

$^{101}\text{Rh}$   $\varepsilon$  decay (4.34 d)    1974HeYW,1985Va15

Type	Author	Citation	History Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jean Blachot	ENSDF	1-Jul-2006

Parent:  $^{101}\text{Rh}$ : E=157.41 4;  $J^\pi=9/2^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=4.34$  d  $I$ ;  $Q(\varepsilon)=542$  17;  $\%\varepsilon$  decay=93.6 20

$^{101}\text{Rh}$ - $\%\varepsilon$  decay: from  $I\gamma(157\gamma, ^{101}\text{Rh})/I\gamma(307\gamma)= 0.0029$  2 (1971Si16).

Others: 1971Si16, 1966Ar05.

4.5, 332, 337, 489, 496, 616, 624, 643  $7\gamma$ 's given by 1971Si16, not seen by 1985Va15 are uncertain.

 $^{101}\text{Ru}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi$	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	$5/2^+$	stable	
127.227 8	$3/2^+$		
306.858 5	$7/2^+$		$J^\pi$ : $J=7/2$ from $307\gamma$ anisotropy with oriented $^{101}\text{Rh}$ source (1973Ka28).
311.382 22	$3/2^+, 5/2^+$	$\leq 0.15$ ns	$T_{1/2}$ : from 1973Be72 ( $234\gamma$ )( $311\gamma$ )(t).
545.118 7	$7/2^+$		$J^\pi$ : $J=7/2$ from $545\gamma$ anisotropy with oriented $^{101}\text{Rh}$ source (1973Ka28).

 $\varepsilon$  radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\varepsilon^\dagger$	Log $f\tau$	Comments
(154 17)	545.118	5.1 5	5.37 13	$\varepsilon K=0.835$ 6; $\varepsilon L=0.133$ 5; $\varepsilon M+=0.0322$ 12
(393 17)	306.858	89 8	5.02 6	$\varepsilon K=0.8577$ ; $\varepsilon L=0.1149$ 5; $\varepsilon M+=0.02735$ 13

<sup>†</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.936 20.

<sup>101</sup>Rh  $\varepsilon$  decay (4.34 d)    1974HeYW,1985Va15 (continued) $\gamma(^{101}\text{Ru})$ I $\gamma$  normalization: for  $\Sigma(I\gamma + ce) = 93.6$  if  $\%(\varepsilon) \approx 0$  to g.s. ( $\Delta J=2$ ).1971Si16 I( $ce$ ) measurements are normalized to  $I(ce(K) 307\gamma) = 1.3$ . $\alpha(K)\exp = ce(K)(1971Si16)/I\gamma$  normalized to  $\alpha(K)(307\gamma) = 0.01364$  (M1+1% E2 theory).623 $\gamma$  not seen by 1985Va15 is uncertain. $\gamma\gamma$  coin: 1971Si16, 1966Ar05.

E $\gamma$ <sup>†</sup>	I $\gamma$ <sup>†#</sup>	E $_i$ (level)	J $^\pi_i$	E $_f$	J $^\pi_f$	Mult. <sup>‡</sup>	$\delta$	$\alpha$ <sup>@</sup>	Comments
127.226 9	0.79 2	127.227	3/2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	5/2 <sup>+</sup>	M1+E2	+0.17 3	0.170 6	$\alpha(K)=0.1450$ 22; $\alpha(L)=0.0180$ 3; $\alpha(M)=0.00332$ 6; $\alpha(N..)=0.000560$ 10 $\alpha(N)=0.000534$ 9; $\alpha(O)=2.65 \times 10^{-5}$ 4 Mult.: from $\alpha(K)\exp = 0.16$ 4. $\delta$ : from 1966Wo06 via 3.3-y <sup>101</sup> Rh decay. K/L= 6.6 12 (1971Si16).
179.636 15	0.660 15	306.858	7/2 <sup>+</sup>	127.227	3/2 <sup>+</sup>	E2	0.16		$\alpha(K)=0.1343$ ; $\alpha(L)=0.02086$ ; $\alpha(M)=0.00385$ ; $\alpha(N..)=0.00069$ K/L= 5.2 15 (1971Si16).
184.11 5	0.193 3	311.382	3/2 <sup>+</sup> ,5/2 <sup>+</sup>	127.227	3/2 <sup>+</sup>	M1	0.06		$\alpha(K)=0.0509$ 8; $\alpha(L)=0.00606$ 9; $\alpha(M)=0.001114$ 16; $\alpha(N..)=0.000190$ 3 $\alpha(N)=0.000180$ 3; $\alpha(O)=9.41 \times 10^{-6}$ 14 $\alpha(K)=0.01361$ 22; $\alpha(L)=0.00160$ 3; $\alpha(M)=0.000293$ 5; $\alpha(N..)=5.00 \times 10^{-5}$ 9 $\alpha(N)=4.75 \times 10^{-5}$ 8; $\alpha(O)=2.50 \times 10^{-6}$ 4 B(M1)(W.u.)>0.020 Mult.: from $\alpha(K)\exp = 0.045$ 10.
233.74 4	0.2198 15	545.118	7/2 <sup>+</sup>	311.382	3/2 <sup>+</sup> ,5/2 <sup>+</sup>	M1(+E2)	0.03		$\alpha(K)=0.0273$ ; $\alpha(L)=0.00322$ ; $\alpha(M)=0.00059$ ; $\alpha(N..)=0.00011$
238.27 4	0.2505 17	545.118	7/2 <sup>+</sup>	306.858	7/2 <sup>+</sup>	M1(+E2)	0.03		Mult.: from $\alpha(K)\exp = 0.029$ 5. $\alpha(K)=0.038$ 13; $\alpha(L)=0.0051$ 21; $\alpha(M)=0.0009$ 4; $\alpha(N..)=0.00015$ 6
306.857 5	100 5	306.858	7/2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	5/2 <sup>+</sup>	M1+E2	-0.10 5	0.0156 1	$\alpha(N)=0.00015$ 6; $\alpha(O)=6.5 \times 10^{-6}$ 18 Mult.: from $\alpha(K)\exp = 0.027$ 4. $\alpha(K)=0.01361$ 22; $\alpha(L)=0.00160$ 3; $\alpha(M)=0.000293$ 5; $\alpha(N..)=5.00 \times 10^{-5}$ 9 $\alpha(N)=4.75 \times 10^{-5}$ 8; $\alpha(O)=2.50 \times 10^{-6}$ 4 $\delta$ : from 1973Ka28 $\gamma(\theta,T)$ . K/L= 8.45 25 (1971Si16).
311.40 3	0.0175 9	311.382	3/2 <sup>+</sup> ,5/2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	5/2 <sup>+</sup>	(M1)	0.015		$\alpha(K)=0.01311$ ; $\alpha(L)=0.00153$ ; $\alpha(M)=0.00028$ B(M1)(W.u.)>0.00038 Mult.: from $\alpha(K)\exp = 0.010$ 4.
417.86 5	$\approx 0.005$	545.118	7/2 <sup>+</sup>	127.227	3/2 <sup>+</sup>				$\alpha(K)=0.00347$ 6; $\alpha(L)=0.000412$ 7; $\alpha(M)=7.55 \times 10^{-5}$
545.117 7	5.3 3	545.118	7/2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	5/2 <sup>+</sup>	M1+E2	-0.98 10		

<sup>101</sup><sub>44</sub>Rh  $\varepsilon$  decay (4.34 d)    1974HeYW,1985Va15 (continued)

$\gamma(^{101}\text{Ru})$  (continued)

$E_\gamma^{\dagger}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	Comments
		$I_3; \alpha(N+..)=1.278 \times 10^{-5} \ 20$
		$\alpha(N)=1.216 \times 10^{-5} \ 20; \alpha(O)=6.19 \times 10^{-7} \ 9$
		$E_\gamma$ : Others: 545.01 15 (1974HeYW), 544.85 8 (1971Si16).
		$\delta$ : from 1973Ka28 $\gamma(\theta, T)$ .
		K/L= 7.5 10 (1971Si16).

<sup>†</sup>  $E_\gamma, I_\gamma$  are from 1985Va15, unless otherwise noted.

<sup>‡</sup> Deduced from  $\alpha(K)\exp$  and/or K/L ratio data.

<sup>#</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.806 18.

<sup>@</sup> Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

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## Decay Scheme

## Legend

Intensities:  $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$  per 100 parent decays