.: From 1976Ma37.
443.79 5	0.022 1	536.832	5/2 <sup>+</sup>	93.038	9/2 <sup>+</sup>			
497.080 13	5.8 2	536.832	5/2 <sup>+</sup>	39.748	7/2 <sup>+</sup>			

† From 1976Ma37, unless noted otherwise.

‡ Additional information 2.

# From 1976Ma37 if not noted otherwise.

@ For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by  $6.83 \times 10^{-4}$  7.

& Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

$^{103}\text{Pd}$   $\epsilon$  decay (16.991 d)

## Decay Scheme

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$

Intensities:  $I_{(\gamma+\text{ce})}$  per 100 parent decays