

$^{99}\text{Tc}(^3\text{He,d})$  1980Pe12

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen		NDS 172, 1 (2021)	31-Jan-2021

$J^\pi(^{99}\text{Tc g.s.})=9/2^+$ .

1980Pe12: E=33.4 MeV  $^3\text{He}$  beam was produced from the University of Colorado AVF cyclotron. Target was pure radioactive metal of  $^{99}\text{Tc}$  evaporated onto a thin carbon foil. Reaction products were momentum-analyzed with a beam swinger spectrometer (FWHM=35 keV) and detected with a position sensitive helical-cathode proportional counter and a stopping scintillator behind it. Measured  $\sigma(\theta)$ . Deduced levels, L-transfers, spectroscopic factors from DWBA analysis. Absolute cross sections accurate to  $\approx 20\%$ . All data are from 1980Pe12.

 $^{100}\text{Ru}$  Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	L&	(2J <sub>f</sub> +1)C <sup>2</sup> S <sup>&amp;b</sup>	E(level) <sup>†</sup>	L&	(2J <sub>f</sub> +1)C <sup>2</sup> S <sup>&amp;b</sup>	E(level) <sup>†</sup>	L&	(2J <sub>f</sub> +1)C <sup>2</sup> S <sup>&amp;b</sup>
0	4	0.77	1362 10	2	0.016	2750 20	4,(2)	3.0,(1.8)
540 10	2	0.13	1741 20	(4) <sup>a</sup>	0.086	3060 @ 20	4	3.13
1130 10	(4) <sup>a</sup>	0.088	1870 ‡ 20	(4)	0.20	3240 20	4	3.74
1227 10	0	0.009	2077 # 20	4	0.38			

<sup>†</sup> Spectra calibrated with respect to well known contaminants in the  $^{99}\text{Tc}$  target and peaks from  $^{63}\text{Cu}$ ,  $^{65}\text{Cu}$  contributed by  $^{62}\text{Ni}$  and  $^{64}\text{Ni}$  present as impurities. Uncertainties are 10 keV for low excitations and 20 keV for high energy excitations.

<sup>‡</sup> Doublet.

# Corresponds to 6<sup>+</sup> state in the Adopted Levels.

@ Corresponds to 8<sup>+</sup> state in the Adopted Levels.

& From comparison of experimental and DWBA calculations of  $\sigma(\theta)$  distributions (1980Pe12).

<sup>a</sup> Assignment by 1980Pe12 considered tentative (by evaluators).

<sup>b</sup> (2J<sub>f</sub>+1)C<sup>2</sup>S values where J<sub>f</sub>=final spin. (2J<sub>f</sub>+1)C<sup>2</sup>S=(dσ/dΩ)exp(2J+1)×2J<sub>i</sub>+1)/((dσ/dΩ)DWBA)× 4.42). J<sub>i</sub>=spin of the target, J=spin of the transferred nucleon. Assumed J=5/2 for L(p)=2 and 9/2 for L(p)=4.